Duval County 2020-2021 District K-12 Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan Template

Contact Information

The district contact(s) should be the person(s) ultimately responsible for the plan and its implementation and will be Florida Department of Education's (FDOE) contact for the K-12 Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan. Please designate the contact(s) for your district.

	Name	Title	Email	Phone
Main District Reading Contact	Brandie Berry	Director of ELA/Reading	berryb@duvalschools.org	904-348-7857
Responsibility	Name	Title	Email	Phone
Elementary ELA	Brandie Berry	Director of ELA/Reading	berryb@duvalschools.org	904-348-7857
Secondary ELA	Brandie Berry	Director of ELA/Reading	berryb@duvalschools.org	904-348-7857
Reading Endorsement	Altina Fenelon Silva	Supervisor of Professional Development	Fenelona2@duvalschools.org	904-348-7747
Reading Curriculum	Brandie Berry	Director of ELA/Reading	berryb@duvalschools.org	904-348-7857
Professional Development	Paula Renfro	Chief Academic Officer	renfrop@duvalschools.org	904-348-5144
Assessment	Virginia Hays	Director of Assessment Services	haysv@duvalschools.org	904-348-7850
Data Element	Katy Stouffer	Director of Data and Assessment	ramseyk@duvalschools.org	904-390-2976
Summer Reading Camp	Marianne Simon/ Brandie Berry	Region Superintendent/ Director of ELA/Reading	simonm@duvalschools.org berryb@duvalschools.org	904-390- 2154/ 904- 348-7857
3 rd Grade Promotion	Brandie Berry	Director of ELA/Reading	berryb@duvalschools.org	904-348-7857

Plan Information

How is the district communicating the contents of its Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan to all stakeholders?

The K-12 Reading Plan is shared with region superintendents and principals via Academic Services newsletter. It is shared with teachers via the district-wide Weekly Briefing. It will also be posted in our internal curriculum guides and public-facing website.

Monitoring of District K-12 Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan Implementation as required by 6A-6.053(1)(a) F.A.C. District-Level Leadership 6A-6.053(7) F.A.C.

K-5

Component of	What data is being collected? *	Assessment type	How is the data being	How often is the data
Reading		(e.g., screener, diagnostic, progress monitoring/formative, summative)	collected?	being collected?
	 K-2 Language for Learning 	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	 BOY and as needed
Oral language	• K-2 Michigan Literacy Progress Profile	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	 BOY and as needed
	• K-2 Reading Mastery Signature Edition	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	BOY and as needed
	 K- Star Early Literacy (FLKRS) 	Screener	 Computer-based 	• BOY
Phonological	K-5- i-Ready	Diagnostic	 Computer-based 	BOY, MOY, EOY
awareness	 K-2 Reading Mastery SE 	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	 BOY and ongoing
	easyCBM	Screener and progress monitoring	Once-on-one	As needed
	K- Star Early Literacy (FLKRS)	Screener	 Computer-based 	• BOY
Phonics	K-5- i-Ready	Diagnostic	 Computer-based 	BOY, MOY, EOY
Priorites	 K-2 Reading Mastery SE 	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	 BOY and ongoing
	K-5 Benchmark Assessment System	Formative/progress monitoring	One-on-one	 Up to 3x/year
	K-5- i-Ready	Diagnostic	 Computer-based 	BOY, MOY, EOY
Fluency	 K-2 Reading Mastery SE 	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	 BOY and ongoing
riuericy	K-5 Benchmark Assessment System	Formative/progress monitoring	One-on-one	 Up to 3x/year
	Corrective Reading	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	 BOY and ongoing
	K-5- i-Ready	Diagnostic	 Computer-based 	BOY, MOY, EOY
Vocabulary	 K-2 Reading Mastery SE 	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	 BOY and ongoing
	K-5 Benchmark Assessment System	Formative/progress monitoring	One-on-one	 Up to 3x/year
	K-5- i-Ready	Diagnostic	Computer-based	BOY, MOY, EOY
	K-2 Reading Mastery SE	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	BOY and ongoing
Comprehensien	• 3-5 Achieve3000	Formative/progress monitoring	One-on-one	 Up to 3x/year
Comprehension	• 4-5 STAR Reading	Screener and summative	 Computer-based 	BOY and MOY
	K-5 Benchmark Assessment System	Formative/progress monitoring	One-on-one	BOY, MOY, EOY
	Corrective Reading	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	 BOY and ongoing

^{*}Note: Bolded Assessments are used universally with all students in designated grade levels. Assessments not bolded are used based on student need for further assessment or intervention.

6-12

Progress Monitoring Tool	What data is being collected?	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		How often is the data being collected?
(6-12 ELA) Achieve3000 Level Set	Comprehension	Formative/progress monitoring	Computer-based	BOY, MOY, EOY
(6-8 Reading) Corrective Reading	Phonics, fluency, comprehension	Screener and progress monitoring	One-on-one	BOY and ongoing
(9-12 Reading) FAIR-FS	Word recognitionVocabulary knowledgeSyntactic knowledgeReading Comprehension	Progress monitoring	Computer-based	BOY, MOY

^{*}Note: Bolded Assessments are used universally with all students in designated grade levels. Assessments not bolded are used based on student need for further assessment or intervention.

K-12 Data Analysis and Decision-making as required by 6A-6.053(1)(b) F.A.C.

Data Analysis and Decision-making						
How often is the data being reviewed and by whom?	What problem-solving steps are in place for making decisions based on the data?	What steps is the district taking to see building and classroom level data and to share findings with individual schools?	How are concerns communicated if it is determined that the K-12 Reading Plan is not being implemented in an explicit manner, based on data to meet the needs of students?	Who at the district level is responsible for providing plan implementation oversight, support and follow-up?		
 BOY, End of Q1, MOY, End of Q3, EOY C&I directors, Chief Academic Officer, Region Superintendents, Region Executive Directors, Chief of Schools, District Superintendent, Data and Assessment Team 	1. Identify areas of concern; 2) Analyze Problem; 3) Develop Plan to Address Problem; 4) Implement Plan; 5) Evaluate Plan	i-Ready, Achieve3000, and district quarterly assessments are reviewed at the school, classroom, and student level. Data chats are held with school leadership teams and include region leaders and C&I leaders.	C&I and region leadership collaborate with principals to devise a plan of action if concerns arise regarding the implementation of the K-12 Reading Plan.	Chief of Schools and Chief Academic Officer		

School Level Leadership 6A-6.053(8) F.A.C.

