Florida Department of Education Division of Career and Adult Education

2018-2019

Quality Assurance and Compliance Policies, Procedures and Protocols



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Division of Career and Adult Education Quality Assurance and Compliance Policies, Procedures and Protocols

SECTION 1 - GENERAL PROVISIONS

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of this section is to define the role, authority, philosophy, and support of the Division of Career and Adult Education's responsibility to design, develop and implement a comprehensive Quality Assurance and Compliance System including monitoring activities for its federal and state funded grants.

A WAY OF WORK

The Florida Department of Education (FDOE), Division of Career and Adult Education (DCAE) in carrying out its roles of leadership, resource allocation, technical assistance, monitoring, and evaluation is required to oversee the performance and regulatory compliance of recipients of federal and state funding. The Quality Assurance and Compliance section is responsible for the design, development, implementation and evaluation of a comprehensive system of quality assurance and compliance including monitoring. The role of the Quality Assurance and Compliance System is to assure financial accountability, program quality, and regulatory compliance. As stewards of federal and state funds, it is incumbent upon the division to monitor the use of career and technical education (CTE) and adult education (AE) funds in addition to the regulatory compliance of providers on a regular basis.

The monitoring component of the system is risk-based. Risk assessment is a process used to evaluate variables associated with the grants by assigning a rating for a provider's level of risk to the FDOE. In order to complete a risk assessment, certain risk factors have been identified which may affect the level of risk for each provider. A Risk Matrix is completed for each provider that has received funding.

PURPOSE OF MONITORING

The purpose of monitoring is to identify the specific areas in which a provider is in compliance or noncompliance with federal law and regulations; state statutes and rules; Uniform Grant Guidance (UGG), Federal Register Part III, Office of Management and Budget (OMB) 2 C.F.R. Chapter 1, Part 200, et al. Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards; Final Rule. The timely identification of non-compliance provides the Office of Management and Budget framework to make changes that are expected to result in programs becoming more efficient and effective. Addressing the providers' program performance is essential to the division's accountability system. A comprehensive and multi-dimensional Quality Assurance and Compliance System is a foundation for continuous improvement of services and systems both internally and externally. Our commitment to excellence supports accountability, collaboration, targeted technical assistance, continuous improvement, and positive systemic change.

AUTHORITY

The Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act* (WIOA) was signed into law on July 22, 2014. This was the first legislative reform in 15 years of the public workforce system. In general, the rules and guidelines set forth by the WIOA became effective on July 1, 2015. The 2015-2016 year served as a transition year for agencies receiving state and federal grant dollars. The WIOA was executed during the 2016-2017 monitoring year. The State Unified Plans and Common Performance Accountability provisions took effect July 1, 2016. The U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) will issue further guidance on the timeframes for implementation of these changes.

The FDOE receives federal funding from the United States Department of Education (USED) for Adult Education and Family Literacy under the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act of 1998 and for Career and Technical Education (CTE) under the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006. FDOE awards subgrants to eligible providers to administer local programs. FDOE must monitor providers to ensure compliance with federal requirements, including Florida's approved state plans for Career and Adult Education, as specified in Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) 34 C.F.R. § 76.770, 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.328 (monitoring and reporting program performance) and 200.501 (audit requirements) and § 215.86, Florida Statutes (Fla. Stat.).

UGG Part 200 – Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. § 200.100 Purpose. This section denotes the uniform nature of standards and requirements for all federal grants and cooperative agreements irrespective of entity type and removes explicit reference to Institutions of Higher Education (IHEs), hospitals, and other non-profit organizations.

UGG § 200.101 Applicability. This Section adds explicit reference to Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act of (ISDEAA) as amended, 25 U.S.C. 450-458ddd-2, for tribal entities.

EDGAR Part 76 State Administered Programs. 34 C.F.R. section 76.1 states that "[t]he regulations in part 76 apply to each State-administered program of the Department." Pursuant to EDGAR 34 C.F.R. § 76.770, a state shall have procedures to ensure compliance. "Each State shall have procedures for reviewing and approving applications for subgrants and amendments to those applications, for providing technical assistance, for evaluating projects, and for performing other administrative responsibilities the State has determined are necessary to ensure compliance with applicable statutes and regulations."

UGG § 200.51 Grant agreement. § 200.51 defines uniform administrative rules for federal grants and cooperative agreements and sub awards to state, local and Indian tribal agreements.

UGG § 200.328 Monitoring and reporting program performance. Providers are responsible for managing the day-to-day operations of grant and subgrant supported activities. Providers must monitor grant and subgrant supported activities to assure compliance with applicable federal requirements and that performance goals are being achieved. Provider monitoring must cover such program, function or activity.

UGG § 200.513 Responsibilities. This section requires federal awarding agencies to designate a cognizant agent who will be responsible for overseeing effective use of the single audit tool and implementing metrics to evaluate audit follow-up. This section also encourages federal awarding agencies to make effective use of cooperative audit resolution practices in order to reduce repeated audit findings.

§ 215.86, Fla. Stat., Management system and controls. "Each state agency and the judicial branch as defined in § 216.011, Fla. Stat., shall establish and maintain management systems and controls that promote and encourage compliance; economic, efficient, and effective operations; reliability of records and reports; and safeguarding of assets. Accounting systems and procedures shall be designed to fulfill the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles."

\$1008.32, Fla. Stat., State Board of Education oversight enforcement authority. This section addresses the responsibility of the State Board of Education for oversight and enforcement relative to compliance.

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 [PL. 88-352]; Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 as amended [20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1683 and 1685-1686]; Section 504 of the Rehabilitative Act of 1973, as

amended [29 U.S.C. § 794]; Section 1000.05, Florida Statutes: "The Florida Educational Equity Act"; Section 760.10, Florida Statutes: "Unlawful Employment Practices" Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 and the Age Discrimination Act of 1972.

The Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA) of 2008 prohibits discrimination on the basis of genetic information. Civil right compliance obligations are monitored by the following:

- Secondary and technical education centers operated by public school districts: The Office of Equal Educational Opportunity (OEEO); contact phone number: 850-245-0511
- Postsecondary public education institutions: The Office of Equity and Civil Rights Compliance (OECR), Division of Florida Colleges; contact phone number: 850-245-9468

The Project Application and Amendment Procedures for Federal and State Programs (Green Book at http://www.FLDOE.org/grants/greenbook/)

Financial and Program Cost Accounting and Reporting for Florida Schools (Red Book at http://www.FLDOE.org/finance/fl-edu-finance-program-fefp/financial-program-cost-accounting-repo.stml)

Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirement for Federal Awards (2 C.F.R. Part 200 at <u>http://www.ecfr.gov.cgi-bin/text-</u> idx?tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title02/2cfr200_main_02.tpludit-requirements-for-federal-awards)

UGG Part 200_§ 200.331 Monitoring and reporting program performance. The non-Federal entity is responsible for oversight of the operations of Federal award supported activities. The non-Federal entity must monitor its activities under Federal awards to assure compliance with applicable Federal requirements and performance expectations are being achieved. Monitoring also must cover each program function or activity.

STRATEGIC IMPERATIVE

The FDOE operates within the following guiding principles: a coordinated K-20 seamless system, student-centered, access, equity, academic excellence, and flexibility. Strategic focus areas within Florida's Next Generation PreK-20 Education Strategic Plan have also been developed to assist the Department in long-range planning efforts. The Division of Career and Adult Education specifically addresses the following strategic focus areas:

- 1. Expand opportunities for postsecondary degrees and certificates.
- 2. Improve College and Career Readiness.

OPERATIONAL STANDARDS – ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Section 200.513 of the UGG requires that the FDOE monitor the activities of providers to ensure that performance measures are achieved and federal funds are expended for authorized purposes. Monitoring will support compliance with federal laws and regulations, state statutes and rules, and the provisions of an approved grant award. A Quality Assurance and Compliance System includes various monitoring strategies such as: phone calls, emails, conference calls, webinars, grant application reviews, desk monitoring review activities, records reviews, targeted technical assistance, corrective action plans, onsite visits, verification and/or referrals for fiscal or data reviews.

Quality Assurance and Compliance staff is expected to coordinate and complete compliance and performance monitoring in accordance with the system requirements. Staff is required to render impartial and unbiased judgments in the review of provider performance and compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the approved grant award, as well as applicable state and federal laws.

Quality Assurance and Compliance staff is expected to demonstrate, model, and reinforce the values of integrity, accountability, quality, urgency, responsiveness, personal responsibility, courtesy, collaboration and innovation. Staff will demonstrate these values at all times in their interactions with co-workers, supervisors, providers and other stakeholders; in their personal contributions to work assignments and projects; and when representing FDOE.

SECTION 2 - IMPLEMENTATION FUNDAMENTALS

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of this section is to identify essential fundamentals of the implementation of the Quality Assurance and Compliance System. A statement of purpose will provide clarity regarding the goal of the specific component or monitoring activity.

GENERAL PROCEDURES

Each module has been developed to provide consistency and order to the application of the quality assurance and compliance activities as they are developed. For each component of the module, certain elements may be present.

Regulatory Authority: Protocols will be substantiated with the regulatory citation as appropriate.

<u>Protocols</u>: In order to substantiate compliance vs. non-compliance, protocols are developed to ensure consistent application of regulatory requirements. For example, the use of interview protocols, record review checklists or observation guidelines will support clear expectations and findings of fact. Forms and checklists are developed to ensure efficient monitoring processes.

<u>Consistent Use of Terms</u>: The sub-grantee or vendor will be referred to as the <u>provider or agency</u> in the contents of the monitoring papers. Other terms will be defined in applicable laws and regulations; excerpts are included in this document.

STAKEHOLDER INVOLVEMENT

The DCAE is committed to the inclusion of stakeholder involvement in the Quality Assurance and Compliance System. Participation of school districts, community colleges, state colleges and universities, government agencies, community/faith-based organizations, students and families and division staff ensures a dynamic and transparent system. As the Quality Assurance and Compliance System is developed and implemented, it will evolve based upon the input of stakeholders, in addition to implementation activities. The Advisory Council acts in an advisory capacity to ensure stakeholder participation in the Quality Assurance and Compliance process; there is no approval authority. Final authority for decision-making lies with the division.

<u>Quality Assurance Advisory Council</u>: The Advisory Council may convene, in person or by phone, to review and give feedback regarding the Quality Assurance processes and tools. This workgroup may also assist in the review of data and trends to ensure meaningful development and revision of the system to identify the need for statewide systemic technical assistance activities, and assist in the evaluation of the system.

<u>Focus Groups</u>: Representatives associated with the grants awarded as a provider or student may be solicited from across the state to participate in periodic focus groups during the year. The focus groups may give input regarding a single issue or topic. Groups may be contacted to complete surveys via phone, email or mail. Focus groups may also be organized to meet during onsite visits.

<u>Peer Monitors</u>: Peer monitors can be an invaluable asset to the quality assurance process, especially monitoring. Persons from the field are nominated to participate in the monitoring process and bring a wealth of training and expertise to their assignment. Peer monitors may be used across disciplines and can be a key tool in times of shrinking resources.

Qualified persons from local providers, FDOE and/or outside agencies may be recruited to participate in the monitoring processes with the FDOE monitoring section. Use of peer monitors will increase monitoring resources, provide training on the monitoring process, and support an effective and efficient system. The division may implement a peer monitoring system.

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

In order to ensure the consistent interpretation and application of the components of the Quality Assurance and Compliance System, it is crucial to provide training to internal and external customers. Training will be available to internal division staff. The participation of representatives of the grants administration and program areas is an asset to any monitoring process. Training will be available through various methods to ensure access for all interested parties.

Targeted providers designated to have an onsite visit or desk monitoring review within the monitoring year will receive training via webinar regarding the monitoring activities and procedures specific to the visit.

SECTION 3 - PROVIDER SELECTION

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of this section is to identify how providers are selected for specific monitoring strategies.

Various sources of data are used throughout the implementation of the Quality Assurance and Compliance System. The monitoring component of the system is risk-based. Risk Assessment is a process used to evaluate variables by assigning a rating to the provider for the level of risk to the FDOE and the division. A Risk Matrix, identifying certain operational risk factors, is completed for each provider. The results of the Risk Assessment process and consideration of available resources are used to determine one or more appropriate monitoring strategies to be implemented.

Those agencies with high Risk Assessment scores will be monitored with consideration of the resources available. Unique circumstances may contribute to the addition or postponement of onsite monitoring or desk monitoring review for some agencies.

A provider who received an onsite monitoring visit in the previous year but reappeared as high risk on the risk assessment during the current monitoring year may be required to complete a desk monitoring review. Furthermore, a provider that required a follow-up on a resolution plan from the previous year onsite monitoring visit may also be required to complete a desk monitoring review.

Any monitoring strategy may be utilized up to and including, onsite or desk monitoring, if determined necessary by the chancellor or director or requested by other divisional leadership staff; such monitoring activity may be announced or unannounced.

Those agencies that were either monitored onsite or by desk monitoring review during a given year may not be subject to the same activity in two subsequent years. However, there are those agencies whose size may dictate monitoring by regions or geographic areas during successive years, such arrangements will be made with the individual provider.

In some cases, specifically with community and faith-based organizations (CBOs and FBOs) including Career and Technical Student Organizations (CTSOs), the evaluations of the risk factors result in similar scores. Therefore, such organizations may be evaluated on a periodic and/or cyclical basis as determined appropriate by the division. For onsite visits, agencies may be chosen to coincide with regularly scheduled travel or scheduled separately as determined by the director.

DATA REVIEW

The level of compliance and performance of services delivered by each provider requires continuous monitoring. Data is a key accountability tool used to measure past and present performance. The review of data is an integral part of the activities, which will support the appropriate monitoring strategy for selected service providers. Following are some of the data sources that may be used to assess a provider's performance:

- Grant Application including Assurances
- Project Disbursement Report (DOE 499 and 399)
- Florida Grants System (FLAGS)
- Project Amendment Request(s)
- Auditor General Audit Reports
- Community-Based Organizations' (CBO) Audit Reports
- National Reporting System (NRS) Adult Education Annual Report

- Florida Education Training and Placement Information Program (FETPIP)
- Workforce Development Information System (WDIS)
- Career and Technical Education Annual Report Consolidated Annual Report (CAR)
- CBO data system
- Program Improvement Plan (PIP), Perkins Performance Measures

LEADERSHIP CONTRACTS

Contracts that promote and support the providers of CTE and AE programs to enhance student performance will be monitored. Once targeted providers are identified for onsite or desk monitoring review, such support contracts may be included in scheduled activities. Should additional protocols be developed specific to these agencies, such protocols would be distributed prior to any monitoring activities. Alternative schedules may also be implemented. Such contracts include, but are not limited to, leadership grants, associations and CTSOs.

