## 2023-2024 Policies and Procedures: Nassau (Approved)

## **Section E: Participation in State and District Assessments**

If yes, include the name of each districtwide assessment and whether the assessment is administered to students on alternate academic achievement standards. If the districtwide assessment is not administered to students on alternate academic achievement standards, identify the corresponding alternate assessment. (If your school district uses a portfolio as a corresponding district alternate assessment, the data collected should be based on grade-level alternate academic achievement standards. For portfolios, indicate what information is being collected, how the information is being recorded, what type of scoring rubric is being used, and how the school district ensures that all teachers are collecting the same information and scoring the data the same way.)  The district administers the following assessments: The district administers the following assessments STAR ELA and Math for K-2 and FAST ELA and Math for grades 3-10. For those K-2 students, on alternate achievement standards, who are not administered the STAR, the Unique Learning System pre and post-assessments are used. The Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST) assessment is administered to students in grades 3-10 and does not include students on alternate achievement standards. The Florida Alternate Assessment is administered to students in grades 3-10 who are on alternate achievement standards.  History  Parental Consent Documentation  In accordance with s. 1003.5715, F.S., and Rule 6A-6.0331(10), F.A.C., the school district may not proceed with a student's instruction in access points and the administration of an alternate assessment without written and informed parental consent or the school district obtains approval through a due process hearing. The school district shall obtain written parental consent for the actions described above on the Parental Consent Form – Instruction in Access Points – Alternate Academic Achievement Standards (AP-AAAS) and Administration of the Statewide, Standardized Alternate Assessment, Form 313181 https://www.f	school district administers districtwide assessments of academic student achievement. 'es No
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• Yes O No	
History	mentation of reasonable efforts to obtain that approval and consent, or a final order from DOAH.

#### Percentage of Students on Alternate Assessment

The Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act (which can be found at <a href="https://www.ed.gov/essa">https://www.ed.gov/essa</a>), limits the percentage of students that a state may assess with an AA-AAAS to no more than 1 percent of all assessed students in the grades assessed in a state for each subject.

While there is a limit on the percentage of students statewide who may participate in the AA-AAAS, there is no such limit among school districts; however, 34 C.F.R. § 200.6(c)(3)(ii) and (iv) require that a school district submit information justifying the need to assess more than one percent of its students in any subject with an AA-AAAS. The state must make that information publicly available, provided that such information does not reveal personally identifiable information about an individual student.

It is understood that school districts have unique circumstances that may contribute to a higher number of students who are in access courses and participating in the FAA program. The purpose of this justification is to ensure that school districts are cognizant of their current processes and procedures to ensure that an IEP team decision to place a student in access courses is in alignment with state requirements and is the most appropriate academic decision for the student.

What is your school district's 2022-23 participation percentage in the FAA in the following areas?
Reading
1.0
History
Mathematics
1.0
History
Science
0.9
History
Is the school district over one percent in any area?  O Yes  No
History

The criteria for the following statement is outlined in s. 1008.22(3)(d), F.S., and Rule 6A-1.0943, F.A.C., and on the Checklist for Course and Assessment Participation, which can be found at <a href="https://faa.fsassessments.org/-/media/project/client-portals/florida-alt/2023-2024-faa/manuals-and-guides/checklist-for-course-and-assessment-participation.pdf">https://faa.fsassessments.org/-/media/project/client-portals/florida-alt/2023-2024-faa/manuals-and-guides/checklist-for-course-and-assessment-participation.pdf</a> for use in determining student eligibility for participation in the FAA program.

N/A	
History	
district that may con	n, with supporting evidence, that identifies specific programs or circumstances within the schoo tribute to higher enrollment of students in access courses that exceeds one percent (e.g., center ounding school districts).
Nassau County has	not exceeded 1% in ELA, Math, or Science.
History	
What is your school d	strict's risk ratio for disproportionality in each content area for each subgroup?
ELA American India	or Alaskan Native
0	
18.4	
History	
ELA Black, non-Hisp	anic
1.9	
History	
ELA Hispanic	
0.4	
History	
ELA Asian or Pacific	Islander
0.0	

History	
Theory	
ELA White, non-Hispanic	
1.3	
History	
ELA Economically Disadvantaged	
1.8	
History	
ELA English Language Learner	
0.5	
History	
Tilotory	
Math American Indian or Alaskan Native	
0	
History	
Math Black, non-Hispanic	
2.4	
Lliston	
History	
Math Hispanic	
0.4	

History	
Math Asian or Pacific Islander	
0	
History	
Math White, non-Hispanic	
1.1	
History	
Math Economically Disadvantaged	
1.6	
History	
Math English Language Learner	
0.5	
History	
Science American Indian or Alaskan Native	
0	
History	
Soionea Black, non Lienania	
Science Black, non-Hispanic 3.0	