Practice	Who ensures	How is the	How often is the	How is the data being shared and	How often is the data being
	that the practice	purpose	data being	by whom?	reviewed and by whom?
	is informed by a	communicated?	collected?		
	specific purpose?				
Weekly reading	Principals,	Leadership	Weekly	District dashboard collects data	School leadership teams review
walkthroughs	Assistant	meetings, faculty		from walkthroughs and district-wide	weekly. Principals and region
by	Principals	meetings		assessments and is available to all	leaders meet monthly to review
administrators				school and district leaders. Teachers	collected data and plan next steps.
				have access to data for their specific	
				students.	
Data chats	Principals,	Leadership	Monthly	District dashboard collects data	School leadership teams review
	Assistant	meetings, faculty		from walkthroughs and district-wide	data monthly. Monthly data chats
	Principals	meetings		assessments and is available to all	with school leadership team and
				school and district leaders. Teachers	region leadership team. Quarterly
				have access to data for their specific	data chats with school leadership
				students.	team, region leaders, and C&I
					leadership.
Reading	Principals,	Leadership	Leadership Teams	District dashboard collects data	Quarterly by Reading Leadership
Leadership	Assistant	meetings, faculty	will meet at least	from walkthroughs and district-wide	Team
Team per 6A-	Principals	meetings	quarterly	assessments and is available to all	
6.053(3) F.A.C.	Duinainala	La a da nala ira	Outrains	school and district leaders.	Calcada da
Monitoring of	Principals,	Leadership	Ongoing	Data from weekly walkthroughs is	School leaders review walkthrough and assessment data
plan	Assistant	meetings, faculty		compiled and can be sorted in the district dashboard.	
implementation	Principals, ELA Coaches	meetings		district dashboard.	weekly/monthly as available.
	Coaches		mulamentation and D	unaguage magnitaging	
What problem-so	luina atoma ara in		mplementation and P communicated if it	How will district leadership provide p	lan implamentation avanisht
•	decisions based on	is determined that		support and follow-up?	ian implementation oversight,
data?	decisions based on	being implemente	•	support and follow-up:	
uata:			er, based on data to		
		meet the needs of			
1. Identify areas o	of concern: 2)			Region superintendents and curricului	m and instruction leaders monitor
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Principals and leadership team engage teachers in data analysis, examination		data and devise a plan of action when data indicate the need for additional	
Address Problem; 4) Implement		of best practices, p	•	support. Instructional specialists work with teachers, coaches and	
Plan; 5) Evaluate Plan the data.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	implementation of	principals to implement action plan. Region leaders follow up during site	
· , · , = ·		best practices mon	-	visits.	5 - 11111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		weekly walkthroug	_		
		,,		l .	

Professional Development per 6A-6.053(4) F.A.C.

Requirement	How is it communicated to principals?	How is it monitored by principals?	How often is it reported to the district and in what format?	To whom is it reported at the district?	Who at the district level is responsible for following up if the professional development requirement isn't happening?
Training in multisensory reading intervention	Principal meetings, email, weekly briefings	PD department provides list of teachers who have completed the training	Annually via completion report	Chief Academic Officer	Chief Academic Officer and Region Superintendents
Differentiated professional development with intensity increased for those teachers whose progress monitoring data is not showing adequate growth	School data chats; C&I and/or region support plans	Principals monitor through standards-aligned walkthroughs, implementation of support plans, teacher attendance in PD/coaching sessions	Regional leadership meets with school-based administrators at least monthly to review progress. C&I and regional leadership hold quarterly data and support plan reviews	Chief Academic Officer and Chief of Schools	Chief Academic Officer and Chief of Schools
Identification of mentor teachers	Region meetings, principal meetings, weekly briefings	Standards-based walkthroughs, classroom-level student data, VAM, highly effective status	Professional Development Facilitators at each school maintain and share the list of current mentors in conjunction with the Teacher Development Support Department.	Supervisor of Teacher Development Support	Director of Certification and Highly Qualified Staff
Establishing of model classrooms within the school	Region meetings, principal meetings,	Classroom walkthroughs	Twice a year poll	Chief Academic Officer	Chief of Schools and Chief Academic Officer
Providing teachers with time weekly to meet together for professional development including lesson study and PLCs	Master Schedule Guidelines	School administrators schedule and often attend weekly meetings	Reported to region leadership annually via school PD plan and master schedule	Region leadership	Chief Academic Officer and Chief of Schools

Instruction

K-5 Uninterrupted 90 minute Daily Reading Block per 6A-6.053(9)(a) F.A.C.

Requirement	How is it	How is it monitored	How is it reported to the	To whom is it	How often is it reported
	communicated to	by principals?	district?	reported at the	to the district?
	principals?			district?	
Whole group instruction utilizing	Master Schedule	Walkthroughs, lesson	School schedules,	Chief Academic	Data and schedules
an evidence-based sequence of	Guidelines and	plans	walkthrough dashboard	Officer and Chief	available at all times
reading instruction	instructional			of Schools	
	frameworks				
Small group differentiated	Master Schedule	Walkthroughs, lesson	School schedules,	Chief Academic	Data and schedules
instruction in order to meet	Guidelines and	plans	walkthrough dashboard	Officer and Chief	available at all times
individual student needs	instructional			of Schools	
	frameworks				

Budget per 6A-6.053(2) F.A.C.

How is the district prioritizing K-3 students with substantial reading deficiencies in the use of its Research-Based Reading Instruction Allocation funds?

Reading Instruction Allocation funds are purchasing several interventions for students in grades K-3, including Language for Learning, Leveled Literacy Intervention, and Corrective Reading. Summer Recovery for 3rd grade students who did not pass the FSA provides additional learning opportunities for below level third graders. Additionally, Saxon Phonics and the 100 Book Challenge from the American Reading Company are being purchased to strengthen core instruction in K-2.

Reading Allocation Budget Item	Amount
Estimated proportional share distributed to district charter	\$852,675
District expenditures on reading coaches assigned to elementary schools	\$322,655.47
District expenditures on reading coaches assigned to secondary schools	\$84,763.53
District expenditures on intervention teachers assigned to elementary schools	0
District expenditures on intervention teachers assigned to secondary schools	0
District expenditures on supplemental materials or interventions for elementary schools	\$2,742,435.70
District expenditures on supplemental materials or interventions for secondary schools	\$972,543.30
District expenditures on professional development	\$150,000
District expenditures on helping teachers earn the reading endorsement	0
District expenditures on summer reading camps	\$550,000
District expenditures on additional hour for school on the list of 300 lowest performing elementary schools	0
Flexible Categorical Spending	0
Sum of Expenditures	\$5,675,073
Amount of District Research-Based Reading Instruction Allocation	\$5,675,073

Summer Reading Camp

All Summer Reading Camp teachers are required to be highly effective and reading endorsed/certified.