SECTION 4 - RISK ASSESSMENT

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of a risk assessment is to identify the primary process used by the Quality Assurance and Compliance section to select Career and Adult Education providers for specific monitoring strategies.

Risk assessment is a process used to evaluate variables by assigning a rating to the provider for the level of risk to FDOE.

Risk Factors:

The risk assessment is based on an evaluation of certain risk factors related to the provider. The decisions to identify risk factors must take into account the accessibility, availability and relevance of the required data. The following are the risk factors that are currently being used:

- 1. Volume of federal funds
 - Greater funding may entail greater risk.
 - The allocation of one million dollars carries significantly more risk than one thousand dollars.
- 2. Number of grants
 - The more grants a provider administers, the higher the risk.
- 3. PIP Index (for career and technical education)
 - Providers that are unable to meet the projected level of performance on specific indicators present higher risk than a provider that meets or exceeds the projected level of performance on specific indicators.
 - Providers having the same measure with a PIP over multiple years would yield greater risk than a provider with no PIP.
- 4. Organizational changes
 - A change in director during the previous fiscal years may affect coordination and implementation of the grant.
- A seasoned director presents less risk than one who is new to the responsibilities of the position. 5. Unexpended grant funds
 - A lack of internal controls and/or program issue must be considered.
 - The monies requested or allocated may not coincide with actual need.
- 6. History of audit findings
 - Consider the number of findings from three prior auditor general audits; negative findings indicate increased risk, repeated or uncorrected findings indicate even greater risk.
- 7. Last monitoring review conducted
 - The last time a provider received a monitoring review is assessed.
 - A provider that has not received a monitoring review poses a greater risk of being out of compliance as opposed to a provider that has been monitored.
- 8. Management Information Systems (MIS) system changes
 - A change in MIS system during the previous fiscal year versus the current year may contribute to data submission errors and coordination and implementation of grant data.
- 9. Adult Education Performance and Post-Test Status Records
 - Adult Education providers not achieving the state performance targets pose a greater risk than a provider that meets or exceeds the projected level of performance targets.

Risk Matrix:

The risk assessment tool, the Risk Matrix, uses predetermined risk factors to rank career and adult education grants and thus, identify targeted providers.

- Specific risk factors are identified on the Risk Matrix;
- A scale of specific criteria is established;
- A value is assigned for each of the criteria;
- The value is multiplied by the risk factor weight;
- Results in a total number of points for the specific risk factor;
- Using the summarized information, a quartile analysis is used to divide the allocations and to determine the point value used to calculate the risk scores; and
- The points for each risk factor are totaled for a level of risk score for the agency.

The higher score indicates a greater level of risk. However, **A HIGH RISK ASSESSMENT SCORE SHOULD NEVER BE INTERPRETED AS A NEGATIVE REFLECTION ON THE PROVIDER.** The division will review specific risk factors, criteria scale, values and risk factor weights annually and make appropriate changes as needed.

Linking the Risk Assessment and the Monitoring Strategy:

The Risk Assessment process is used by the Quality Assurance and Compliance section to determine the monitoring strategy appropriate for each provider. Once a provider is linked to a specific monitoring strategy, then consideration of the current status of all career and technical and adult education funded grants in the geographic area may be reviewed. The review of the Risk Assessment process will be ongoing. Use of the Risk Assessment process does not limit the division's ability to monitor any provider or other contracts at any time.

The Quality Assurance and Compliance section may apply any specific monitoring strategy to any federal or state-funded provider at any time. There may be circumstances that may warrant onsite monitoring, desk monitoring review or other strategies regardless of a provider's risk matrix score. Although the Risk Assessment process is the primary means by which monitoring strategies are determined, it is not the only method that may be used. For example, to ensure the effective and efficient use of resources, there may be opportunities to evaluate and monitor other career and technical and adult education grants, providers or programs in the geographical area at the same time that targeted providers are monitored.

Module B

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SECTION 1 - MONITORING STRATEGIES

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of monitoring strategies is to identify a continuum of activities that may be used by the Quality Assurance and Compliance section to monitor providers and to ensure quality assurance including performance and compliance.

The following activities may be used as monitoring strategies with a provider at any time during the monitoring process. The intensity, frequency and purpose of use may vary according to the monitoring strategy required for the provider. Various monitoring strategies may be utilized to ensure a comprehensive and multi-dimensional Quality Assurance and Compliance System. The Division is not limited to apply a specific strategy to any provider at any time.

Strategies include:

<u>Phone Calls and Email</u>: Communication occurs with a provider to engage in monitoring activities, including targeted technical assistance or, as a periodic reporting mechanism, through one or more phone calls or email.

Webinar: Various technologies may be used to conduct a webinar to complete monitoring and follow-up activities with the provider.

<u>Records Review</u>: Specific records and documentation are identified and requested to be submitted for a compliance review onsite or desk monitoring review. Selected records may include, but are not limited to, invoices, purchase orders, travel documents, equipment lists, personnel records, student records/data, technology plans and existing policies and procedures.

<u>Technical Assistance</u>: The DCAE or other designated parties provide services that will assist providers with program and fiscal accountability, program and data quality management, policies and procedures.

<u>Onsite Visit</u>: Monitoring activities are conducted onsite that may include the following: records review, observations, interviews, or other activities to perform a comprehensive review of compliance and program performance.

<u>Verification</u>: Activities are used to ensure the accuracy and consistency of the provider's performance, documentation, policies and procedures or data.

<u>Desk Review</u>: Activities include a review of the provider's grant implementation, supporting documentation, requested records, and conducting phone interviews and exit conference.

<u>Program Improvement Plans (PIPs)/Action Plans/Corrective Action Plans (CAPs)</u>: Activities or strategies are developed by the provider to achieve program improvement and compliance. If applicable, this may include following up with a provider on the strategies implemented for the targeted year's PIPs and reviewing any supporting documentation supporting the PIPs.

<u>Referral for Fiscal Review</u>: A selected provider having one or more fiscal issues that do not constitute a finding may be referred to the Department of Education Grants Management or Comptroller's Office for further review or action.

<u>Referral for Data Review</u>: A selected provider having one or more data issues that do not constitute a finding may be referred for a data quality review within FDOE.

SECTION 2 - MONITORING PROCESSES

<u>Purpose</u>: Compliance and performance monitoring provides FDOE with information necessary to assess the fiscal and programmatic accountability of its providers. This section outlines the expectations for and activities of Quality Assurance and Compliance monitoring.

Major Activities:

The following activities may be included as part of the monitoring process:

- Correspondence and notification
- *Entrance Conference
- *Interviews: administrative
- *Observations
- Records review: administrative, program, personnel, financial and equipment inventory documentation
- Data verification
- Exit Conference
- Surveys
- Targeted technical assistance
- Development, review and follow-up of Corrective Action/Action Plans/Program Improvement Plans
- Verification and closure

*Denotes activities not applicable to desk monitoring review

<u>Communication</u>: In order to ensure consistent communication between the FDOE Quality Assurance and Compliance section and the individual provider, guidelines for the communication process are established. By designating a provider contact and by setting timelines, each provider will be informed of the expectations for completing the specific tasks required to implement the monitoring processes effectively. The initial notification letter and final report will be addressed to the provider's agency head. All remaining written communications will be directed to the provider's designated contact person(s). Any exceptions or issues that arise from a monitoring strategy should be addressed with the director of Quality Assurance and Compliance.

<u>Notification</u>: Providers will be notified of a monitoring activity by a phone call from the director within a reasonable time of a scheduled activity. This call will be followed by written notification to the agency head. Additional phone calls will be held to coordinate the activity with the agency contact person and the monitoring team leader to ensure that the provider is informed of the monitoring components. Electronic mail is considered written notification when used.

<u>Designation of Provider Contact</u>: The provider designates a person to act as the primary contact for all monitoring functions. In some circumstances, two persons may be designated.

<u>Designation of Quality Assurance and Compliance Team Leader</u>: The director will designate a team leader for all monitoring functions, including onsite visits and desk monitoring reviews. The team leader is responsible for coordinating the logistics specific to a provider.

<u>Quality Assurance and Compliance Section</u>: The Quality Assurance and Compliance section is responsible for completing all monitoring activities.

<u>Length of Monitoring Activity</u>: The length of the visit may be determined by several factors including: the number of grants to be monitored, the location(s) of the program(s), the complexity of the systems or documentation as well as available resources.

<u>Communication Prior to Monitoring Activities</u>: Following the Quality Assurance and Compliance Provider Training webinar, the designated team leader will conduct a phone call with the provider-designated contact person(s) to discuss the monitoring process.

The agency will be asked to provide any other information regarding its programs, policies and procedures, or geographic area that may influence activities during the monitoring process. Additional documents may need to be forwarded to the Quality Assurance and Compliance section prior to the monitoring review. Assistance will be provided to targeted providers regarding the monitoring policies, procedures, and protocols.

<u>Entrance Conference</u>: The Quality Assurance and Compliance section conducts an entrance conference with the provider's official representative(s) on the first day of the visit. The provider may invite other persons as appropriate. The provider may present an overview of its programs, services and systems which operate with the grant funds. The monitoring team leader describes the activities that will take place during the visit. The team leader may request records covering the monitoring period. The entrance conference provides an opportunity for both parties to review the schedule and work out any logistics that may contribute to an efficient and effective visit. This time also provides an opportunity for some general discussion among the Quality Assurance and Compliance section and the provider's representatives.

<u>Interviews</u>: Individual and/or group interviews will be conducted during the visit; however, during the course of the visit any agency personnel may be requested to participate in an interview. The provider is expected to make every effort to ensure that persons to be interviewed are available.

<u>Onsite Visits to Locations</u>: The format of the onsite visit at a location may vary depending on the size and programs available. When possible, section members will meet with a group of students participating in the programs, observe classrooms and conduct records reviews.

<u>Daily Debriefing</u>: The Quality Assurance and Compliance team leader may provide a debriefing to the provider's designated representative at the end of each day of monitoring. The team leader will discuss any issues or concerns found during the monitoring activities and address any provider concerns. This debriefing also enables the provider to locate any additional documentation that may be necessary to substantiate compliance.

<u>Exit Conference</u>: Upon the conclusion of the monitoring activity, an exit conference is held. An exit conference will be held in person for onsite providers and by phone for desk-monitored providers. In attendance are members of the Quality Assurance and Compliance section and the provider's designated participants. The provider may invite other persons as appropriate. The purpose of the exit conference is to provide a summary of the general results and to discuss the provider's findings and concerns, if applicable. Conference calls may be used to facilitate an exit conference following an onsite visit. Requests for additional time to submit documentation following the exit conference must be approved by the director.

Monitoring Review Report Definitions (Onsite and Desk):

Preliminary Report - The report sent to the provider that affords them the opportunity to propose any revisions or suggestions. If a resolution plan is required due to any findings, it is in the preliminary report where the resolution plan must be completed, signed and dated for review. This report becomes the final report once it has been reviewed and returned by the provider.

Final Report - The report that has been reviewed and routed within the Division and includes any accepted revisions or suggestions and completed resolution plan. A hard copy of the final report will be sent to the college president, school district superintendent or local education agency head via United States Postal Service. A copy of this report will also be sent to the agency designee by email. This report will be posted on the Division's website.

Monitoring Review Report Timelines:

Onsite Preliminary Monitoring Reports - The timeline to develop the preliminary report starts the first day the team leader returns to the office from the field. The team leader has up to 45 business days to complete the preliminary report in its entirety.

Onsite Final Monitoring Reports - The date the preliminary report is received back from the provider, the preliminary report becomes the final report. The team leader has up to 30 days to send the final report to the provider.

Desk Preliminary Monitoring Reports - The timeline to develop the preliminary report starts the first day the desk monitoring review instrument has been reviewed by the team leader (five days after being received back from the provider to complete). The team leader has up to 60 business days to complete the preliminary report in its entirety.

Desk Final Monitoring Reports - The date the preliminary report is received back from the provider, the preliminary report becomes the final report. The team leader has up to 30 days to send the final report to the provider.

<u>Follow-up Activities</u>: The Quality Assurance and Compliance team leader is required to work with the provider, when applicable, to develop and ensure that the Resolution Plan is comprehensive, timely and completed. Additional monitoring or further requests for documentation may be implemented to ensure full compliance.

SECTION 3 - RESOLUTION ACTIVITIES

<u>Purpose</u>: Resolution activities identify those specific actions/strategies to be implemented by the provider that will address and resolve non-compliance findings, systemic issues, concerns and/or the lack of achievement with performance measures or indicators.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Once the monitoring visit/review is completed, items of non-compliance are identified. In order to ensure the correction of those items, a Corrective Action Plan is developed. The Corrective Action Plan must identify the findings and the specific strategies the provider will implement to ensure corrective actions have been completed to achieve full compliance. Dates of completion are expected. All Corrective Action Plans must be approved by the director and/or the team leader.

ACTION PLAN

Within the results of the monitoring activity, concerns may be noted. Concerns focus on areas that need to be addressed to increase quality and minimize the potential for future findings. Such concerns are listed in the Action Plan; providers are required to address the concerns noted. Action Plans must be approved by the director and/or the team leader.

Components of Resolution Plan:

One form is used for all plans. The following components shall be included in each plan:

- A statement of the finding/concern
- Action(s) by the provider to address the finding/concern and ensure full resolution
- Person(s) responsible for implementation of the strategies
- Projected date of completion
- Targeted technical assistance

The designated Quality Assurance and Compliance team leader is required to work with the provider to ensure that the plan is comprehensive, timely and completed. Failure to develop or implement approved resolution plans may be addressed through additional monitoring strategies and/or enforcement activities. All findings and/or concerns must be resolved within one year of the plan being accepted and signed, unless approved otherwise by the director.

PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT PLAN

When a provider is unable to meet the projected level of performance on specific indicators for CTE Programs, a Program Improvement Plan is required. Division staff works to ensure consistency with the requirements, review, approval and follow-up of Program Improvement Plans.

TARGETED TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

As areas of non-compliance are identified locally or across the state, targeted technical assistance may be provided to support full compliance and systemic change for program improvement. Targeted technical assistance addresses specific areas of identified need for an individual provider, a group of providers, or statewide, based on the frequency of the identified need. This need may be identified through federal or state reviews and/or audits that demonstrate repeated issues of non-compliance; thus, the need for systemic change. For example, targeted technical assistance may be provided statewide as a result of a monitoring finding to ensure that the resolution is consistently and adequately interpreted and addressed. Targeted technical assistance may be provided by the Quality Assurance and Compliance section, other division or FDOE staff or through other sources outside the department.

SECTION 4 - ENFORCEMENT AND EVALUATION

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of enforcement and evaluation is to ensure the implementation of the elements associated with the Quality Assurance and Compliance System for the DCAE. Enforcement and evaluation activities are in place to ensure that grants and contracts are implemented in a timely and ethical manner, in full compliance with regulatory requirements, and to support the purpose and goals of the grant.

ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES

- <u>Communication with Agency Heads and/or Governing Boards</u>: Communication with governing boards may be required to focus on the need for immediate and systemic change to continue eligibility the receive grant funding.
- <u>Regular Monitoring/Reporting</u>: For providers that are required to complete a resolution plan, activities will be monitored on a regular basis until all actions are completed.
- <u>Grant Conditions</u>: Restriction(s) may be placed on a specific grant as a result of monitoring activities; conditions may include such actions as directed activities, structured spending and increased reporting.
- <u>Funding Strategies</u>: Actions taken in regard to the selected provider's funding may include a range of interventions from directed funding, change in method of reimbursement, or to delay or withhold funds.
- <u>State Plans</u>: The State Plans may address additional enforcement activities.
- <u>General Assurances, Terms, and Conditions for Participation in Federal and State Programs</u>: This document must be signed by all agencies and organizations that receive federal or state funds, and may address enforcement activities.
- <u>The UGG § 200.338</u>: This section addresses enforcement activities for remedies for noncompliance which may be applied to certain grants and § 200.207 specific conditions.

INVESTIGATIONS

In response to expressed concerns or complaints, both internal and external, investigations may be conducted in regard to grant(s) administration or implementation by providers. Such activities will be completed in concert with, and reported to, other department offices as appropriate.

CLOSEOUTS

Providers may be required to submit final reports and additional documentation upon the conclusion or termination of a grant.

The closeout review process may address performance and financial reports, inventory and disposition of equipment, record retention and/or additional elements requested by the department, as referenced in the UGG § 200.16 and § 200.343.

EVALUATION SYSTEM

The purpose of an Evaluation System is to review the components and implementation of the Quality Assurance and Compliance System, including monitoring activities.

To support continuous improvement, the Quality Assurance and Compliance section will review any input that is given by stakeholders and providers monitored to make adjustments or changes to the system. As strategies and protocols are used, the section may identify changes that will improve the system. The system will be evaluated and revised as needed on an annual basis.

As the Quality Assurance and Compliance System is expanded over time, the processes and procedures used internally to administer grants and programs will be evaluated. Various tools may be used including evaluation tools accessible through federal agencies.

Module C

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SECTION 1 – ADULT EDUCATION AND FAMILY LITERACY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Performance Outcomes:

Providers are ranked on the level of achievement on performance indicators specific to the programs of Adult Education and Family Literacy.

Adult Education and Family Literacy:

The Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (WIA) has been reauthorized by the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity ACT (WIOA), Adult Education and Family Literacy Act of 2014. The full implementation year began in 2016-2017. Programs began using the WIA performance indicators in 2015-2016. State and local program administrators must establish a comprehensive accountability system to assess the effectiveness of agencies in achieving continuous improvement of adult education and literacy activities. The performance accountability system also assists in verifying the return on investment of the federal funds in adult education and family literacy activities.

In the year 2000, with the help of state directors of adult education, indicators were developed for collecting information regarding the adult education student program participation and assessment of the impact of adult education instruction, methodologies for collecting measures, reporting forms, procedures, training and technical assistance to assist states in collecting the measures, by the National Reporting System (NRS). The accountability system for the federally funded adult program is mandated by the WIA. NRS is the national system for collecting the impact and outcomes of adult education and family literacy instruction.

Florida negotiates state performance targets for each Educational Functioning Level (EFL), except for Adult Secondary Education (ASE) High with the Office of Career, Technical and Adult Education (OCTAE) on an annual basis. Each eligible recipient is expected to achieve the state performance target for each EFL or show improvement towards that target. Achieving Florida's adult education state performance target will be based on each agencies accurate submission of student enrollment and completion data of EFL gains as reported in the NRS to calculate the completion percentages.

Each agency must, at a minimum, report data on all the EFL levels of ABE, ASE (except ASE High), and ESOL. However, each eligible agency may establish additional indicators of performance that it may wish to track in the administration and delivery of its programs.

EDUCATIONAL GAIN DEFINITIONS

ABE/ESL Levels – An educational gain for the ABE/ESL levels is defined as one student moving from one EFL to the next in a given content area during the project year based on the results from an approved NRS and Florida assessment instrument administered in a pre- and post-test. In NRS table 4 and 4b, a student is included in the cohort based on his/her lowest initial functioning level.

ASE Levels – An educational gain for ASE level completions, reportable in NRS Tables 4 and 4b, depend upon the ASE level:

- ASE Low Passing an approved Adult High School course; earning a standard high school diploma or GED® equivalency diploma.
- o ASE High Earning a standard high school diploma or GED® equivalency diploma.

A participant is considered a completer if they have made one or more EFL gains in the program in which they are included in NRS table 4 and 4b, even if the gain was made in a different subject area than the lowest initial functioning level. For example, a student with an ABE Beginning Literacy in Mathematics and an ABE Beginning Basic Ed in Reading has a lowest functioning level of ABE Beginning Literacy. In NRS Table 4 and 4b, a participant would be considered a completer if they moved up an LCP in either mathematics or reading since both courses are reported under the same program number.

Program Improvement Plan - In a competition grant year, all awarded agencies are expected to meet at least 90% of the state performance targets or demonstrate improvement in each EFL. In continuing years, an Adult Education Program Improvement Plan (AEPIP) is required if the DCAE determines that a funded agency failed to meet at least 90% of the state performance target or demonstrated improvement for each functioning level from the agency's previous year completion rates. An AEPIP is required for each EFL that failed to meet the required standards, and is implemented starting in the second year of funding.

SECTION 2 – ADULT EDUCATION AND FAMILY LITERACY ASSESSMENT PROTOCOL

Provider:	Date:	Position Interviewed:	DOE Monitor:
		: 29 U.S.C. § 3141; EDGAR (34 dult Education Assessment Tecl	C.F.R. § 76.770); 34 C.F.R. part 462; UGG (2 C.F.R. §§ 200.328, hnical Assistance Paper
	intake and placement process		
	nts being placed within a pro ed assessment?	gram of instruction based on the lo	owest score obtained by the student in the respective skill area of the
		ents, in writing, that their personal core program partner staff and sub	
o Will b			a match and that further disclosure of personal confidential information or
	not be shared among WIOA of ing to share will not impact		ines to share personal confidential information or records and that
Does your	agency use the National Re		marks for Educational Functional Levels (EFLs) Table, with the scale udent gains?
Assessments			
			- and post- test Adult Basic Education (ABE) students?
	we a procedure to ensure that a ctivity?	t students registered in a course ar	e pre-tested with a state-approved assessment within the first 12 hours of
	dardized assessment instrum iteracy and Civics (EL/Civic		e- and post- test Adult English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) or
• Is there a	procedure to use an alternativ		ement of a student with disabilities if the standard assessment instruments
Does your	program follow the test adn		t Administration Manual furnished by the assessment's publisher,
U	timed testing? esting administrators certifie	d, if required?	

Accommodations

- Is there a procedure for self-identification of disabilities and to provide accommodations for students with disabilities or other special needs who need to take assessments?
- What documentation do you require or accept for accommodations?
- What types of accommodations have been provided in your institution?
- Are accommodations ever refused? Why?

Test Materials and Security

- Are all test materials, including passwords, kept in a secure, locked storage before and after the administration of any assessment?
- Is there a procedure for documenting test security compromise incidents? If so, who should these incidents be reported to?
- Is there a procedure for the disposal of obsolete, damaged, and outdated assessment materials that will ensure the security of the assessment materials?
- Are all tests precisely accounted for and written documentation kept for each test?

Comments:

State Approved Assessment Instruments for Adult Education and Family Literacy

Provider:	Date:	Position Interviewed:	Γ	OOE Monitor:
	•	wing state-approved standardized ass	sessment instrum	nents are used and
administered by the ag	ency.			
Assessment Instrume			Agei	ncy administers
Basic English Skills Te	est (BEST) Literacy of	or BEST Plus	\Box Yes	\Box No
Comprehensive Adult	Student Assessment	System (CASAS) for ELCATE and	\Box Yes	\Box No
ESOL				
General Assessment of	f Instructional Needs	(GAIN)	\Box Yes	\Box No
(Reportable/valid thru	2016-2017)			
TABE Comprehensive	Language Assessme	ent System- English	\Box Yes	\Box No
(TABE CLAS-E) for E	ELCATE and ESOL			
Tests of Adult Basic E	ducation (TABE)		□ Yes	\Box No
Other – list			\Box Yes	\Box No

Statutory Authority: Adult Education and Family Literacy 29 U.S.C. § 3141, § 1008.405, Fla. Stat., § 1011.80, Fla. Stat., and Rule 6A-6.014, F.A.C.;

See the most current Technical Assistance Paper on Assessments (Assessment TA Paper)

Provider: Date: **Position Interviewed: DOE Monitor:** For Agencies Using Basic English Skills Test (BEST) Assessment Instruments, published by the Center for Applied Linguistics: 1. BEST Plus and BEST Literacy: a. Have the persons who administer these assessments completed all training requirements as directed by the Center for Applied Linguistics? b. Does the agency have a procedure that provides for determining when a student has completed 80 - 100 hours of instruction before administering a post-test? If so, what is the procedure? 2. BEST Literacy: a. Is the length of time for students to take the test stopped at one (1) hour? b. When post-testing, does the agency administer a different test form than the test form used for the pre-test? For Agencies using Comprehensive Adult Student Assessment System (CASAS) Assessment Instruments, published by CASAS: 1. Have the persons who administer these assessments completed all training requirements as directed by CASAS? 2. Does the agency administer the CASAS Oral Screening as the first step in the assessment process of adult ESOL students? 3. Are both reading and listening skills assessments used for placement and progression of adult ESOL students? (Only the reading test is valid for pre- and post- testing for 2015-16. Listening becomes valid again in 2016-17) 4. Are tests of the same skill area used for pre- and post-testing adult ESOL students (listening pre-test to listening post-test and reading pretest to reading post-test)? (Only the reading test is valid for pre- and post- testing for 2015-16. Listening becomes valid again in 2016-17) 5. Is the length of time for students to take the reading test stopped at one (1) hour? 6. Is the length of time for students to take the listening test stopped upon completion of the audio CD or computer-based listening test? 7. Is only the reading test score used to establish the student's initial EFL and any EFL completions? (Listening can be used beginning 2016-17) 8. Is the lower of the two test scores (listening and reading) used to select the appropriate instructional level for adult ESOL students? (Only the reading test is valid for pre and post testing for 2015-16. Listening becomes valid again in 2016-17) 9. Does the agency have a procedure that provides for determining when a student has completed between 70 - 100 hours of instruction before administering a post-test? If so, what is the procedure? 10. Does the agency require that any exception to administering a post-test to a student before 70 hours of instruction be approved by the program administrator? For Agencies Using the Test of Adult Basic Education – Complete Language Assessment System – English (TABE CLAS-E) Assessment Instruments, published by CTB McGraw-Hill: 1. Have the persons who administer these assessments completed all training requirements as directed by CTB McGraw-Hill? 2. Does the agency administer the TABE CLAS-E Locator as the first step in the assessment process for adult ESOL students?

Administration of Standardized Assessment Instruments for Adult Education and Family Literacy

3. Are both reading and listening skills assessments used for placement and progression of adult ESOL students?
4. Are pre- and post-tests given to adult ESOL students using the same skill area (listening and reading)?
5. Is only the reading test score used to establish the student's initial EFL and any EFL completions?
6. Is the length of time for students to take the reading test stopped at twenty-five (25) minutes?
7. Is the length of time for students to take the listening test stopped upon completion of the audio CD?
8. Is the lower of the two test scores (listening and reading) used to select the appropriate instructional level for adult ESOL students?
9. Does the agency have a procedure that provides for determining when a student has completed between $60 - 95$ hours of instruction
before administering a post-test? If so, what is the procedure?
10. Does the agency require that any exception to administering a post-test to a student before 60 hours of instruction be approved by the
program administrator?
Comments:

Assessment Records Review for Adult Education and Family Literacy

Provider:	Date: Position Interviewed:	DOE Monitor:
CASAS Instr	ruments	
Initials/NA	Document/Process	Comments
	CASAS - For ESOL students, oral screening form is administered fo	
	limited English proficiency (English Language Learners) before plac	ement into the
	appropriate ESOL program.	
	CASAS - Post-tests are given using the same level as the pre-test, with	th an alternate
	form, or at a higher level, depending on pre-test scores.	
	CASAS - Pre- and post-tests are given using the same skill area (read	
	writing, mathematics). (Only the reading test is valid for pre- and pol	st- testing for
	2015-16. Listening becomes valid again in 2016-17)	
	CASAS - Reading skills assessments are being used for placement ar	nd progression of
	ESOL students.	
	(The listening skills assessment is used for guiding instruction only)	
TABE		1
Initials/NA	Document/Process	Comments
	TABE - TABE locator is used and the proper level of TABE (E, M, I	D, or A) is used
	based on locator results.	
	TABE- Different versions of TABE are used if student is tested twice	e within six (6)
	months.	
	TABE- Use of TABE Forms 9 and 10.	
-	TIONS of persons administering standardized assessment instrum	
Initials/NA	Document/Process	Comments
	List of agency persons administering TABE - randomly check list for	
	for completion of TABE training sponsored by FDOE and McGraw I	
	List of agency persons administering TABE - randomly check list for	r certification(s)
	for completion of TABE refresher training sponsored by FDOE and I	
	within two years of the initial training and every two years after that	
	List of agency persons administering BEST Plus - randomly check for	or completion of
	one day BEST Plus workshop.	