History	
Science Hispanic	
0	
History	
HISTOLY	
Science Asian or Pacific Islander	
0	
History	
Science White, non-Hispanic	
1.0	
History	
- Indexty	
Science Economically Disadvantaged	
2.1	
History	
Science English Language Learner	
2.1	
History	
Social Studies American Indian or Alaskan Native	
N/A	

History	
Social Studies Black, non-Hispanic	
N/A	
History	
Outlet Obulte a Utananta	
Social Studies Hispanic N/A	
IN/A	
History	
History	
Social Studies Asian or Pacific Islander	
N/A	
History	
Social Studies White, non-Hispanic	
N/A	
History	
Social Studies Economically Disadvantaged	
N/A	
History	
Social Studios English Language Lagrage	
Social Studies English Language Learner  N/A	
13// 1	

History

If an identified risk ratio is 3 or above in any area, describe the school district's plan to address this disproportionality. This could include examining practices, such as the training and technical assistance provided to personnel on culturally responsive practices; working within a multi-tiered system of supports (MTSS) to promote best practices in screening; progress monitoring; and initial eligibility determination. School districts may also refer to their efforts to decrease disproportionality in evaluation, identification and discipline if similar efforts are made in that area.

The only area that Nassau County scored a 3 or above was Science- Black/African American population. We will continue to utilize our MTSS processes which includes data chats, to target subgroups for additional intervention particularly in the area of science. Teams have regular data chats to discuss the effectiveness of interventions and adjust as needed. School administrators are responsible for any professional learning needed for the staff. They will work with the Professional Learning Department to schedule any opportunities that are necessary. This may include training and technical assistance provided to personnel on culturally responsive practices.

History

Rule 6A-1.0943, F.A.C., Statewide Assessment for Students with Disabilities

District-Specific Procedures

These are the criteria required for participation in the statewide, standardized alternate assessment as per Rule 6A-1.0943(5), F.A.C.:

**Section A**: The decision that a student with a significant cognitive disability will participate in the statewide, standardized alternate assessment as defined in Rule 6A-1.0943(5)(a), F.A.C., must be made by the IEP team and recorded on the IEP.

If the definition of "most significant cognitive disability" is not met according to the criteria set in Rule 6A-1.0943(1)(f)1., F.A.C., then complete Section E of this document, which satisfies Rule 6A-1.0943(1)(f)2., F.A.C.

**Section B**: The provisions regarding parental consent for participation in the statewide, standardized alternate assessment found in Rule 6A-6.0331(10), F.A.C., must be followed.

**Section C**: In order for a student to participate in the statewide, standardized alternate assessment, all of the following criteria must be met:

1. The student must receive exceptional student education (ESE) services as identified through a current IEP and be enrolled in the appropriate and aligned courses using alternate achievement standards for two consecutive full-time equivalent reporting periods prior to the assessment;

Evidence of criteria will be provided through the student's current IEP and student schedule.

2. The student must be receiving specially designed instruction, which provides unique instruction and intervention support that is determined, designed and delivered through a team approach, ensuring access to core instruction through the adaptation of content, methodology or delivery of instruction and exhibits very limited to no progress in the general education curriculum standards;

Evidence of criteria will be provided through MTSS or response-to-intervention (RtI) documentation.

3. The student must be receiving support through systematic, explicit and interactive small-group instruction focused on foundational skills in addition to instruction in the general education curriculum standards;

Evidence of criteria will be provided through MTSS or Rtl documentation.

4. Even after documented evidence of exhausting all appropriate and allowable instructional accommodations, the student requires modifications to the general education curriculum standards;