We collaborated with Integrity Literacy Solutions to design a third grade summer reading camp curriculum that spirals through comprehension strategy instruction, standards-aligned application of the strategy, and culminating practices that require students to use multiple strategies while reading a passage. Students also receive instruction in vocabulary and language standards and complete assigned lessons in PA, Phonics, Fluency, Vocabulary and Comprehension through the i-Ready blended learning platform. The program utilizes the following practices which have been researched and recommended by John Hattie in <i>Visible Learning for Literacy</i> (see Appendix 3 for reference):
Classroom discussion82 effect size
Scaffolding82 effect size
Vocabulary programs67 effect size
Comprehension programs60 effect size
Direct instruction59 effect size
Small group learning49 effect size

An addendum will be sent out the last week of August 2020 requesting specific information. What evidence-based instructional materials are being used for Summer Reading Camp?

Will students in grades other than 3 be served also? Yes \square No \boxtimes	
If yes, which grade levels?	

Reading Allocation Literacy Coaches

Minimum Qualifications per 6A-6.053(6)(d) F.A.C.:

Coaches must meet the following criteria:

- reading endorsement or reading certification
- experience as successful classroom teachers
- knowledge of evidence-based reading research
- special expertise in quality reading instruction and infusing reading strategies into instruction
- data management skills
- strong knowledge base in working with adult learners
- excellent communication skills
- outstanding presentation, interpersonal, and time-management skills

An addendum will be sent out the last week of August 2020 requesting specific information. What problem-solving method was used to determine which schools have the greatest need based on student performance data in reading per 6A-6.053 F.A.C.? (Please attach any rubrics or related artifacts)

School need is determined by school grades, district diagnostics and assessments, and percentage of novice teachers.

How have you communicated to principals, coaches, teachers, and district staff that coaches are not asked to perform administrative functions that will confuse their role for teachers; and that they are to spend limited time administering or coordinating assessments?

The Director of ELA communicates with principals via email regarding the approved functions of district specialists. District specialists meet with principals in August to review the types of support they are able to provide.

Who is monitoring whether that is adhered to? Whom do coaches go to with concerns if these requirements are not followed?

Director of English Language Arts	

Coaching Model per 6A-6.053(6)(b) F.A.C.

Is your district using the Just Read, Florida! coaching model? Yes \boxtimes No \square

If you checked no, please complete and submit the Alternative Coaching Model document.

If you checked yes, please fill out the following chart:

Requirements of the Just Read, Florida! Coaching Model per 6A-6.053(6)(c) F.A.C.

- Provide professional development on the following:
 - o the major reading components, as needed, based on an analysis of student performance data
 - o administration and analysis of instructional assessments
 - o providing differentiated instruction and intensive intervention
- Model effective instructional strategies for teachers
- Facilitate study groups
- Train teachers in data analysis and using data to differentiate instruction
- Coach and mentor colleagues
- Provide daily support to classroom teachers
- Work with teachers to ensure that evidence-based reading programs are implemented with fidelity
- Help to increase instructional density to meet the needs of all students
- Help lead and support reading leadership teams at their school(s)
- Continue to increase their knowledge base in best practices in reading instruction, intervention, and instructional reading strategies
- Work frequently with students in whole and small group instruction to model and coach in other teachers' classrooms

How are these	How are coaches	Who at the	How often is	What problem-solving
requirements being	recording their	district level is	the data being	steps are in place for
communicated to	time and tasks?	monitoring this?	reviewed?	making decisions based
principals?				on the data?
Principals receive an	Specialists	Director of ELA,	Weekly-	Specialists meet monthly
email from the	complete a	Supervisors of	Monthly	with Director &
Director of ELA and	digital log entry	ELA, and Region		Supervisor to review
review the	which populates	Superintendents		work in schools and
responsibilities of	into a district	and Executive		receive feedback and
district specialists	dashboard.	Directors		plan next steps.
during their first				
meeting of the school				
year.				

Other Considerations

Reading Intervention Data Element per 6A-6.053(7)(e)

Reporting of data elements is required by the K-12 Comprehensive Evidence-Based Reading Plan within the Automated Student and Staff Data Base System. These data elements include:

- Student Enrollment in Reading Intervention;
- Reading Endorsement competency status for teachers;
- Reading Certification progress status for teachers.

Charter schools per 6A-6.053(5)

Charter schools must utilize their proportionate share of the research-based reading allocation in accordance with Sections 1002.33(7)(a)2.a., and 1008.25(3)(a), F.S. All intensive reading interventions specified by the charter must be delivered by a teacher who is certified or endorsed in reading.

Instructional Continuity Plan

Given that it is important to plan ahead for any contingency, please attach your Instructional Continuity Plan for 2020-2021 if you wish to have it reviewed by Just Read, Florida! We will offer feedback and suggest resources.

Curriculum/Instruction/Assessment Decision Trees per 6A-6.053(9)(c)

<u>Use the following decision tree template to address ALL district students. What follows is one tree that</u> can be copied as needed. The template can be used for grade bands or for individual grades.

The Decision Trees must contain the following information:

- The grade level(s) of students the decision tree is addressing
- Name and performance benchmark on screening, diagnostic, progress monitoring, local assessment, statewide assessment or teacher observations used to identify students with substantial deficiencies in reading and subsequent interventions provided
- A description of the intensive, explicit, systematic and multisensory reading interventions which will be provided to students in grades K-3
- Information on how the Florida Kindergarten Readiness Screener will be used to identify students for intervention
- Core curriculum and K-12 intervention materials that address the six (6) components of reading: oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension
- The methods for providing reading instruction and intervention to students who may continue to receive instruction through distance or blended learning

Curriculum, Instruction, and Assessment Decision Tree							
Grade Le	Grade Level(s): K-5						
IF:	Student meets the following criteria at beginning of school year: Kindergarten: FLKRS Scale Score ≥500 OR i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 325 or higher First Grade: i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 377 or higher Second Grade i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 418 or higher Third Grade i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 458 or higher OR Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 100L or higher Fourth Grade i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 502 or higher OR Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 330L or higher Fifth Grade i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 523 or higher OR Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 490L or higher						
THEN:	TIER 1 Only						
TIER 1	Initial instruction: is standards-aligned builds background and content knowledge, motivation provides print rich, systematic, scaffolded, and differentiated instruction incorporates writing in response to reading includes accommodations (IEP, ESOL or 504) incorporates the principles of Universal Design for Learning includes specially designed instruction for students with disabilities Core Curriculum Please indicate your core curriculum and how its use by the students served is supported by strong evidence, moderate evidence, or promising evidence. Duval Reads (Engage NY) (Promising Evidence) EdReports found Engage NY materials used in grades 6-8 meet expectations for alignment and usability, use high quality texts as the central focus for lessons, are of appropriate text complexity, and are accompanied by quality tasks aligned to the standards and integrate reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language. https://www.edreports.org/reports/overview/engage-ny-2016						