List of agency persons administering CASAS - randomly check list for certification(s)
for completion of CASAS training sponsored by FDOE and http://www.casas.org.
List of agency persons administering CASAS - randomly check list for certification(s)
for completion of CASAS mandatory refresher training sponsored by FDOE and
http://www.casas.org within two years of the initial training and every two years after
that to present.

SECTION 3 – ADULT EDUCATION AND FAMILY LITERACY PROTOCOL

Provider:	Date:	Position Interviewed:	Monitor:			
Create and C	ontroots for Elizible Drovidors					
Grants and C	Contracts for Eligible Providers					
Statutory Au	thority: Title II of the Workforce Innova	tion and Opportunity Act of 2014 (WIOA	A), Adult Education and Family Literacy Act			
	U.S.C. § 3321					
Directions: R	esponse or verification should be provide	d in the space following the inquiry; space	es expand to accommodate explanation			
Grants and C						
1. How are f activities?	ę ;	the AEFLA used to develop, implement a	and improve Adult Education and Literacy			
Required Lo	cal Activities (Some of these may be ans	wered using the grant application.)				
1. Which of	the following services do you provide?					
a.		including workplace literacy services?				
b.	Family literacy services?					
с.	English literacy and civics education p	rograms?				
2. Describe	he agency's program(s) and services.					
Special Rule						
1. How does	the agency verify that the adult educatio	n or English literacy students:				
a.	Have attained 16 years of age?					
b.		lled in secondary school under state law?				
	and who:					
c.		tional skills to enable them to function eff				
d.			not achieved an equivalent level of education?			
e.	Are unable to speak, read, or write the					
	agency use funding under this Act to prov	vide family literacy programs, services, or	activities for eligible students and their			
families?	n g					
1. Career So	1. Career Source Local Workforce Development Board (LWDB) Alignment					
•	Identify the region where services are o					
•			al Workforce Development Board regarding			
	employment, training, education, and s	upportive services that are needed by adu	It education students.			

• Describe the alignment between the activities and services conducted by the agency and the regional needs identified in the LWDP proposed local plan (Netry The LWDP comprehensive four year plan lyly 1, 2016 – June 20, 2020) including details on
LWDB proposed local plan (Note: The LWDB comprehensive four-year plan July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2020), including details on the strategies and goals being utilized.
 Describe how the agency promotes concurrent enrollment and methods of referral for coordinating partner services with the
LWDB.
• Provide specific details about shared cost activities and the resources used to support those costs (example: AEFLA funds cover
the cost of the full-time adult education teacher and local board covers the cost of the classroom facility).
• Provide a copy of the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) agreement(s) with each LWDB.
 Does the agency have procedures to determine if its designees provide career services through the LWDB?
• Does the agency have procedures to determine that the career services provided are consistent with AEFLA allowable activities?
 Does the agency verify that LWDBs are physically and programmatically accessible to individuals with disabilities?
• Do LWDBs provide auxiliary aids and services, including assistive technology devices and services, where necessary, to afford individuals with disabilities an equal opportunity to participate in programs and activities.
Serving those most in need
• How does the agency serve individuals in the community most in need of literacy services, including individuals who are low- income or have minimal literacy skills?
• How does the agency recruit those most in need of basic literacy services?
• Does the agency have the ability to serve eligible individuals with disabilities, including eligible individuals with learning disabilities?
• Does the agency maintain written procedures for filing grievances or complaints alleging violations of nondiscrimination and equal opportunity provisions?
• Does the agency provide optional Family Literacy services? If so, describe how these services are delivered.
• Does the agency demonstrate that it documents section 3333 integrated English literacy and civic education (IELCE) activities
and funds as separate from the basic State grant activities and funds? Can the agency demonstrate that activities supported by IELCE funds are attributable to IELCE only, for example through time and effort charts for administrative activities?
Past Effectiveness
• Provide information and supportive quantitative data that clearly demonstrates the program's past year's effectiveness in
improving literacy skills of individuals, especially with respect to eligible individuals who have low levels of literacy or who are
English language learners.
Intensity of Services
• How does the agency ensure that its program is of sufficient intensity and quality and based on the most rigorous research available so that participants achieve substantial learning gains?
 Where and how often do classes meet? For how long?
 Where are classes located: schools, libraries, churches, community centers?
• where are classes located. schools, horaries, churches, community centers:

5. Effec	 boes the program use instructional practices that include the essential components of reading instruction (phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension? Are activities based on the best practices derived from the most rigorous research available and appropriate, including scientifically valid research and effective educational practice?
6. Use (Describe how technology is used in the classroom for instruction; include how the teacher uses technology as a classroom tool and how students may be using technology to develop digital literacy skills or on their own for class work. Describe the adult education programs delivered through blended distance/classroom approach or solely distance education programs for the distance learner (provide the name of the distance education providers). Provide examples of how the adult education programs use of such technology, services, and systems lead to improved performance in the delivery of instruction.
7. Lear	 ning in Context How do the activities provide learning in real-life contexts to ensure that an individual has the skills needed to compete in the workplace and exercise the rights and responsibilities of citizenship? How do the program activities incorporate instruction and activities such as workplace preparation and technology to enhance the development of skills needed to enter the workforce, and transition to postsecondary education? What instructional strategies and materials are used to integrate reading, mathematics, and language skills with occupational content into the classroom curriculum?
8. Staff	
9. Coor	

	Describe the coordination with other available education, training, and social services resources in the community, for the development of career pathways.
	Did the agency make clear that allowable administrative costs consist of:
	 Providing adult education and literacy services in alignment with local workforce plans (including promoting co-enrollment
	in programs and activities under Title 1 of WIOA), as appropriate?
	costs of the one-stop system?
•	Is the agency reporting one-stop infrastructure costs? Are those one-stop infrastructure costs under the local or state option? Has
	the agency used state administrative funds to support infrastructure?
10. Student Nee	eds
•	How does the agency offer flexible schedules to accommodate student needs?
	What services are provided to students (such as childcare, transportation, mental health services and career exploration and
	planning) that are necessary to enable individuals, including individuals with disabilities or other special needs, to attend and
	complete the programs?
	• What federal, state, and local support services partnerships have been established in order to provide these services?
11. Managemen	
•	Does the program maintain a high-quality information management system that has the capacity to report measurable participant
	outcomes and to monitor program performance?
•	Describe the agency's reporting accountability measures in place in order to maintain compliance with the reporting requirement
	of National Report System (NRS) and WIOA Performance Measures.
12. English Lan	guage Acquisition Programs
•	How have the local communities demonstrated a need for additional English language acquisition programs and civics education
	programs?
	Describe the activities of the English language acquisition program.
	Deserve die der vites of die English language dequisition program.
13 Required or	e-stop partner responsibilities
-	Describe how the agency will fulfill, as appropriate, required one-stop partner responsibilities to
	• Use a portion of the AEFLA funds to maintain the one-stop delivery system, including payment of the infrastructure costs
	for the one-stop centers, in accordance to the methods agreed upon by the Local Board and described in the memorandum of
	understanding or the determination of the Governor regarding State one-stop infrastructure funding.
•	Provide a description of how the agency will provide services in a manner that meets the needs of eligible individuals.
•	Provide documentation that the agency followed a process consistent with the requirements of 34 C.F.R. § 463.21 to determine
	the extent to which its application was aligned with the local plan?
	• Enter into a local memorandum of understanding with the Local Board, relating to the operations of the one-stop system?
L	- Enter into a rotar memorandum or understanding with the Lotar Dourd, relating to the operations of the one-stop system;

- Participate in the operation of the one-stop system consistent with the terms of the memorandum of understanding, and the requirements of WIOA?
- Provide representation to the agency Board to the extent provided under 29 U.S.C. § 3111?

14. Program income

• How much program income is being reported at the local level and how is it being spent at the local level?

Local Application

Statutory Authority: AEFLA, 29 U.S.C. § 3322

- 1. Refer to the DOE 101 budget page(s) from your grant(s) and the Final Disbursement Forms (FA 499s). Did the agency expend funds as budgeted and/or amended?
- 2. Provide a description of any cooperative agreements that the agency has with other agencies, institutions, or organizations for the delivery of Adult Education and Literacy activities.
- 3. Provide a description of how the agency provides services in alignment with local plan under Section 108. Include information on how the agency promotes concurrent enrollment in programs and activities under Title I.
- 4. Provide a description of how the agency has met the State adjusted levels of performance described in Section 116(b)(3). Include information on how the agency collects data to report on such performance measures.
- 5. Provide a description of how the agency has fulfilled one-stop partner responsibilities as described in Section 121(b)(1)(A).
- 6. Provide a description of how the services provided that meet the needs of eligible individuals.

Local Administrative Cost Limits

Statutory Authority: AEFLA, 29 U.S.C. § 3323

- 1. Do total local administrative costs (including planning, administration, personnel development, and interagency coordination) exceed the 5% administrative cap?
 - a. If administrative costs exceed five percent, did your agency negotiate with FDOE in order to determine an adequate level of funds to be used for non-instructional purposes?

Administrative Provisions

Statutory Authority: AEFLA, 29 U.S.C. § 3331

1. How do you ensure that funds made available for Adult Education and Literacy activities are used to supplement and not supplant other State and local public funds expended for Adult Education and Literacy activities?

Programs for Corrections Education and Other Institutionalized Individuals

Statutory Authority: AEFLA, 29 U.S.C. § 3305

ſ	1. Dic	1. Did the agency use AEFLA funds available under section 3302(a)(1) for the cost of educational programs for criminal offenders in				
	cor	correctional institutions and for other institutionalized individuals?				
		a. Which of these academic programs were provided?				
		(i) Adult Education and Literacy activ	ities?			
		(ii) Special education as determined by	the eligible agency (FDOE)?			
		(iii) Secondary school credit programs?				
		(iv) Integrated education and training?				
		(v) Career pathways?				
		(vi) Concurrent enrollment?				
		(vii) Peer tutoring?				
		(viii) Transition to re-entry initiatives an	d other post-release services with the goal of reducing recidivism?			
			ction to carry out a program for criminal offenders in a correctional institution, how is			
	priority given to serving individuals who are likely to leave the correctional institution within five years of participation in the program?					
ľ	3. If the	he agency is serving criminal offenders (any individ	lual who is charged with or convicted of any criminal offense), where are the programs			
	or a	activities located:				
ſ	a. Prison?		e. Detention center?			
	b. Jail?		f. Halfway house?			
	c. Reformatory?		g. Community-based rehabilitation center?			
		d. Work farm?	h. Other?			
ſ						

SECTION 4 – STATE LEADERSHIP ACTIVITIES – ADULT EDUCATION AND FAMILY LITERACY PROTOCOL

Provider:	Date:	Position Interviewed:	Monitor:		
State Leadership A	ctivities – In General				
Statutory Authorit	y: AEFLA, 29 U.S.C. § 3303(a)(1)-(2)			
		s receiving AEFLA Leadership funding. Each eli	igible agency (FDOE) shall use funds made		
available under the A	Adult Education and Family Liter	acy Act (AEFLA) section 3302(a)(2) for one or more	re of the following adult education leadership		
		inds to complete any of the following activities? Ch			
		n should be provided in the space following the inqu	uiry; spaces expand to accommodate		
explanation. The mo	nitoring section may request veri	fication of deliverables and performance.			
Required Activities	29 U.S.C. § 3303(a)(1)				
Interagency Coord	ination				
		ds to align adult education and literacy activities wi	th other core programs and one-stop partners		
	e strategies identified in Florida's				
		career pathways to provide access to employment ar	nd training services for individuals in adult		
education and lit	eracy activities?				
Professional Develo	opment Activities				
1. How did your ag		nds to establish or operate high quality professional	development programs to improve the		
1	l development include the followi	ng			
		l components of reading instruction;			
	ruction related to the specific nee				
c. Inst	ruction provided by volunteers;				
d. Inst	ruction provided by state or local	personnel; or			
e. Diss	semination of information about r	nodels and promising practices?			
Technical Assistant	ce				
1. How did your ag	1. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to provide technical assistance to eligible providers?				
-	2. For what topics/issues was technical assistance provided?				
a. Reading					
b. Writing					
c. Speakin	g;				

d. Mathematics;			
e. English language acquisition programs;			
f. Distance Education; and/or			
g. Staff Training			
3. Did your agency provide technical assistance to eligible providers as a one-stop partner to provide access to employment, edu	ucation and	training	
services?			
4. Did your agency provide assistance in the use of technology to improve system efficiencies?			
5. How does your agency determine if such training improves quality?	-		
Monitoring and Evaluation of Quality and Improvement	YES	NO	
1. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to support monitoring and evaluation of activities and the dissemination models and proven or promising practices within the state?	of informat	ion about	
Permissible Activities 29 U.S.C. § 3303(a)(2)			
Literary Resource Centers			
1. What literary resource centers are within your region?			
2. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to support literary resource centers within your region?			
Instructional Technology			
1. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to support the use of instructional technology?			
2. Did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to develop and implement:			
a. Technology applications;			
b. Translation technology; and/or			
c. Distance education, including professional development?			
Developing and Disseminating Curricula	YES		
1. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to develop and disseminate curricula?			
2. Did this curricula incorporate:			
a. Phonemic awareness;			
b. Systematic phonics;			
c. Fluency; and/or			
d. Reading comprehension?			
Education and Training	YES		
1. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to develop content and models for integrated education and training and	career path	ways?	