	Evidence of criteria will be provided with (the required IEP and school district document services provided—accommodation logs, accommodation logs compared to classroom performance).	ation of
5.	<ol><li>Even after documented evidence of accessing a variety of supplementary instructional materials, the student requi modifications to the general education curriculum standards;</li></ol>	res
	Evidence of criteria will be provided with (the required IEP and school district documentati the provision of supplementary instructional materials—may be a summary from teacher, speech-language patholo (SLP) or other service providers).	on of ogist
6.	<ol><li>Even with documented evidence of the provision and use of assistive technology, the student requires modification general education curriculum standards;</li></ol>	s to the
	Evidence of criteria will be provided with (the required IEP and school district documentation the provision assistive technology services provided).	on of
7.	<ol> <li>Even with direct instruction in all core academic areas (i.e., ELA, mathematics, social studies and science), the stu exhibiting limited or no progress on the general education curriculum standards, and requires modifications;</li> </ol>	dent is
	Evidence of criteria will be provided with (the required IEP and school district documentation the provision of supplementary instructional materials—may be a summary from teacher, SLP or other service provided with	
8.	8. Unless the student is a transfer student, the student must have been available and present for grade-level general education curriculum standards instruction for at least 70 percent of the school year prior to the assessment;	
	Evidence of criteria will be provided through the student's attendance report.	
9.	<ol><li>Unless the student is a transfer student, the student must have been instructed by a certified teacher for at least 80 percent of the school year prior to the assessment; and</li></ol>	)
	Evidence of criteria will be provided through the teacher's certificate and teacher's attendance record.	
10.	0. The assessment instrument used to measure the student's global level of cognitive functioning was selected to lim adverse impact of already-identified limitations and impairments (e.g., language acquisition, mode of communication culture, hearing, vision, orthopedic functioning, hypersensitivities and distractibility).	
	Evidence of criteria will be provided through available evaluations, medical reports or screeners provided in the pa	st.
11.	The student has a most significant cognitive disability.	
Section apply:	<b>tion D</b> : A student is not eligible to participate in the statewide, standardized alternate assessment if any of the following:	ng
1.	1. The student is identified as a student with a specific learning disability or as gifted;	
	Evidence of criteria will be provided through IEP and applicable evaluation results.	
2.	<ol><li>The student is identified only as a student eligible for services as a student who is deaf or hard of hearing or has a impairment, a dual sensory impairment, an emotional or behavioral disability, a language impairment, a speech impairment, or an orthopedic impairment; or</li></ol>	visual
	Evidence of criteria will be provided through IEP and applicable data.	
3.	3. The student scored a level 2 or above on a previous statewide, general education curriculum standardized assess administered pursuant to Section 1008.22(3)(e), F.S., unless there is medical documentation that the student expe a traumatic brain injury or other health-related complications subsequent to the administration of that assessment to the student having the most significantly below-average global cognitive impairment.	rienced
	Evidence of criteria will be provided through statewide standard assessment results, if applicable	

**Section E**: In the extraordinary circumstance when a global, full-scale intelligent quotient score is unattainable, a school district will comply as follows:

More specifically, in the event when a student cannot be directly assessed, the student who has a suspected most significant cognitive disability for whom assessment via the FAA may be appropriate as defined in Rule 6A-1.0943(1)(f)1., F.A.C., will be identified through the following detailed procedure:

## List the factors the school district will use to determine that a direct assessment of cognitive functioning is not achievable.

A direct assessment of cognitive ability may not be achievable when a functional mode of expressive and/or receptive communication is not established which impacts a student's ability to respond, understand and follow assessment directions, or if there are observed behavioral challenges during the assessment due to a student's heightened or depressed activity level which impacts their ability to direct and engage their attention to assessment tasks.

The school psychologist will refer to all of the following factors to determine if a direct assessment of cognitive functioning is unachievable:

- 1. Teacher interview on current classroom performance
- 2. Student observations
- 3. Review of records
- 4. Administer practice items on at least two assessments that are deemed most appropriate that limit the adverse impacts of already identified limitations and impairments; if the student fails the practice items, on both assessments, alternative procedures will be followed

History

Describe the assessment process the school district will use to determine if a student has a most significant cognitive disability in the absence of reliable direct assessment of cognitive functioning.

Developmental assessments should be administered such as the Developmental Profile-4 (DP-4) or Battelle Developmental Inventory – Third Edition (BDI-3). Adaptive behavior assessments such as the Vineland Adaptive Behavior Scales – Third Edition (VABS-3) or Adaptive Behavior Assessment System – Third Edition (ABAS-3) should be administered.

Upon reviewing the developmental and adaptive behavior assessments, scores should indicate a significant deficit as evidenced by: Composite score of 55 or lower OR Cognitive AND Adaptive domain scores of 55 or lower.

# Describe how the school district will train and monitor staff with compliance of the determination and assessment process.

The district will train and monitor staff compliance by instructing evaluators to choose age-appropriate assessment tools aligned with the level of functioning of the child. taking into consideration any identifying limitations and impairments. In addition, each evaluator will be instructed to refer to the testing manuals to determine if the assessment should be discontinued and an alternate assessment procedure utilized.

Staffing specialists have been trained on appropriately utilizing the District Checklist for Access Points Consideration document to assure that the above components were reviewed and considered prior to determining eligibility for students in these extraordinary circumstances in which an IQ score is unattainable. These files will be monitored by the ESE district office.

Professional development will be provided on the processes listed above an as needed basis to district and school-based staff that address district specific polices and procedures..