Curriculum Associates Ready Reading LAFS (Promising Evidence)

Schools that used Ready Reading experienced higher scores on NY state assessments than schools that did no, controlling for key demographic factors. The research provides evidence that meets the criteria for ESSA Level 3: Promising Evidence, with favorable effects.

https://www.curriculumassociates.com/-/media/mainsite/files/ready/ready-essa-brochure-2018.pdf

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Progress	Monitorina

Ass	essment & Frequency	Performance Criteria that indicates Tier 1 is sufficient	Performance Criteria to that would prompt addition of Tier 2 interventions			
,	5) i-Ready diagnostic- /year	 Minimum scores for "on-grade ranges" at BOY, MOY, EOY (See Appendix 1) Minimum scores for 25th 	 Falling below the "on- grade ranges" at BOY, MOY, EOY (See Appendix 1) 			
,	5) Achieve3000 Level t- 3x/year	Percentile at BOY, MOY, EOY (See Appendix 2)	 Falling below the 25th Percentile at BOY, MOY, EOY (See Appendix 2) 			

How is the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction being monitored?

District diagnostics, quarterly assessments, and walkthrough data are reviewed at the district and school levels. School-based MTSS Leadership Teams (MLT) review academic, instructional, attendance, and behavioral data to identify barriers to learning. School leaders and teacher also meet to review student work samples and formative assessments to inform future instruction.

How is the effectiveness of Tier 1 curriculum being monitored?

By monitoring formative and summative data and weekly classroom walkthroughs data.

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction?

The MLT monitors data and meets to discuss areas of concern, identify root causes, and devise plans for improving the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction.

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 curriculum?

District leaders monitor walkthrough and assessment data to identify trends and adjust district resources and support accordingly. The MLT engages in the same review at the school level to ensure the curriculum is meeting the needs of their students.

How is instruction modified for students who receive instruction through distance learning?

Due to the district distribution of laptops and hotspots, most students are able to participate online in live lessons with teachers and engage in learning through blended learning platforms. Instruction will be delivered with through synchronous and asynchronous learning opportunities. In special circumstances, packets are available for students who require such accommodations.

IF:	Student meets the following criteria at beginning of school year: (Kindergarten: FLKRS Scale Score of 400-499 OR i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 309-324
	First Grade: i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 356-376
	Second Grade i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 396-417
	Third Grade i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 424-457 OR

Fourth Grade

i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 471-501 **OR** Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 225L-325L

Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 55L-95L

Fifth Grade

i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 490-522 **OR** Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 345L-485L

THEN:	TIER 1 instruction and TIER 2 interventions							
1 instruction and TIER 2 interventions	 provide systematic, exskills are matched to the ne provide multiple oppose occurs during time allo 	duce barriers to students' ability to meet Tier 1 expectations explicit, and interactive small group instruction targeting foundational/barrier						
	TIER 2 Programs/Materials/Strategies	TIER 2 Progress Monitoring						
	& Duration	Assessment & Frequency	Performance Criteria to discontinue Tier 2 intervention	Performance Criteria indicating continuation of Tier 2 interventions in addition to Tier 1 instruction	Performance Criteria that would prompt addition of Tier 3 interventions			
TIER 1 ins	Reading Mastery (K-2)	Mastery Checks every 10 lessons; i- Ready Growth Monitoring Assessments (monthly)	Student completes grade level RM curriculum; i- Ready Scale Score reaches appropriate "Early On-Grade Ranges" in Appendix 1	Student is passing Mastery Checks; i- Ready Scale Score is showing growth but has not yet reached the "Early On-Grade Range"	Student is not passing Mastery Checks; i-Ready Scale Score is not increasing.			

i-Ready + small group instruction	10 lessons; i- Ready Growth Monitoring Assessments (monthly) i-Ready Growth Monitoring Assessment (monthly);		Ready Scale Score reaches appropriate "Early On-Grade Ranges" in Appendix 1 i-Ready Scale Score reaches appropriate "Early On-Grade Ranges" in Appendix 1;	is showing growth but has not yet reached the "Early On-Grade Range" Growth Monitoring Assessment shows growth but has not yet reached	Mastery Checks; i- Ready Scale Score is not increasing. Growth Monitoring Assessment does not show growth; i-	
	easyCBM assessments matched to student's identified deficit (2x/month)		Student is meeting grade level benchmarks on identified easyCBM assessments.	the "Early On- Grade Range;" Student is showing growth on easyCBM assessments but has not reached grade-level benchmarks.	Ready Sc Score is r increasin student i increasin score on easyCBM assessme	ale not g; s not g
Number of times a week intervention provided		5 5 5	Number of minutes	per intervention session		45 45 20

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 2 intervention, including alignment with core curriculum and instruction?

Students' progress in Tier 2 interventions is monitored so that lack of progress is identified and the Collaborative Problem Solving Team (CPST) can collaborate to identify possible barriers to the student's learning. The CPST meets to develop a support plan. If the support plan is for the student, the CPST will decide who is able to conduct classroom visits (a minimum of two times) to monitor the fidelity of implementation.

Explain how the use of the programs/materials/strategies is supported by strong evidence, moderate evidence, or promising evidence.

Reading Mastery (Promising):

Reading Mastery was found to have potentially positive effects on the reading achievement of English language learners.

https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/Docs/InterventionReports/WWC Reading Mastery 092806.pdf

When compared to five other reading programs, students receiving instruction in Reading Mastery in grades 1-3 outperformed students in other programs in Oral Reading Fluency.

https://s3.amazonaws.com/ecommerce-prod.mheducation.com/unitas/school/program/reading-mastery-signature-edition-2008/research/curriculum-evaluation-2009.pdf

The American Institutes of Research (AIR) evaluated 24 popular whole-school reform models. Direct Instruction was one of only two models targeted for students in Grades K–6 that received a "strong" rating. This research further validates the effectiveness of programs such as Reading Mastery in raising student achievement.

https://s3.amazonaws.com/ecommerce-prod.mheducation.com/unitas/school/program/reading-mastery-signature-edition-2008/research/rm-research-base.pdf

Additional information:

https://www.mheducation.com/prek-12/program/reading-mastery-signature-edition-2008/MKTSP-UQM08M02.research-success.html

Corrective Reading (Promising):

A study is described that examines the effects of a synthetic phonics-emphasis Direct Instruction remedial reading program on the phonological processes of students, with teacher-identified serious reading problems. The students made statistically significant and educationally large gains in the phonologically-related processes of word attack, phonemic awareness, and spelling, and statistically significant and moderately large gains in phonological recoding in lexical access, and phonological recoding in working memory.

Hempenstall, Kerry. (2008). Corrective Reading: An Evidence-Based Remedial Reading Intervention. Australasian Journal of Special Education. 32. 2008. 10.1080/10300110701839949.