Program Development	YES	NO
1. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to develop and implement programs that achieve the statewide objective progress of those programs?	s and measu	ire the
Linkages with Postsecondary Institutions	YES	
 How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to develop and implement a system to assist in the transition from adult literacy to postsecondary education? How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to promote linkages with a postsecondary program? 	education ar	nd family
Integration and Promoting Linkages	YES	NO
 How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to promote integration of literacy instruction and occupational skills trai How did you promote linkages with employers? Please explain. 	ning?	
Workplace Adult Education and Literacy	YES	
1. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds for activities to promote workplace adult education and literacy activitie	s?	
Curriculum Frameworks	YES	
 How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to identify curriculum frameworks? How did your agency align curriculum framework with: a. State adopted academic standards; b. The current adult skills and literacy assessments used throughout the state or outlying area; c. The primary indicators of performance described in section 116 d. Standards and academic requirements for enrollment in non-remedial, for-credit courses in postsecondary educationa institutions of higher education supported by the state or outlying area; and/or e. The content of occupational and industry standards widely used by business and industry in the state or outlying area 		s or
Quality and Retention		
1. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to develop and pilot strategies for improving teacher quality and retention	n?	
Disabled Learners	YES	
 How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to develop and implement programs and services to meet the needs of ad learning disabilities or English language learners? How did your agency identify the needs and capture the gains of such students at the lowest achievement levels? 	lult learners	with

Outreach	YES NO				
1. How did your agency use AEFLA Leadership funds to provide outreach to instructors, students, and employers?					
State Leadership Activities – Collaboration					
Statutory Authority: AEFLA, 29 U.S.C. § 3303(b)					
Directions: This section applies only to those agencies receiving AEFLA Leadership funding. Response or verification should be provided in the space following the inquiry; spaces expand to accommodate explanation.					
Collaboration	YES NO				
1. In using AEFLA Leadership funds, how did your agency collaborate where possible, and avoid duplication of effort impact of the activities described above?	in order to maximize the				

SECTION 5 – ADULT EDUCATION AND FAMILY LITERACY DATA PROTOCOL

Data Foundation and Structure
1. Does your agency have written procedures for collection, verification, analysis, and reporting of student data?
2. Does the agency have documented procedures dealing with analysis problems and deviations?
3. What procedures are in place for tracking students following participation in the agency's program(s)?
4. How does your agency use the data that it collects?
5. Are student gains ever measured by a checklist rather than a state-approved assessment instrument?
Data Collection and Verification
1. Does your agency use an electronic management information system (MIS), used by all programs, that has individual student records within a
relational database structure?
2. Does your agency have specific staff (positions) with clear responsibility for data collection, data entry, and data verification? What are these
staff positions? See a position description.
3. What is the role of the Adult Education director in verification of data?
4. How is student attendance tracked and reported in your data system?
5. How often is data entered into the agency's MIS system?
6. Who has the responsibility of correcting missing and erroneous data reported to you by the state? Is program staff involved in this process?
Data Analysis and Reporting
1. Do you regularly access your agency's data?
2. How is data used for program management and improvement?
3. How do you share data results with your staff?
Staff Development
1. Has agency staff been provided training on general NRS requirements, including assessment policy and procedures? If so, which staff
members receive this training?
2. Does the agency provide on-going staff development and training to support NRS that includes:
NRS accountability and reporting requirements under WIOA?
• Conducting assessment and follow-up?
• Data collection procedures?
• Data entry in MIS?
• Changes to the NRS as a result of WIOA implementation?
• Data analysis for quality improvement?
3. Has training been provided on conducting follow-up survey or data matching procedures to your staff?
4. Has agency staff received training on distance education policy and use of proxy hours, if estimated?
5. Which staff members participate in MISATFOR and WEDDAC meetings? (districts and colleges)

DATA VERIFICATION

DATA - Student Records Review – Adult Education

Directions: Student records will be randomly selected for verification within student folders/MIS database. Include students for whom performance was claimed in a specified grant year. This requires a printout or other proof of the students who contributed to the agency performance for the grant(s) during the given year. Initial only those items reviewed and make comments as necessary.

Initials/ NA	Document/ Process	Comments
	Attendance is captured in agency MIS/student folder.	
	Individual student subtest reports must be reported in student folders/MIS data system.	
	Placement in classroom instructional level is determined by pre-test results.	
	EFL (Educational Functioning Level) level gains matches the student testing results found in the student folder, MIS results reported for the student, and grants printout or other documentation of which students performed under AEFLA grant.	
	Subsequent test report indicates variance of the form of the test from the previous form given (for example, M9 then M10).	
	Subsequent test level is determined by previous test scores.	
	Student class work is based upon assessment results.	

Module D

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SECTION 1 - CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Section 113 of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (Perkins IV) establishes and supports the development of a state and local accountability system that will assess the effectiveness of the state and local funding recipients in achieving progress in career and technical education (CTE). State-developed performance measures must consist of the core indicators listed below, any additional valid and reliable indicators that the state determines, and the "state adjusted levels of performance" for the indicators. These levels of performance must be expressed in percentage or numerical form and require continual improvement in the performance of CTE students. Information regarding the performance measures must be included in the State Plan. The revised State Plan for Florida is submitted to the U.S. secretary of education annually.

The Division of Career and Adult Education will negotiate State Adjusted Levels of Performance for each core indicator with the (USED), Office of Career, Technical, and Adult Education (OCTAE). Local recipients must accept the state negotiated levels of performance or negotiate with the state for new levels for each of the core indicators.

Each state must submit a report to the secretary each year regarding the state's progress in achieving its performance levels, including the performance of special populations. The state must identify and quantify gaps in performance between groups of students, and describe the progress of these students. The state report is a compilation of reports sent to the state by local recipients.

The Division of Career and Adult Education has developed accountability guidelines and operational procedures for secondary and postsecondary performance measures. These guidelines are reviewed annually and major changes in operational procedures are vetted with Management Information System (MIS) reports coordinators during standing meetings of FDOE Community College Technical Center Management Information Systems.

Operational guidelines and procedures for secondary level measures, postsecondary-college credit measures, and postsecondary-adult level measures can be found at http://FLDOE.org/academics/career-adult-edu/funding-opportunities/carl-d-perkins-resources.stml.

Florida's 2018-2019 State Performance Targets are as follows:

Secondary Level 1S1 Academic Attainment in Reading = 69.00% 1S2 Academic Attainment in Math = 64.00% 2S1 Technical Skill Attainment = 88.00% 3S1 School Completion = 96.50% 4S1 Student Graduation Rates = 88.50% 5S1 Placement = 82.00% 6S1 Non-traditional Participation = 40.50% 6S2 Non-traditional Completion = 96.25% Postsecondary Certificate Level (Clock Hour)

1A1 Technical Skill Attainment = 85.00% 2A1 Completion = 61.25% 3A1 Student Retention or Transfer = 58.00%
4A1 Student Placement = 77.75%
5A1 Non-traditional Participation = 12.75%
5A2 Non-traditional Completion = 48.50%

Postsecondary College Credit Level

1P1 Technical Skill Attainment = 47.50% 2P1 Completion = 50.00%

3P1 Student Retention or Transfer = 72.00%

4P1 Student Placement = 87.50%

5P1 Non-traditional Participation = 23.25%

5P2 Non-traditional Completion = 28.75%

Program Improvement Plan

If the Division of Career and Adult Education determines that an eligible recipient has failed to achieve at least 90 percent of an agreed-upon local adjusted level of performance for any of the core indicators of performance described in section 20 U.S.C. § 2323(b)(4) of the act, the eligible recipient will be required to develop and implement a Program Improvement Plan (PIP) for that core indicator to be implemented during the first program year succeeding the program year for which the eligible recipient failed to meet the agreed upon local adjusted level of performance for that indicator. Beginning with the 2010-11 grant award year, PIPs are required as a component of the Request for Application.

In developing a program improvement plan, the eligible recipient must consult with the Division of Career and Adult Education and appropriate agencies, individuals, and organizations in accordance with 20 U.S.C. § 2323(b)(4)(C)(ii)(11) of the act.

Section 20 U.S.C. § 2323(b) (4) (C) (ii) (II) of the act: Identify and quantify any disparities or gaps in performance between any such category of students and the performance of all students served by the eligible recipient under this act.

Categories of students disaggregated by race, ethnicity, gender, disability status, migrant status, English proficiency, and status as economically disadvantaged.

Section 1111(b) (2) (C) (i) (v) include separate measurable annual objectives for continuous and substantial improvement for each of the following:

(1) The achievement of all public elementary school and secondary school students.

(2) The achievement of:

(aa) economically disadvantaged students;

(bb) students from major racial and ethnic groups;

(cc) students with disabilities; and

(dd) students with limited English proficiency

SECTION 2 – CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION PROTOCOL

Local Program Improvement Plan

Statutory Authority: Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2343(b)

Directions: Response or verification should be provided in the space following the inquiry; spaces expand to accommodate explanation.

Local Plan for Career and Technical Education Programs

Statutory Authority: Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2354

Directions: Response or verification should be provided in the space following the inquiry; spaces will expand to accommodate explanation.

1. Describe how grant funds are used within the agency's CTE programs (Section 2355(b) Required Use of Funds).

- 2. Describe how the CTE education activities will be carried out with respect to meeting state and local adjusted levels of performance established under Section 2323.
- 3. Describe how the eligible recipient will:
 - a. Improve the academic and technical skills of students by strengthening the academic and CTE components of such programs through the integration of coherent and rigorous content aligned with challenging academic standards and relevant CTE Programs to ensure learning in (i) the core academic subjects and (ii) career and technical education subjects;
 - b. Provide students with strong experience in, and understanding of, all aspects of an industry;
 - c. Ensure that students who participate in such CTE programs are taught to the same coherent and rigorous content aligned with challenging academic standards as are taught to all other students; and,
 - d. Encourage CTE students at the secondary level to enroll in rigorous and challenging courses in core academic subjects.
- 4. Describe how the agency's key stakeholders are involved in the development, implementation and evaluation of CTE programs and how such individuals and entities are effectively informed about and assisted in understanding the requirements of this title including CTE programs of study.

5. Describe the process used to **evaluate and continuously improve performance** of CTE programs.

6. Include a description of how the agency will:

- a. Review CTE programs, and identify and adopt strategies to overcome barriers that result in lowering rates of access to, or lowering success in, the programs for **special populations**;
- b. Provide programs that are designed to enable the special populations to meet the local adjusted levels of performance; and
- c. Provide activities to prepare special populations, including single parents and displaced homemakers, for **high-skill**, **high-wage or high-demand occupations** that will lead to self-sufficiency.

7. Describe the agency's efforts to ensure that **special populations will not be discriminated** against based on their status as members of special populations.

8. Describe how funds will be used to promote preparation for **non-traditional fields.**

9. Describe how **career guidance and academic counseling** will be provided to CTE students, including linkage to future education and training opportunities.

10. Describe efforts to improve:

- a. recruitment and retention of CTE teachers, faculty, and career guidance and academic counselors,
- b. including individuals in groups underrepresented in the teaching profession; and
- c. transition to teaching from business and industry.

Local Use of Funds - Requirements for Uses of Funds

Statutory Authority: Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2355

Directions: Response or verification should be provided in the space following the inquiry; spaces will expand to accommodate explanation.

Funds made available to eligible recipients under this part **<u>shall</u>** be used to support career and technical education programs that ensure the following:

Integration of academics with CTE programs

- 1. How do you integrate academics with CTE?
- 2. How often does this integration occur?
- 3. Do you have a common lesson planning time for CTE and academic teachers?

Students have strong experience in and understanding of all aspects of an industry, which may include work-based learning experiences.

- 1. How do you provide students with strong experience in and understanding of all aspects of industry?
- 2. What work-based learning experiences do you offer?

Develop, improve, or expand the use of technology in career and industries

- 1. What training in use of technology is provided to CTE teachers/instructors, faculty and administrators?
- 2. Is distance learning included with the training?
- 3. How do you provide academic and CTE skills for students that lead to entry into technology fields?
- 4. How do you encourage schools to collaborate with technology programs to offer voluntary internships or mentoring including programs that improve the mathematics and science knowledge of students?

Provide professional development programs

- 1. Describe how comprehensive professional development programs are offered for CTE teachers/instructors, administrators, counselors, etc., to address effective practices/teaching including in-service and pre-service training regarding:
 - a. CTE and academic integration, provided jointly with academic teachers/instructors to the extent practicable
 - b. Skills based on research that includes promising practices
 - c. Practices to improve parental and community involvement
 - d. Scientifically-based research and data to improve instruction

- e. Programs to ensure that those persons involved in the direct delivery of educational services to CTE students remain current in all aspects of industry
- f. Internship programs that provide relevant business experience
- g. Effective use and application of technology to improve classroom instruction

Develop and implement program evaluations

- 1. How do you develop and implement evaluations of the CTE programs?
- 2. How do you assess that the needs of special populations are being met?

Initiate, improve, expand, and modernize quality career and technical education programs, including relevant technology

- 1. What steps are taken to initiate a quality CTE program?
- 2. If need is indicated, how do you implement improvement or expansion of programs?
- 3. How are program updates accomplished?
- 4. How do you include relevant technology in the above-mentioned activities?

Provide services and activities that are of sufficient size, scope, and quality to be effective

See also Local Plan Section 2355.

Preparing special populations, including single parents and displaced homemakers, for high skill, high wage, or high demand occupations that will lead to self-sufficiency

- 1. How do you prepare special populations enrolled in CTE programs for high-skill, high-wage or high-demand jobs?
- 2. What accommodations or modifications are made for students with disabilities?
- 3. What activities are used to prepare single parents and displaced homemakers for these jobs?
- 4. Give an example that illustrates these efforts.

Local Uses of Funds - Permissive Statutory Authority: Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2355(c)(1)-(20)

Directions: If your grant indicates that Perkins funds will be used for any of the 20 permissive uses of funds, mark Yes in the left column. Answer the following questions for the permissive criterion (a) of the 20 that apply. Response or verification should be provided in the space following the inquiry; spaces will expand to accommodate explanation. If funds are not used for the described purpose, mark No.