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/233936481_Corrective_Reading_An_Evidence-Based_Remedial_Reading_Intervention#:~:text=Corrective%20Reading%3A%20An%20Evidence-Based%20Remedial%20Reading%20Intervention.%20A,abstract%2C%20and%20list%20of%20authors%29%2C%20clicks%20on%20

Twenty-six of the 28 studies found positive results for students who were taught using Corrective Reading and one study found positive results for peer instructors who delivered Corrective Reading programs. https://www.mheducation.com/prek-12/program/corrective-reading-2008/MKTSP-URA04M0.research-success.html

i-Ready (Moderate):

Many rigorous research studies meeting ESSA Level 2 (Moderate) evidence standards demonstrated positive and statistically significant gains for students receiving *i-Ready Instruction* above that of their control group counterparts in both reading and mathematics on internal and external outcome measures. https://www.curriculumassociates.com/research-and-efficacy/i-ready-evidence-impact

How are Tier 2 interventions modified for students who receive interventions through distance learning? Tier 2 intervention lessons will be delivered through live lessons and assignments in the district's LMS and through the i-Ready blended learning platform.

IF: Student meets the following criteria at beginning of school year:

(Kindergarten:

FLKRS Scale Score 399 or below **OR** i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 308 or below

First Grade:

i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 355 or below

Second Grade

i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 395 or below

Third Grade

i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 423 or below **OR** Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 50L or below

THEN:	Fourth Grade i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 470 or below OR Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 220L or below Fifth Grade i-Ready Fall Diagnostic Scale Score of 489 or below OR Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 345L or below TIER 1 instruction, TIER 2 interventions, and TIER 3 intensive interventions						
	Immediate, intensive intervention: extended time targeted instruction based on student need small group or one-on-one instruction accommodations (IEP, ESOL, or 504) more frequent progress monitoring than TIER 1 instruction and TIER 2 interventions additional time allotted is in addition to core instruction and tier 2 interventions						
3 Intensive Interventions	TIER 3 Programs/Materials/Strategies & Duration	Assessment & Frequency	TIER 3 Progress Monitoring Performance Criteria to remove Tier 3 and continue Tier 2 interventions in addition to Tier 1 instruction	Performance Criteria that would prompt changes to Tier 3 interventions			
TIER 1 instruction, TIER 2 interventions, and TIER 3 Intensiv	Leveled Literacy Instruction (LLI)	Benchmark Assessment System (BAS)- (3x year); Reading Records- (2x/month); formative assessments- (daily)	Completion of grade-level curriculum and BAS assessment indicating student is reading on grade level.	Reading Records indicate a lack of progress over a sixto eight-week timeframe. Student consistently does not perform well on daily formative assessments.			
	Language For Learning	Mastery tests (every 10 lessons).	Student completes the Language for Learning curriculum.	Student is consistently not performing well on bi-weekly mastery tests.			
	Barton Reading and Spelling System	Barton Progress Tracking Assessments (weekly); easyCBM assessments (2x/month)	Completion of grade-level curriculum or meeting grade-level benchmarks on easyCBM assessments.	Student is not passing Barton Progress Tracking Assessments or showing progress on easyCBM assessments.			
	Heggerty Phonemic Awareness Curriculum	Baseline Assessment-3x year; easyCBM Phoneme Segmenting assessment- 2x/month;	Completion of grade-level curriculum and easyCBM assessment showing mastery of phoneme segmenting.	easyCBM assessment indicates a lack of progress over six- to eight-week timeframe. Student consistently not			

				performing v daily lessons			
All Tier 3 Interventions must be provided by a teacher who is certified in reading or has the reading endorsement.							
Number of times a week intervention prov	vided	5	Number of minutes per inte session	rvention	30-45		

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 3 intervention, including alignment with core curriculum and instruction?

Students' progress in Tier 3 interventions is monitored so that lack of progress is identified and the Collaborative Problem Solving Team (CPST) can collaborate to identify possible barriers to the student's learning. The CPST meets to develop a support plan. If the support plan is for the student, the CPST will decide who is able to conduct classroom visits (a minimum of two times) to monitor the fidelity of implementation. If the CPST cannot offer additional layers of support, the CPST will ask for the student to be placed on the Multi-Disciplined Referral Team (MRT) agenda.

Explain how the use of the programs/materials/strategies is supported by strong evidence, moderate evidence, or promising evidence.

LLI (Strong Evidence)

In the two studies that reported findings, the estimated impact of LLI on outcomes in the general reading achievement domain was positive and statistically significant for two studies, both of which meet WWC group design standards without reservations.

https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/Docs/InterventionReports/wwc leveledliteracy 091917.pdf

Language for Learning

Language for Learning had statistically and educationally significant effects on receptive language skills. A 2 x 2 ANCOVA with effect sizes was provided. Effect sizes ranged from 0.13 to 0.35 across the TACL-3 scales. https://s3.amazonaws.com/ecommerce-prod.mheducation.com/unitas/school/multi-program-research/di-language-research-base-validation.pdf

Barton Spelling

Barton Spelling System is a multi-sensory, direct, explicit, structured and sequential program designed for intense intervention.

https://bartonreading.com/the-barton-system-is/#eve

Heggerty Phonemic Awareness Curriculum

"Phonemic awareness instruction, when linked to systematic decoding and spelling instruction, is a key to preventing reading failure in children who come to school without these prerequisite skills. (Moats, 2012). https://www.heggerty.org/phonemic-awareness-research-and-findings

How are Tier 3 interventions modified for students who receive interventions through distance learning? Tier 3 intervention lessons will be delivered through live lessons and assignments in the district's LMS.

	Curriculum, Instruction, and Assessment Decision Tree
Grade Le	vel(s): 6-8
IF:	Student meets the following criteria at beginning of school year:
	Sixth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 610L or higher
	Seventh Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 685L or higher
	Eighth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 725L or higher
THEN:	TIER 1 Only
	Initial instruction: • is standards-aligned • builds background and content knowledge, motivation • provides print rich, systematic, scaffolded, and differentiated instruction • incorporates writing in response to reading • includes accommodations (IEP, ESOL or 504) • incorporates the principles of Universal Design for Learning • includes specially designed instruction for students with disabilities
	Core Curriculum
	Please indicate your core curriculum and how its use by the students served is supported by strong evidence, moderate evidence, or promising evidence.
IER 1	HMH Collections (Promising):
_	Research base for HMH Collections: https://www.hmhco.com/research/collections-research-foundations
	HMH <i>Collections</i> was found effective at improving students' ability to analyze complex texts, determine evidence, reason critically, and communicate thoughtfully. These results held true for lower and higher performing students. https://www.hmhco.com/research/collections-efficacy-study-grades-6-7-8
	Study results indicate that <i>Collections</i> is effective at improving the ability of Grade 7 and 9 students to analyze complex texts, determine evidence, reason critically, and communicate thoughtfully. In addition, the results showed that students in <i>Collections</i> classrooms made statistically significant gains in both Grades 7 and 9 over the course of the full year, and the program was effective for both lower- and higher-scoring pretest students. https://www.hmhco.com/research/collections-impact-study-grades-7-9

Progress Monitoring						
Assessment & Frequency	Performance Criteria that indicates Tier 1 is sufficient	Performance Criteria to that would prompt addition of Tier 2 interventions				
Achieve3000 Level Set- 3x/year	Minimum scores for 25 th Percentile at BOY, MOY, EOY (See Appendix 2)	Falling below the 25 th Percentile at BOY, MOY, EOY (See Appendix 2)				

How is the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction being monitored?

District diagnostics, quarterly assessments, and walkthrough data are reviewed at the district and school levels. School-based MTSS Leadership Teams (MLT) review academic, instructional, attendance, and behavioral data to identify barriers to learning. School leaders and teacher also meet to review student work samples and formative assessments to inform future instruction.

solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction?

What procedures are in place to identify and

The MLT monitors data and meets to discuss areas of concern, identify root causes, and devise plans for improving the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction.

How is the effectiveness of Tier 1 curriculum being monitored?

All administrators and teachers are regularly engaged in the work of aligning resources and instruction to the state standards through our Standards-Based Instruction initiative that resulted from our study of TNTP's Opportunity Myth. Through this work, teacher teams collaborate in Professional Learning Communities (PLCs) to unpack one standard at a time to identify the discreet parts of each standard that together represent mastery of the full standard. Then, teams review available instructional resources and assessments to determine how well they align to the expectations of the standard. Any misalignments or gaps are rectified before instruction for the standard is delivered. During instruction, instructional leadership teams conduct classroom walkthroughs, collecting information through a district dashboard on the alignment of the observed instruction, resources, and student tasks. This data helps schools identify alignment concerns, which will be addressed through future PLC work with teachers.

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 curriculum?

District leaders monitor walkthrough and assessment data to identify trends and adjust district resources and support accordingly. The MLT engages in the same review at the school level to ensure the curriculum is meeting the needs of their students.

How is instruction modified for students who receive instruction through distance learning?

Due to the district distribution of laptops and hotspots, most students are able to participate online in live lessons with teachers and engage in learning through blended learning platforms. Instruction will be delivered with through synchronous and asynchronous learning opportunities. In special circumstances, packets are available for students who require such accommodations.

IF:	Student meets the following criteria at beginning of school year:									
	Sixth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 465L-605L									
	Seventh Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 540L-680L									
	Eighth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 580L-720L									
THEN:	TIEF	R 1 insti	ructio	n and TIER 2 int	erventions					
2 interventions	Interventions:									
2 int	TIER 2 Programs/Materials/Strategies		TIER 2 Progress Monitoring							
TIER 1 instruction and TIER	& Duration	Assess. & Frequ		Performance Criteria to discontinue Tier 2 intervention	Performance Criteria indicating continuation of Tier 2 interventions in addition to Tier 1 instruction	Performance Criteria that would prompt addition of Tier 3 interventions				
	Achieve3000 + Small group instruction	Quarterly diagnostic + monthly progress monitoring		Student is on track to meet stretch goal	Student is on track to meet typical growth goal	Student is not on track to meet typical growth goal				
	Number of times a week intervention provided		3	Number of minu	tes per intervention s	ession 20				

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 2 intervention, including alignment with core curriculum and instruction?

Students' progress in Tier 2 interventions is monitored so that lack of progress is identified and the Collaborative Problem Solving Team (CPST) can collaborate to identify possible barriers to the student's learning. The CPST meets to develop a support plan. If the support plan is for the student, the CPST will decide who is able to conduct classroom visits (a minimum of two times) to monitor the fidelity of implementation.

Explain how the use of the programs/materials/strategies is supported by strong evidence, moderate evidence, or promising evidence.

Achieve3000

According to studies reviewed by What Works Clearinghouse, Achieve3000 had potentially positive effects on comprehension and general literacy achievement for adolescent readers. https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/Docs/InterventionReports/wwc_alachieve_022718.pdf

Small Group Learning

Hattie (2016) found that small group learning can be "very effective" with an effect size of .49, as long as the instruction matches the needs of the learner.

How are Tier 2 interventions modified for students who receive interventions through distance learning?

Tier 2 intervention lessons are being delivered through live lessons and assignments in the district's LMS and through the i-Ready blended learning platform.

IF:	Student meets the following	criteria at beginning of school year:	
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Sixth Grade

Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 460L or lower

Seventh Grade

Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 535L or lower

Eighth Grade

Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 575L or lower

THEN:

TIER 1 instruction, TIER 2 interventions, and TIER 3 intensive interventions

TIER 1 instruction, TIER 2 interventions, and TIER 3 Intensive Interventions

Immediate, intensive intervention:

- extended time
- targeted instruction based on student need
- small group or one-on-one instruction
- accommodations (IEP, ESOL, or 504)
- more frequent progress monitoring than TIER 1 instruction and TIER 2 interventions
- additional **time allotted is in addition** to core instruction and tier 2 interventions

TIER 3 Programs/Materials/Strategies & Duration	TIER 3 Progress Monitoring									
		sment & quency	Performance Criteria to remove Tier 3 and continue Tier 2 interventions in addition to Tier 1 instruction	Performance Criteria that would prompt changes to Tier 3 interventions						
Corrective Reading	Mastery Checks every 10 lessons; Achieve 3000 Level Set diagnostic 3x/year + monthly progress monitoring		Student completes grade level CR curriculum; Achieve3000 Lexile shows student has met stretch goal	Student is not passing Mastery Checks; Achive3000 Lexile is not increasing.						
All Tier 3 Interventions must be provided by a teacher who is certified in reading or has the reading endorsement.										
Number of times a week interventio provided	n	5	Number of minutes per inte	rvention	45					

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 3 intervention, including alignment with core curriculum and instruction?

Students' progress in Tier 3 interventions is monitored so that lack of progress is identified and the Collaborative Problem Solving Team (CPST) can collaborate to identify possible barriers to the student's learning. The CPST meets to develop a support plan. If the support plan is for the student, the CPST will decide who is able to conduct classroom visits (a minimum of two times) to monitor the fidelity of implementation. If the CPST cannot offer additional layers of support, the CPST will ask for the student to be placed on the Multi-Disciplined Referral Team (MRT) agenda.

Explain how the use of the programs/materials/strategies is supported by strong evidence, moderate evidence, or promising evidence.