How are Perkins funds being used to:			
1.	Involve parents, businesses and labor organizations in the design, implementation and evaluation of CTE programs?	YES	
2.	Offer career guidance and academic counseling for students participating in CTE programs to improve graduation rates, provide information postsecondary and career options, and provide assistance to postsecondary students and adults who are changing careers or upgrading skills?	YES	□ NO
3.	Fund local education and business partnerships, including work-related experiences for students, adjunct faculty arrangements for qualified industry professionals, and industry experience for teachers/instructors and faculty?	YES	

4. Provide programs for special populations?	YES	
5. Assist career and technical student organizations?	YES	
6. Provide mentoring and support services?	YES	
7. Lease, purchase, upgrade, or adapt equipment, including instructional aids and publications (including support for library resources) designed to strengthen and support academic and technical skill attainment?	YES	
8. Assist teacher preparation programs that address the integration of academics and CTE and assist persons interested in becoming CTE teachers/instructors and faculty, including persons with experience in business and industry?	YES	
9. Develop and expand postsecondary program offerings at times and in formats that are accessible for all students, including distance education?	YES	
10. Develop initiatives that facilitate the transition of sub-baccalaureate CTE students into baccalaureate degree programs, including—		
 a. Articulation agreements between sub-baccalaureate degree granting CTE postsecondary educational institutions and baccalaureate degree-granting postsecondary educational institutions b. Postsecondary dual and concurrent enrollment programs 		
 c. Academic and financial aid counseling for sub-baccalaureate career and technical education students that informs the students of the opportunities for pursuing a baccalaureate degree and advises the students on how to meet any transfer requirements; and 		
d. Other initiatives:(i) to encourage the pursuit of a baccalaureate degree		
 (i) to encourage the pursuit of a baccatableate degree (ii) to overcome barriers to enrollment in and completion of baccalaureate degree programs, including geographic and other barriers 		
(iii) affecting rural students and special populations		
11. Provide activities to support entrepreneurship education and training?		
12. Improve or develop new CTE courses, include the development of programs of study for consideration by the FDOE and courses that prepare individuals academically and technically for high-skill, high-wage, or high-demand occupations and dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities?		
13. Develop and support small, personalized, career-themed learning communities?	YES	
14. Support family and consumer science programs?	YES	
15. Provide CTE programs for adults and school dropouts to enable them to complete secondary education or upgrade technical skills?		
16. Assist persons who have participated in services and activities under the act in continuing their education or training or finding an appropriate job?	YES	

17. Support training and activities, such as mentoring and outreach, in nontraditional fields?	YES	
18. Provide support for training programs in automotive technologies?	YES	
 19. Pool a portion of such funds with a portion of funds available to not less than one other eligible recipient for innovative initiatives, which may include: a. Improving the initial preparation and professional development of career and technical education teachers/instructors, faculty, administrators, and counselors; b. Establishing, enhancing, or supporting systems for: (i) accountability data collection under this Act; or (ii) reporting data under this Act; c. Implementing career and technical programs of study described in section 122(c)(1)(A); or d. Implementing technical assessments, 	YES	NO
20. Support other CTE activities consistent with the purposes of the Perkins IV		
Statutory Authority: Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2394 Directions: Response or verification should be provided in the space following the inquiry; spaces will expand to accommode 1. How does your agency ensure that secondary school students are not required to choose or pursue a specific career path, interval	-	
interest?2. How does your agency ensure that students are not required to participate in a CTE program?		
2. How does your agoney ensure that students are not required to participate in a CTD program.		
Limitation for Certain Students		
Statutory Authority: Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2395	1. 1.	
Directions: Response or verification should be provided in the space following the inquiry; spaces will expand to accommod	date explanation.	
 What is the earliest grade of CTE students that benefit from Perkins IV funding? If equipment purchased with Perkins IV funds benefits students in CTE programs earlier than the seventh grade, under ways and the seventh grade. 	what circumstance	es does
2. If equipment purchased with Perkins 1V funds benefits students in CTE programs earlier than the seventh grade, under w this occur?	vnat chcumstanc	es uoes

SECTION 3 – CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM OF STUDY PROTOCOL

Provid	ler:	Date:	Completed By:	FDOE Monitor (reviewer):			
All eig pos im	Link CTE at the secondary and postsecondary level: Primary Program of Study (POS) Review All agencies receiving Perkins funding are required to implement at least one Program of Study (Primary POS) each project year that meets all eight (8) state-required elements and was developed and is being fully implemented through a collaborative effort between secondary, postsecondary and business partners during that project year. The following questions are designed to ask about how your agency developed, is implementing and evaluating this specific POS and the performance of students in this POS. You will also be asked whether you can assure that each of the eight state-required elements are in place for this POS during the current project year.						
spe inf	Please respond to the following questions using a narrative format and if needed, provide SUMMARY materials/information that are specific only to the <u>Primary Program of Study</u> (2016-17 Primary POS) that you submitted with your 2016-17 RFA. If you do send data or information generated from your local data system on the 2016-17 Primary POS, please send ONLY aggregated data or lists without student names and/or identifiers.						
	of Primary Program of Stu ubmitted with your 2016-17						
			ond based on your 2016-17 Pri	mary POS only.			
1. Ho a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i.	Develop the POS sequence Ensure that this POS reflect	artners were invo t partners were in artners were invo ments for this PO of courses from tts local economic des a pathway to o	lved? volved? lved? S? What partners were involved' grade 9 through postsecondary? and workforce needs? What pare earn industry certification/releva	What partners were involved?			
wit a.	rrent Program Implementati hout student names and/o Is the program currently be How long has the full prog	r identifiers for i bing FULLY impl	tems (c) and (d). emented?	l in a narrative format or provide ONLY <u>aggregated</u> data			

c. What is the current enrollment for this POS ⁴	enrollment for this POS	llment for this POS?
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d. How successful have students been in this POS (e.g., technical skill attainment, retention, completers, percentage passing certification exams, placement (2014-15 completers) (could use data from the 2016-17 Local Level Data Report supplied by FDOE)?

Required supporting information: Can be summarized in narrative format. For student data and information: Summarize in narrative form or provide ONLY aggregated data without student names and/or identifiers for items (c) and (d).

- a. 2016-17 Program of Study form submitted with 2016-17 Perkins RFA (2016-17 Primary POS)
- b. Provide information on advisory group for this POS during the 2016-17 project year; affiliation of members, meeting agendas, meeting minutes
- c. Provide enrollment data on this Program of Study from the 2016-17 project year, including concentrators and completers
- d. <u>If possible</u>, evidence of success of students in this POS from 2016-17 data, which would be placement data on completers from the 2014-15 project year (could be from Perkins Measures for Placement: 5S1, 4A1, and/or 4P1, which are based on FETPIP data on 2014-15 graduates see Local Level Data Report supplied by the FDOE)

Primary POS Compliance with the Eight Florida Required Program of Study Elements (2016-17 RFA's POS)

Required Elements and How Provided by Agency and Evidence Elements in Place

1. Includes at least one articulation agreement (can be statewide or local agreement) for postsecondary education or training that outlines articulated credit students can earn by taking one or more of the courses in this program, by completing the program, and/or by earning the certification(s) linked to this program	☐ YES	
Required supporting information:		
a. Articulation agreement(s) relevant to the 2016-17 Primary POS; Additional supporting information: Can be summarized in narrative format.		
 b. When was the last time that the 2016-17 Primary POS was reviewed/updated? c. How do you determine if your students were awarded appropriate clock hours/credits based on this articulation agreement? Do you have any kind of follow-up to ensure students receive appropriate clock hours/credits at the partner institution? 		
2. Addresses local area need based on local economic conditions (based on local economic trend data), were on the TOL/ROL list, or was recommended by local workforce advisory board	YES	
Examples of possible supporting information to forward (submit at least 1):		
 a. TOL list from year program was developed OR b. Local data used to decide to develop program OR c. Written request from local business/workforce board/chamber to develop program or meeting minutes to show request at advisory council meeting OR 		

d. Notes from meeting between staff and business with request to develop the program		
3. Falls into one of the Florida 17 Career Clusters	YES	NO
a. Make sure Career Cluster on the 2016-17 Primary POS form is one of the 17 career clusters on the Division's website		
4. Is included on the list of programs on the FDOE curriculum frameworks webpages (<u>http://fldoe.org/academics/career-adult-edu/career-tech-edu/curriculum-frameworks</u>)	YES	
a. Make sure that program is listed under the Division's 2018-19 programs and curriculum frameworks on the FDOE website. If the program has been daggered or revised since the 2016-17 project year, please note that here.		
5. Centers around a sequence of relevant, rigorous, locally required core academic courses as well as the required CTE courses	YES	
This is asking for evidence that there is academic alignment between CTE and academic courses and that both core sequences are equally rigorous.		
Examples of possible supporting information to provide (submit at least 1):		
 a. Evidence of meetings and/or co-planning with academic faculty for the POS between the two levels and/or among faculty at each level (meeting agendas and/or meeting minutes) OR b. POS Form or other materials that outline required academic courses specific to this POS – that particular core academic courses, such as science, math or English are required for this POS – like specific math courses for Engineering pathways or specific science courses for Biotechnology program or Nursing Assistant program 		
6. Includes required CTE secondary or Clock Hour courses (or postsecondary career dual enrollment) that are part of the required sequence for that POS, as outlined in the FDOE curriculum frameworks for that program and recommended performance standards for AS/AA degree programs. Please note that career dual enrollment is a specific form of dual enrollment in which students enroll in postsecondary courses that lead to an industry certification as identified in s.1008.44, F.S.	U YES	□ NO
Examples of possible supporting information to forward (submit at least 1): Can be summarized in narrative format.		
 a. Course schedules for 2016-17 to indicate courses offered – <u>without any student and/or faculty identifiers</u> OR b. Narrative describing how courses are structured around FDOE frameworks/standards 		
7. Offers rigorous CTE Courses that prepare students for program-related certification exams	YES	
Examples of possible supporting information to forward (submit at least 1): Can be summarized in narrative format or provide ONLY aggregated data without student names and/or identifiers.		
 a. Any available local data on industry certifications earned by students in this POS during the 2016-17 project year OR b. Data from Perkins Technical Skill Attainment Measures 2S1, 1A1, and/or 1P1 (see 2016-17 Local Level Data reported for this program supplied by the FDOE) 		

8. Provides coursework that prepares students for specific postsecondary program options, offered at local/regional institutions, that a student could move into once completing the particular secondary program	YES	NO		
Examples of supporting information (submit at least 1): Can be summarized in narrative format or provide ONLY aggree without student names and/or identifiers for item (b).	gated data	or lists		
 prepared to move into the postsecondary program(s) identified in this POS OR b. Data that shows students admitted to related postsecondary program(s) or successful completion of introductory courses 				
Other Recommended/Optional Elements				
1. Offers students opportunity to participate in a career and technical student association relevant to that program (<u>http://fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7521/urlt/CareerTechStudentOrg.pdf</u>)	YES	NO		
Examples of supporting information (submit at least 1): Items (b), (c) or (d) can be summarized in narrative format or provide ONLY aggregated data without student names and/or identifiers.				
a. Meeting agendas OR				
b. Number of student members OR				
c. Number of students attending Conference OR				
d. Number of students competing at conference and summary of outcomes				
2. Offers students opportunities for program-related internship/work experience	YES			
Examples of supporting information (submit at least 1): Can be summarized in narrative format or provide ONLY aggregated data/summary information without student names and/or identifiers.				
a. Agreements with businesses for student work experiences OR				
b. Numbers of students participating and where placed				
Additional Questions About Programs of Study				
1. Please describe any strategies and/or practices that you implement for programs of study that are particularly effective and would like to share with other agencies (i.e., student-run businesses on campus, ways of involving business/industry, effective recruitment strategies for non-traditional students)?				
2. What challenges do you have related to programs of study that you would find it helpful for our office to provide you technical assistance on?				

SECTION 4 – CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION STATE LEADERSHIP ACTIVITIES PROTOCOL

State Leadership Activities - Required uses of funds				
Statutory Authority: Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2344(b)(1)-(9)				
Directions: This form applies only to those agencies receiving Perkins Leadership funding. If your agency used Perkins IV Leadership				
funds to complete any of the following activities, check "yes or no." If the answer is "yes," answer the questions for that section. Response or				
verification should be provided in the space following the inquiry; spaces expand to accommodate explanation.				
From amounts reserved under Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2322(a)(2), each eligible agency (FDOE) shall conduct State leadership activities as listed				
below. Grants are awarded to eligible recipients (State government agencies, CBOs, CTSOs, colleges and universities, etc.) to carry out one or				
more of the required activities for FDOE.				
Assessment of Career and Technical Education Programs				
1. How do you assess CTE programs carried out with Perkins IV funds?				
2. How do you determine that the needs of special populations as defined in Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2302(29) are being met?				
3. How do you assess that CTE programs enable special populations as defined in Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2302(29) to meet state adjusted				
levels of performance and prepare the special populations as defined in Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2302(29) for further education, further				
training, or for high-skill, high-wage or high-demand occupations?				
Develop, Improve, or Expand the Use of Technology in CTE				
1. How does your agency provide training for CTE teachers, faculty, counselors, and administrators in the use of technology, including distance				
learning?				
2. How does your agency provide CTE students with the academic and career and technical skills (including math and science knowledge that				
provides a strong basis for such skills) that lead to entry into technology fields, including non-traditional fields?				
3. What encouragement do you offer to schools to collaborate with technology industries to offer voluntary internships and mentoring				
programs?				
Professional Development Programs Image: NO				
1. How did your agency provide in-service and/or pre-service training in CTE programs that focused on effective:				
a. Integration and use of challenging academic and CTE instruction provided jointly with academic teachers to the extent				
practicable?				
b. Teaching skills based on research that includes promising practices?				
c. Practices to improve parental and community involvement?				
d. Use of scientifically-based research and data to improve instruction?				
2. Were the professional development programs high quality, sustained, intensive, and classroom-focused to positively impact classroom				
instruction and teacher performance (not one-day or short term workshops or conferences)?				