Corrective Reading (Promising):

A study is described that examines the effects of a synthetic phonics-emphasis Direct Instruction remedial reading program on the phonological processes of students, with teacher-identified serious reading problems. The students made statistically significant and educationally large gains in the phonologically-related processes of word attack, phonemic awareness, and spelling, and statistically significant and moderately large gains in phonological recoding in lexical access, and phonological recoding in working memory.

Hempenstall, Kerry. (2008). Corrective Reading: An Evidence-Based Remedial Reading Intervention.

Australasian Journal of Special Education. 32. 2008. 10.1080/10300110701839949.

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/233936481 Corrective Reading An Evidence-Based Remedial Reading Intervention#:~:text=Corrective%20Reading%3A%20An%20Evidence-Based%20Remedial%20Reading%20Intervention.%20A,abstract%2C%20and%20list%20of%20authors%29%2C%20clicks%20on%20

Twenty-six of the 28 studies found positive results for students who were taught using Corrective Reading and one study found positive results for peer instructors who delivered Corrective Reading programs. https://www.mheducation.com/prek-12/program/corrective-reading-2008/MKTSP-URA04M0.research-success.html

How are Tier 3 interventions modified for students who receive interventions through distance learning? Tier 3 intervention lessons will be delivered through live lessons and assignments in the district's LMS.

	Curriculum, Instruction, and Assessment Decision Tree							
Grade Level	(s): 9-12							
IF:	Student meets the following criteria at beginning of school year:							
	Ninth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 800 or higher							
	Tenth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 870 or higher							
	Eleventh Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 935 or higher							
	Twelfth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 935 or higher							
THEN:	TIER 1 Only							
	Initial instruction: is standards-aligned builds background and content knowledge, motivation provides print rich, systematic, scaffolded, and differentiated instruction incorporates writing in response to reading includes accommodations (IEP, ESOL or 504) incorporates the principles of Universal Design for Learning includes specially designed instruction for students with disabilities Core Curriculum							
	Please indicate your core curriculum and how its use by the students served is supported by strong evidence, moderate evidence, or promising evidence.							
3 1	HMH Collections (Promising):							
TIE	Research base for HMH Collections: https://www.hmhco.com/research/collections-research-foundations							
	HMH <i>Collections</i> was found effective at improving students' ability to analyze complex texts, determine evidence, reason critically, and communicate thoughtfully. These results held true for lower and higher performing students. https://www.hmhco.com/research/collections-efficacy-study-grades-6-7-8 Study results indicate that <i>Collections</i> is effective at improving the ability of Grade 7 and 9 students to analyze complex texts, determine evidence, reason critically, and communicate thoughtfully. In addition, the results showed that students in <i>Collections</i> classrooms made statistically significant gains in both							
	Grades 7 and 9 over the course of the full year, and the program was effective for both lower- and higher-scoring pretest students. https://www.hmhco.com/research/collections-impact-study-grades-7-9							

	Progress Monitoring										
	Assessment & Frequency	Performance Criteria that indicates Tier 1 is sufficient	Performance Criteria to that would prompt addition of Tier 2 interventions								
•	Achieve3000 Level Set- 3x/year	Student is meeting or exceeding growth target goals.	Student is not meeting individual growth goals								

How is the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction being monitored?

District diagnostics, quarterly assessments, and walkthrough data are reviewed at the district and school levels. School-based MTSS Lead Team (MLT) review academic, instructional, attendance, and behavioral data to identify barriers to learning. School leaders and teacher also meet to review student work samples and formative assessments to inform future instruction.

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction?

MLT monitor data and meet to discuss areas of concern, identify root causes, and devise plans for improving the effectiveness of Tier 1 instruction.

How is the effectiveness of Tier 1 curriculum being monitored?

By monitoring formative and summative data and weekly classroom walkthroughs data.

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 1 curriculum?

District leaders monitor walkthrough and assessment data to identify trends and adjust district resources and support accordingly. MLT engage in the same review at the school level to ensure the curriculum is meeting the needs of their students.

How is instruction modified for students who receive instruction through distance learning?

Due to the district distribution of laptops and hotspots, most students are able to participate online in live lessons with teachers and engage in learning through blended learning platforms. Instruction will be delivered with through synchronous and asynchronous learning opportunities. In special circumstances, packets are available for students who require such accommodations.

IF: Student meets the following criteria at beginning of school year:

Ninth Grade

Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 650L-795L

Tenth Grade

Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 715L-865L

Eleventh Grade

Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 775L-930L

Twelfth Grade

Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 775L-930L

TIER 1 instruction and TIER 2 interventions

THEN:

How are Tier 2 interventions modified for students who receive interventions through distance learning? Tier 2 intervention lessons are being delivered through live lessons and assignments in the district's LMS and through the i-Ready blended learning platform.

IF:	Student meets the following criteri	a at beg	inning of s	chool year:							
	Ninth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of	⁻ 645L or	lower								
	Tenth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 710L or lower										
	Eleventh Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 770L or lower										
	Twelfth Grade Achieve3000 Fall Level Set score of 770L or lower										
THEN:	TIER 1 instruction, TIER 2 interventions, and TIER 3 intensive interventions										
3 Intensive	 Immediate, intensive intervention: extended time targeted instruction based on student need small group or one-on-one instruction accommodations (IEP, ESOL, or 504) more frequent progress monitoring than TIER 1 instruction and TIER 2 interventions additional time allotted is in addition to core instruction and tier 2 interventions 										
TIER	TIER 3 Programs/Materials/Strategies & Duration	TIER 3 Progress Monitoring									
2 interventions, and TIER Interventions		Assessment & Frequency		Performance Criteria to remove Tier 3 and continue Tier 2 interventions in addition to Tier 1 instruction	ove Tier 3 and continue that would pro er 2 interventions in changes to Tie						
TER 2 interventio Interventions	Actively Learn	Achieve (month format assess (weekl	nly) and ive ment	Achieve3000 Lexile shows student has met stretch goal	Achive3000 Lexile is not increasing						
TIER 1 instruction, 1	Chalk Talk	Achieve (month format assess (weekl	nly) and ive ment	Achieve3000 Lexile shows student has met stretch goal	Achive3000 Lexile is not increasing						
TIER 3	All Tier 3 Interventions must be proviendorsement.	ded by a	teacher wl	no is certified in reading or has	s the reading						
	Number of times a week intervention provided	•	5	Number of minutes per inte session	rvention	45					

What procedures are in place to identify and solve problems to improve effectiveness of Tier 3 intervention, including alignment with core curriculum and instruction?