		he programs help teachers and personnel to improve student achievement to meet state adjusted performance le	evels?	
4.				
	a.	Stay current with industry needs, expectations, and methods?		
	b.	Effectively develop rigorous and integrated academic and CTE curriculum jointly with academic teachers, to	the extent	
		practicable?		
	с.	Develop a higher level of academic and industry knowledge and skills in CTE?		
	d.	Effectively use applied learning?		
5.	How did	you coordinate with the teacher certification or licensing and professional development activities the state carrie		er Title II
		of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 and Title II of the Higher Education Act of 196	55?	
	egration		YES	
1.		our agency improve the academic and career and technical skills of students enrolled in CTE by strengthening		
		technical components of CTE programs, through integrating coherent and relevant content with challenging ac	ademic sta	andards
	and releva	nt CTE, to ensure achievement in:		
	a.	Core academic subjects as defined in Section 9101 of No Child Left Behind Act, including English, reading of	or language	e arts,
		math, science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, arts, history and geography?		
	b.	Career and technical education?		
Pre	eparation f	or Nontraditional Fields	YES	
1.	How did y	our agency provide preparation for nontraditional fields in current and emerging occupations and other activitie	es that exp	ose
	students, i	ncluding populations as defined in Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2302(29), to high-wage occupations?		
Suj	pporting P	artnerships	YES	NO
1.	How did y	our agency support partnerships among local education agencies, institutions of higher education, adult educati	on provide	ers, and,
	as appropr	iate, other entities, such as employers, labor organizations, intermediaries, parents, and local partnerships to en	able stude	nts to
	achieve sta	te academic standards and career and technical skills or complete CTE programs of study?		
Ser	ving Indiv	iduals in State Institutions	YES	NO
1.	How did y	our agency serve individuals in state institutions, such as state correctional institutions and institutions that serve	ve individu	als with
	disabilities	? Where were these programs located?		
Pro	ograms for	Special Populations	YES	NO
	<u> </u>	our agency support programs for special populations that lead to high-skill, high-wage or high-demand occupa	tions?	
Teo	chnical Ass	istance	YES	
1.	How did y	our agency provide technical assistance for eligible recipients?	•	

State Leadership Activities - Permissive uses of funds			
Statutory Authority: Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2344(c)(1)-(17) and (d)	<u> </u>		
Directions: If your agency used Perkins IV Leadership funds to complete any of the following activities, check YES or NO .			
YES , answer the questions for that section. Response or verification should be provided in the space following the inquiry; space-mediate explanation	jaces expar	nd to	
accommodate explanation.			
Improve Career Guidance and Academic Counseling			
	YES		
1. How did your agency use Perkins IV Leadership funds to improve career guidance and academic counseling programs th	at help stuc	lents	
make informed academic and career and technical education decisions, including:			
a. Encouraging secondary and postsecondary students to graduate with a diploma or degree?			
b. Exposing students to high-skill, high-wage occupations and non-traditional fields?			
Establish Agreements between Secondary and Postsecondary CTE Programs	YES		
1. How did your agency use Perkins IV Leadership funds to establish agreements, such as articulation agreements, between	secondary	school	
and postsecondary CTE programs to provide postsecondary education and training opportunities for students participatin	g in those c	career and	
technical education programs?	· · · · · · · · ·		
Support Transition Initiatives	YES	NO	
1. How did your agency use Perkins IV Leadership funds to support initiatives to help sub-baccalaureate CTE students	transition in	nto	
baccalaureate degree programs, including:			
a. Statewide articulation agreements between CTE postsecondary educational institutions that grant associate d	egrees and		
postsecondary educational institutions that grant baccalaureate degrees?			
b. Postsecondary dual and concurrent enrollment programs?			
c. Academic and financial aid counseling?d. Other initiatives?			
(i) To encourage the pursuit of a baccalaureate degree?			
(i) To encourage the pursuit of a baccalaureate degree? (ii) To overcome barriers to participation in baccalaureate degree programs, including geographic and ot	har harriar	9	
affecting rural students and special populations?		5	
Support for Career and Technical Student Organizations	YES		
1. How did your agency use Perkins IV Leadership funds to support career and technical student organizations (CTSOs), es		forts to	
increase the participation of students who are members of special populations identified in Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 23020			
Support for Public Charter Schools	YES		

1. How did your agency use Perkins IV Leadership funds to support public charter schools operating CTE programs?			
All Aspects of an Industry	YES		
1. How did your agency use Perkins IV Leadership funds to support CTE programs that offer experience in, and understa an industry for which students are being trained?	nding of, all	aspects of	
Support for Family and Consumer Sciences Programs	YES		
1. How did your agency use Perkins IV Leadership funds to support family and consumer sciences programs?	I		
Support for Partnerships between Education and Business	YES		
1. How did you use Perkins IV Leadership funds to support partnerships between education and business or business inter cooperative education and adjunct faculty arrangements at the secondary and postsecondary levels?	rmediaries, ii	ncluding	
Support New or Improved CTE Courses and Initiatives	YES		
1. How did you use Perkins IV Leadership funds to support the improvement or development of new CTE courses and in career clusters, career academies, and distance education, that prepare individuals academically and technically for high high demand occupations?			
Incentive Grants	YES		
 Did you use Perkins IV Leadership funds to award incentive grants to eligible recipients? a. For exemplary performance in carrying out programs under this act, based on: (i) Eligible recipients exceeding the local adjusted levels of performance established under section 20 U.S.C. (ii) Eligible recipients' progress in having special populations identified in 20 U.S.C. § 2302(29) of Perkins CTE programs meet local adjusted levels of performance? (v) Other factors relating to the performance of eligible recipients under the Perkins IV as the Florida Depart determines are appropriate 	education and and technica IV who part thent of Edu	d al icipate in	
Support Entrepreneurship	YES		
1. What activities does your agency provide that support entrepreneurship education and training?	<u>I</u>	<u>I</u>	
Provide CTE Programs that Coordinate with Adult Education Programs	YES		

1. How does the agency provide CTE programs for adults and school dropouts to complete their secondary school education that coordinate, to the extent practice has with adult advanting and family literacy activities authorized under the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act?			
the extent practicable, with adult education and family literacy activities authorized under the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act?			
Providing Transition Assistance to CTE Participants	YES		
1. What assistance does the agency provide to individuals, who have participated in services and activities under Perkins I	V, to conti	nue their	
education or training or find appropriate jobs, such as through referral to a one-stop center established under the Workfe	orce Invest	ment Act?	
Assessments	YES		
1. How does the agency develop valid and reliable assessments of technical skills?	<u>.</u>		
Data Systems	YES	NO	
1. Has the agency developed and enhanced data systems to collect and analyze data on secondary and postsecondary acad	emic and e	mployment	
outcomes?			
Staff Recruitment and Retention	YES		
1. What steps has the agency taken to improve:			
a. The recruitment and retention of CTE teachers, faculty, administrators, and career guidance and academic c	ounselors,	including	
individuals in groups underrepresented in the teaching profession; and			
b. The transition to teaching from business and industry, including small business?			
Support for Occupational and Information Resources	YES	NO	
1. How does the agency support occupational and employment information resources, such as those provided under 20 U.	S.C. § 232	8 of	
Perkins IV?			
Restriction on Uses of Funds	YES		

SECTION 5 – CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION – DATA AND ASSESSMENT PROTOCOL

Pr	rovider: Date:	Position Interviewed:	Monitor:			
Ca	Career and Technical Education Data and Assessment					
	tatutory Authority: Perkins IV, 20 U.S.C. § 2323; §§					
Di	Pirections: Response or verification should be provided	in the space following the inquiry; space	ces expand to accommodate explanation.			
Da	ata Foundation and Structure					
1.	. List the assessments currently used by your agency.					
2.	. Has agency staff been trained in the administration a	nd security of these assessments?				
3.	. Do you have basic skills requirements for entry into	the program?				
4.						
5.						
6.						
7.						
8.	. What process does the agency use for collecting and		istent with the Florida CTE curriculum			
	frameworks (including occupational completion point					
	. What process does the agency use for collecting and		plomas, or degrees awarded?			
	0. Do you have a local policy on exemptions for studer	its with disabilities?				
	1. How does your agency use the data that it collects?					
12.	2. What process does the agency use for collecting and					
	licensures, and assessments reported for technical sk	ills attainment? Does the process follow	V Perkins Business Rules?			
	ata Collection and Verification					
1.	. Does your agency use an electronic management inf	ormation system (MIS), used by all prog	grams, that has individual student records within			
	a relational data base structure?					
2.			, data entry and data verification? What are these			
	staff positions? Provide position descriptions for eac					
3.		try certifications or technical skill attair	ments by third-party assessment that the student			
	has taken, and whether or not the student passed?					
4.						
5.	1 2					
6.	How often is data entered into the agency's MIS sys					
1.	. Who has the responsibility of correcting missing and	erroneous data reported to you by the s	state? Is program staff involved in this process?			

1.	How often do you access your agency's data and verification reports provided by CCTCMIS and Florida College System?
	Which staff is able to readily access and print data reports?
3.	How is data, including Perkins performance data, used for program management and improvement?
4.	How do you share data results with your staff?
Sta	aff Development
1.	Has agency staff been provided training on general assessment and data requirements, including assessment policy and procedures, follow-
	up policies? If so, which staff members receive this training?
2.	Are guidance counselors and advisors trained on CTE requirements, Perkins Programs of Study, basic skills requirements, basic skills
	exemptions, student with disabilities exemptions, industry certifications etc.?
3.	Which staff members receive training on data collection and/or data entry procedures?
4.	Which staff members receive training on how to produce and/or interpret reports produced by the MIS?
5.	Has training been provided to your staff on conducting follow-up survey or data-matching procedures?
6.	Has agency staff received training on distance education policy and use of proxy hours, if estimated?
7.	Which staff members participate in MISATFOR and WEDDAC meetings? (districts and colleges)

Data Analysis and Reporting

1. 2. 3.

DATA VERIFICATION

DATA - Student Records Review – Career and Technical Education

Directions: Student records will be randomly selected for verification within student folders/MIS database. Include students for whom performance was claimed in a specified grant year. This requires a printout or other proof of the students who contributed to the agency performance for the grant(s) during the given year. Initial only those items reviewed and make comments as necessary.

Initials/ NA	Document/ Process	Comments
	Attendance is captured in agency MIS/student folder.	
	Individual student subtest reports must be reported in student folders/MIS data	
	system.	
	Subsequent test report (if any) indicates variance of the form of the test from the	
	previous form given (for example, M9 then M10).	
	Subsequent test level (if any) is determined by previous test scores	
	Student portfolio	
	Checklist	
	Occupational completion point attainment	
	Career certificate (including post-secondary career certificates in colleges)	
	Career diploma	
	Career degree (colleges only)	
	Industry certification or technical skill attainment by third party assessment	
	End-of-course or end-of-program assessment	

Module E

SECTION 1	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM PROTOCOL	54
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SECTION 1 – FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM PROTOCOL

Provider:	Date:	Position Interviewed:	Monitor:
Financial Management System			
Financial Management System			
Statutory Authority: UGG § 200	.300 (Statutory and Natio	onal Policy Requirements)	
Directions: Response or verificati	on should be provided in	the space following the inquiry; spaces exp	band to accommodate explanation.
Financial Reporting			
	policies and procedures the	hat include standard accounting practices, b	udgeting, and documenting and reporting
procedures?			
2. How do you monitor your grat			
	anagers coordinate their a	activities so information can be shared?	
Accounting records		1 10	
1. What process does your agence	•		11 0
	curement and inventory n	nanagement systems linked to minimize pro	oblems?
Internal control			
1 1	<u> </u>	uipment acquired with federal funds?	
2. How do you assure that proper	ty is used solely for auth	orized purposes?	
Budget control			
1. What process is in place for re	conciling budgeted amou	ints with actual expenditures where paymen	ts to you are based on expenditures and
performance?			-
Allowable cost			
1. Which staff positions have res	ponsibility for approving	expenditures (purchases) under the grant?	
2. How do you ensure that expen	ditures are "reasonable, a	llowable and allocable"?	
Source documentation			
1. How do you document various	accounting transactions	(payroll, purchases, etc.)?	

SECTION 2 – FISCAL PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTS PROTOCOL

Provid	der: Date:	Position Interviewed:	Monitor:
Procu	rement (including purchasing and contracting)		
Statut	tory Authority: UGG § 200.317 (Procurement by states),	\$ 200 322 (Producement of recover	ad matorials)
	318 (General procurement standards), § 200.319 (Competitional States),		
Direct	tions: Response or verification should be provided in the s	pace following the inquiry; spaces e	expand to accommodate explanation.
	rement Procedures		
1.			
2.	Explain the procurement procedures for contracting for g Do you have a contract manager?	goods of services using grant runds.	(II applicable)
5.	Do you have a contract manager.		
Delive			
1.	\mathbf{r}		
2. 3.	How does the agency know when deliverables are comp Does the system ensure that contractors submit written it		utlined in the contract or when deliverables are
5.	completed?	involces according to the schedule of	attilled in the contract of when deriverables are
	•		
	of standards of conduct		
	How does the provider ensure that staff is aware of the in Have there ever been violations of the provider's code o		
3.	*		
	administering the contract?	F88	
Purcha		Does the movider have components	in place to maximize purchasing potential?
1.	How does the provider practice economical purchasing? Elaborate.	Does the provider have agreements	in prace to maximize purchasing potential?
2.	What is the provider's purchasing process for items less	than \$1,000.00? More than \$5,000.0	00?
3.			
L			

Contracts

1.	How does the provider ensure that it has entered into contracts with entities that have not been suspended or debarred from participating in
	contracts supported with federal funds?

- 2. How does the agency monitor the contract performance?
- 3. Invoices provide sufficient documentation to support the payment request.
- 4. How does the provider handle disputes with a contractor?
- 5. Was FDOE notified of any disputes? If so, how? Have any disputes have gone to a due process hearing?
- 6. If travel was reimbursed, is reimbursement consistent with state travel requirements?

Records

- 1. Does the provider maintain records sufficient enough to detail the history of a procurement?
- 2. Do these records include such items as: rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price?

Competition

- 1. How does the provider ensure full and open competition in procurement transactions?
- 2. Are there written procedures in place for procurement transactions?

Methods of procurement to be followed

1. Which methods does the agency use to procure goods and services with federal funds? (Small purchase procedures, sealed bids, competitive proposals, or noncompetitive proposals?)

Contracting with small and minority firms, women's business enterprise and labor surplus area firms

1. What steps does the agency take to encourage participation in the contract process by small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises?

Contract cost and price

1. What documentation of cost and/or price analyses that were done for the last three contracts awarded by the agency can you provide?

Awarding agency review – Sample documentation

1. Can you provide all documents for the entire cycle of the procurement process for the last three procurements made by the agency? Would you have examples of a competitive procurement sealed bids, noncompetitive proposals, or small purchase procedures?