Students' progress in Tier 3 interventions is monitored so that lack of progress is identified and the Collaborative Problem Solving Team (CPST) can collaborate to identify possible barriers to the student's learning. The CPST meets to develop a support plan. If the support plan is for the student, the CPST will decide who is able to conduct classroom visits (a minimum of two times) to monitor the fidelity of implementation. If the CPST cannot offer additional layers of support, the CPST will ask for the student to be placed on the Multi-Disciplined Referral Team (MRT) agenda.

Explain how the use of the programs/materials/strategies is supported by strong evidence, moderate evidence, or promising evidence.

Actively Learn

Actively Learn provides access to digital texts with embedded scaffolding, engagement strategies, collaboration opportunities, and higher-order questions aligned to standards. The curriculum includes the following practices from Hattie's (2016) meta-analysis:

Classroom discussion- effect size .82

Feedback- effect size .75

Comprehension program- effect size .60

Cooperative learning- effect size .59

ChalkTalk

In just 10-15 weeks, schools who used ChalkTalk had students experience 2-6x more growth on the SAT/ACT compared to their peers who received 52 weeks of traditional classroom instruction. https://chalktalk.com/results/#impact-studies

How are Tier 3 interventions modified for students who receive interventions through distance learning? Tier 3 intervention lessons will be delivered through live lessons and assignments in the district's LMS.

Appendix 1- i-Ready Placement Tables

Reading Placements—Overall

						S	tudent Grad	e					
Placement Grade Level	Grade K	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 12
Emerging K	100-361	100-346	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Grade K	362-479	347-433	100-418	100-418	100-418	100-418	100-418	100-418	100-418	100-418	100-418	100-418	100-418
Grade 1	480-536	434-536	419-488	419-473	419-473	419-473	419-473	419-473	419-473	419-473	419-473	419-473	419-473
Grade 2	537-560	537-560	489-560	474-510	474-495	474-495	474-495	474-495	474-495	474-495	474-495	474-495	474-495
Grade 3	561-800	561-602	561-602	511-602	496-556	496-541	496-541	496-541	496-541	496-541	496-541	496-541	496-541
Grade 4	N/A	603-800	603-629	603-629	557-629	542-580	542-565	542-565	542-565	542-565	542-565	542-565	542-565
Grade 5	N/A	N/A	630-800	630-640	630-640	581-640	566-597	566-582	566-582	566-582	566-582	566-582	566-582
Grade 6	N/A	N/A	N/A	641-800	641-653	641-653	598-653	583-608	583-593	583-593	583-593	583-593	583-593
Grade 7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	654-800	654-669	654-669	609-669	594-619	594-604	594-604	594-604	594-604
Grade 8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	670-800	670-684	670-684	620-684	605-639	605-624	605-624	605-624
Grade 9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	685-800	685-703	685-703	640-703	625-651	625-636	625-636
Grade 10	N/A	704-800	704-723	704-723	652-723	637-659	637-644						
Grade 11	N/A	N/A	724-800	724-735	724-735	660-735	645-667						
Grade 12	N/A	N/A	N/A	736-800	736-800	736-800	668-800						

		Student Grade												
On-Grade Ranges	Grade K	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 12	
Early	362-395	434-457	489-512	511-544	557-578	581-608	598-615	609-631	620-641	640-660	652-672	660-691	668-703	
Mid	396-423	458-479	513-536	545-560	579-602	609-629	616-640	632-653	642-669	661-684	673-703	692-723	704-735	
Late	424-479	480-536	537-560	561-602	603-629	630-640	641-653	654-669	670-684	685-703	704-723	724-735	736-800	

Email: <u>i-ReadySupport@cainc.com</u> Phone: (800) 225-0248



2017 Lexile National User Norms – English Source: MetaMetrics, Inc.¹

FALL - Selected Percentile	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grades 11 and 12
10	BR410L to BR395L	BR90L to BR80L	180L to 195L	410L to 420L	595L to 605L	680L to 690L	755L to 765L	815L to 825L	870L to 880L	920L to 930L	960L to 970L
25	BR200L to BR195L	100L to 105L	355L to 360L	570L to 575L	745L to 750L	835L	910L	970L	1025L	1075L	1115L to 1120L
50	10L	290L	530L to 535L	735L	900L	990L	1060L	1125L	1180L	1230L	1270L to 1275L
75	220L to 225L	480L to 485L	705L to 710L	895L to 900L	1050L to 1055L	1140L to 1145L	1215L	1280L	1335L	1385L	1425L to 1430L
90	430L to 445L	670L to 685L	880L to 895L	1055L to 1070L	1205L to 1215L	1295L to 1305L	1370L to 1380L	1430L to 1445L	1490L to 1500L	1540L to 1550L	1585L to 1595L

WINTER - Selected Percentile	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grades 11 and 12
10	BR325L to BR310L	BR15L to OL	245L to 260L	480L to 490L	620L to 630L	700L to 710L	770L to 780L	830L to 840L	885L to 895L	930L to 940L	970L to 980L
25	BR120L to BR115L	170L to 175L	415L to 420L	635L to 640L	770L to 775L	855L	925L	985L to 990L	1040L	1085L to 1090L	1130L
50	85L to 90L	355L to 360L	590L	790L to 795L	925L	1010L	1080L	1140L	1195L	1240L	1285L
75	290L to 295L	545L	760L	950L	1075L to 1080L	1160L to 1165L	1230L to 1235L	1295L	1345L to 1350L	1395L to 1400L	1440L
90	495L to 515L	730L to 745L	930L to 945L	1105L to 1115L	1230L to 1240L	1315L to 1325L	1385L to 1395L	1450L to 1460L	1500L to 1515L	1550L to 1560L	1595L to 1605L

SPRING - Selected Percentile	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grades 11 and 12
10	BR235L to BR220L	60L to 75L	310L to 320L	550L to 560L	645L to 655L	720L to 730L	790L to 800L	845L to 855L	895L to 905L	940L to 950L	985L to 995L
25	BR35L to BR30L	245L	480L	700L	795L to 800L	875L to 880L	940L to 945L	1000L to 1005L	1050L to 1055L	1095L to 1100L	1140L
50	165L to 170L	425L	645L	850L	950L	1030L	1095L	1155L	1205L	1250L to 1255L	1295L
75	365L to 370L	605L to 610L	810L to 815L	1005L	1100L to 1105L	1180L to 1185L	1250L to 1255L	1310L	1360L to 1365L	1410L	1450L
90	565L to 580L	790L to 800L	980L to 990L	1155L to 1165L	1255L to 1265L	1335L to 1345L	1405L to 1415L	1465L to 1475L	1515L to 1525L	1565L to 1575L	1605L to 1615L

¹ MetaMetrics, Inc. (2017). The Lexile Framework® for Reading: 2017 Lexile National User Norms. Durham, NC: Author.

Appendix 3 References

Hattie, J. (2016). Visible learning for literacy: Implementing the practices that work. Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Literacy.

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