Bonding requirements

1. How do you ensure that construction or facility improvement contractors are adequately bonded or have filed payment or performance bonds with the Clerk of Court?

Contract provisions

1. What is your process for ensuring that contracts that are funded with federal money include the contract provisions required by this section of the OMB UGG; §200.326 Contract provisions.

Contracting with faith-based organizations

- 1. What steps does the agency take to encourage participation by faith-based organizations in the contract and/or procurement process?
- 2. How do you ensure that inherently religious activities are kept separate from contracted programs/services?

SECTION 3 – FISCAL EQUIPMENT PROTOCOL

Provid	ovider: Date: Person Intervie	ewed: Monitor:
110010	ovider. Date. rerson intervie	weu. Monitor.
Eine al		
Fiscal -	cal – Equipment	
Statut	stutem. Authority: LICC & 200.22 (Equipment) & 200.12 (Conitel aceste) & 200.20 (Commuting devices) \$ 200.48 (Constal numbers
	atutory Authority: UGG § 200.33 (Equipment), § 200.12 (Capital assets), § 200.20 (
	nipment), § 200.58 (Information technology systems), § 200.89 (Special purpose equip 00.430 (Equipment and other conital arranditures)	pment), § 200.94 (Supplies), § 200.515 (Equipment), and
<u>§ 200.4</u>	00.439 (Equipment and other capital expenditures)	
Directi	rections: Response or verification should be provided in the space following the inqui	iry: spaces expand to accommodate explanation.
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Use	e	
1.	1. How does the agency use the equipment that was purchased with grant funds?	
2.		
3.)
4.		
Manag	anagement requirements	
1.	1. What staff position is responsible for equipment?	
2.	2. Is there a reasonable system in place to track the purchase, use, and disposal of e	equipment?
3.	3. Describe the process used to inventory equipment. How often does the agency co	onduct a physical inspection of equipment?
4.		
5.		
	When was this last done?	
6.	6. Where is equipment stored? Is there a system in place to safeguard/secure equip	oment? Describe this system.
7.		
8.		•
Dispos	sposition - Federal equipment - Right to transfer title	
1.	1. How does the agency dispose of equipment acquired under a grant that is no lon	ger needed for the original project or program?

SECTION 4 – ALLOWABLE COSTS PROTOCOL

Provider: Date:	I	Position	Intervi	iewed: Monitor:			
Directions: Did your Agency spend federa	l grant fur	nds on a	ny of th	e selected items below?			
Check YES, NO or N/A. If the answer is Y							
the selected item in the Fiscal Allowable Co	osts sectio	n.		_			
Selected Item of Cost	YES	NO	N/A	Selected Item of Cost	YES	NO	N/A
Advertising and public relations costs				Membership subscriptions and			
				professional activity costs			
Advisory councils				Organization costs			
Alcoholic beverages				Participant support costs			
Alumni activities				Plant and security costs			
Audit costs and related services				Pre-award costs			
Bad debts				Professional service costs			
Bonding costs				Proposal costs			
Commencement and convocation costs				Publication and printing costs			
Compensation for personal services				Rearrangement and conversion costs			
(including but not necessarily limited to							
wages, salaries, and fringe benefits)							
Contingency provisions				Recruiting costs			
Deans of faculty and graduate schools				Relocation costs			
Defense and prosecution of criminal and				Rental costs of real property and			
civil proceedings and claims				equipment			
Depreciation and use				Royalties and other costs for the use of			
Allowances				patents and/or copyrights			
Donations and contributions				Scholarships and student			
				aid costs			
Employee health and welfare costs				Selling and marketing costs			
Entertainment costs				Specialized service facilities			
Equipment and other capital expenditures				Student activity costs			
Fines, penalties, damages and other				Taxes			
settlements							

Fund-raising and investment management costs	Termination costs applicable to sponsored agreements
Gains and losses on disposition of depreciable property and other capital assets and substantial relocation of federal programs	Training costs
General costs of government	Transportation costs
Goods or services for personal use	Travel costs
Housing and personal living expenses	Trustees
Idle facilities and idle capacity (unused capacity of partially used facilities)	
Insurance and indemnification	
Interest	
Labor relations costs	
Lobbying	
Losses on other awards or contracts	
Maintenance and repair costs	
Materials and supplies costs, including cost of computing devices	
Meetings and Conferences	

Fiscal - Allowable Costs

Statutory Authority: UGG Subpart E-Cost Principles, General Provisions § 200.400 (Policy Guide), § 200.416 (Cost allocation plans and indirect cost proposals), § 200.405 (Allocable Cost), § 200.56 (Indirect Costs), and Subpart F Audit Requirements § 200.500 (Purpose). See the specific section of UGG to each item below:

Directions: Did your Agency spend federal grant funds on any of the selected items below? Check **YES**, **NO or N/A**. If the answer is **YES**, answer the question(s) for the selected item below:

Adver	tising and public relations costs § 200.421 UGG	YES		N/A
1.	Did the agency advertise teaching vacancies? In what media? Were Perkins IV or Adult Ed funds used	d to purchas	se the	
	advertisements?			
2.	What other ads did the agency purchase? In what media?			
3.	Did the agency use Perkins IV or adult education funds to cover costs of meetings or conventions? Di	splays, den	onstration	s, or
	exhibits? Meeting rooms, hospitality suites, booths or other special facilities?			
4.	Did Perkins IV or adult education funding provide salaries and wages for employees engaged in settin making demonstrations, and providing briefings?	ig up and di	splaying e	xhibits,
5.	Were federal funds used to cover costs of promotional items and memorabilia, including models, gifts	, and souve	enirs?	
6.	Were the agency's advertising and public relations costs designed to promote the agency's programs of	or the agence	y itself?	
Adviso	ory councils UGG § 200.422	YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds used to cover any costs related to advisory councils?			
Alcoho	olic beverages UGG § 200.423	YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended for costs of alcoholic beverages?			
Alum	ii(ae) activities UGG § 200.424	YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended for costs incurred for or in support of alumni (ae) activities and similar s	ervices?		
Audit	costs and related services UGG § 200.425	YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended for audit costs and related expenses such as audits required by, and performing Single Audit Act?	ormed in ac	cordance v	with, the
Bad de	ebts UGG § 200.426	YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended to cover bad debts, including losses (whether actual or estimated) arising and other claims, related collection costs, and related legal costs?	g from unco	ollectible a	ccounts

Bondi	ng costs UGG § 200.427	YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended for bonding costs required by the federal government as assurance agai		l loss to it	self,
	including bonds such as bid, performance, payment, advance payment, infringement and fidelity bond	ds?		
2.	Are bonding costs required in the general conduct of operations of the agency?			
Comn	nencement and convocation costs UGG § 200.429	YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended for costs incurred for commencement and convocations?			
	a. Were these funds expended for salaries and fringe benefits of members of the academic staff who	se responsil	oilities to t	he
	institution require administrative work that benefits commencements and convocations?			
	ensation for personal services (including but not necessarily limited to wages, salaries, and	YES		N/A
fringe	benefits) UGG § 200.430			
1.	How do you document salaries and wages charged to federal grants?			
2.	Is the total compensation reasonable for the services rendered? Does it conform to the established poli	cy of the ag	ency cons	istently
	applied to both federal and non-federal activities?			
3.	Who approves payroll?			
4.	Where employees work solely on a single federal award or cost objective, were charges for their salar			ed by
	periodic certifications that the employees worked solely on that program for the period covered by the			
	a. Were these certifications prepared at least semi-annually and signed by the employee or superviso	ry official l	aving first	t-hand
	knowledge of the work performed by the employee?			
	a. Do these PARs reflect an after-the-fact distribution of the actual activity of each employee?			
	b. Do they account for the total activity for which each employee is compensated?			
	c. Are they prepared at least monthly and coincide with one or more pay periods?			
	d. Are they signed by the employee?e. Do they reflect budget estimates or other distribution percentages determined before the services a	ra parform	d? If co f	hav da
	not qualify as support for charges to federal awards.	ue periorità	τα ε Π 50, τ	ney uo
1	If federal funds have been expended for severance pay:			
1.	a. Was severance pay required by law, by employee/employer agreement or by established written p	olicy?		
	b. Was severance pay associated with normal turnover and allocated as an indirect cost?	oney.		
Conti	ngency provisions UGG § 200.433	YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended as contributions to a contingency reserve or any similar provision made			
	which cannot be foretold with certainty as to time, intensity, or with an assurance of their happening?			
	reserve" excludes self-insurance reserves, pension plan reserves, and post-retirement health and other	benefit rese	rves comp	outed
D	using acceptable actuarial cost methods.)			
Deans	of faculty and graduate schools UGG § 200.430	YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended for salaries and expenses of deans of faculty and graduate schools, or the	e equivalen	ts, and the	ir
	staff?			

Defense and prosecution of criminal and civil proceedings and claims UGG § 200.435	YES	NO N/A
1. If federal funds were expended for defense of criminal and civil proceedings and claims, were the administration of federal programs?		•
Depreciation and use allowances UGG § 200.436	YES	
 Were federal funds expended as compensation for depreciation and/or use allowances for the use improvements, and equipment)? Was the computation of depreciation or use allowances based on the acquisition cost of the assets 		buildings, capital
3. Are the charges for use allowances or depreciation supported by adequate property records and ph least once every two years to ensure that the assets exist and are usable, used and needed?	ysical inventor	
Donations and contributions UGG § 200.434		NO N/A
 Were federal funds expended for contributions or donations (including cash, property, and service Was the value of donated or volunteer services (furnished to the agency by professional and techniskilled and unskilled labor) reimbursed as a direct or indirect cost using federal funds? Was the value of donated services received by the provider used to meet cost-sharing or matching 	cal personnel,	
Employee health and welfare costs UGG § 200.437	YES	
 Were federal funds expended for the costs of employee information publications, health or first-ai recreational activities, employee counseling services, and any other expenses incurred in accordan practice or custom for the improvement of working conditions, employer-employee relations, emp performance? Were such costs equitably apportioned to all activities of the agency? Was income generated from any of these activities offset against expenses? 	ce with the age	ncy's established
Entertainment costs UGG § 200.438	YES	NO N/A
1. Were federal funds expended for costs of entertainment, including amusement, diversion, and soci associated with such costs (such as tickets to shows or sports events, meals, lodging, rentals, transport		
Equipment and other capital expenditures UGG § 200.439		
 Were federal funds expended for acquisition costs of capital assets (for general purpose equipment expenditures to make improvements to capital assets that materially increase their value or useful a. If capital expenditures were direct charges to the grant, were they approved in advance by FDG b. Were equipment and other capital expenditures included in indirect costs? c. When equipment purchased wholly or partly with federal funds is replaced, what is done with as a trade-in? Is it sold and the proceeds used to offset the cost of the replacement property? Is federal program for use in that program? 	ife? DE? the replaced eq	uipment? Is it used

d. When approved as a direct charge, were these capital expenditures charged in the period in w incurred, or as otherwise determined appropriate by and negotiated with FDOE?	hich the exp	enditure v	vas
Fines, penalties, damages and other settlements UGG § 200.441	YES	NO	N/A
1. Were federal funds expended to cover costs resulting from violations of, or failure of the agency to co local or foreign laws and regulations?	mply with f	ederal, sta	te, and
Fund-raising and investment management costs UGG § 200.442	YES		□ N/A
 Were federal funds expended to cover costs of organized fund raising? Were federal funds expended to cover costs of investment counsel and staff and similar expenses inconfrom investments? Were federal funds expended for costs associated with investments covering pension, self- insurance federal participation allowed by UGG § 200.403 and § 200.442. 	·		
Gains and losses on disposition of depreciable property and other capital assets and substantial relocation of federal programs UGG § 200.443	YES		□ N/A
1. Were gains and losses on the sale, retirement or other disposition of depreciable property included in credits or charges to the asset cost grouping(s) in which the property was included?	the year in v	which they	occur as
General costs of government UGG § 200.444	YES		N/A
 Were federal funds expended for any of the following general costs of government: a. Salaries and expenses of the Office of the Governor of a state or the chief executive of a politica executive of a federally recognized Indian tribal government? b. Salaries and other expenses of a state legislature, tribal council, or similar local governmental bocity council, school board, etc., whether incurred for purposes of legislation or executive direction. Costs of the judiciary branch of a government? d. Costs of prosecutorial activities unless treated as a direct cost to a specific program if authorized regulation (however, this does not preclude the allow ability of other legal activities of the attorn 2. Were federal funds expended for the portion of salaries and expenses directly attributable to managin programs by the chief executive of a federally recognized Indian Tribal Government or Councils of C her staff? 	ody, such as on? I by program ney general) ng and operat	a county s statute or ing federa	upervisor,
Goods or services for personal use UGG § 200.445	YES		N/A
 Were federal funds expended for costs of goods or services for personal use of the agency's employe Were these costs reported as taxable income to the employees? 	es?		

Iousing and personal living expenses UGG § 200.445		S NO	N/A
 Were federal funds expended for "costs of housing (such as depreciation, maintenance, utilities, fur allowances and personal living expenses for the agency's current or past officers? Were these costs reported as taxable income to the employee? 	nishings, ro	ent), housin	g
dle facilities (completely unused facilities) and idle capacity (unused capacity of partially used facilities) JGG § 200.446		S DNO	• N/A
 Were federal funds expended for "cost of idle facilities" such as maintenance, repair, housing, rent insurance, interest, property taxes, and depreciation or use allowances? a. Were the costs of idle facilities necessary to meet fluctuations in workload? b. Were facilities idle due to changes in program requirements, efforts to achieve more economic termination or due to unforeseen reasons? Were federal funds expended for maintenance, repair, housing, rent and other related costs such as 	al operation	ns, reorganiz	zation, and
and depreciation or use allowances for equipment and/or buildings with idle capacity?a. Were the costs of idle capacity normal costs of doing business and a factor in the normal fluctuperiod?	ations of u	sage from p	eriod to
nsurance and indemnification UGG § 200.447			N/A
 Were the costs of insurance required or approved and maintained as required by the federal award? Were federal funds expended for costs of other insurance maintained by the agency in connection vactivities? a. Were the types and extent and cost of coverage in accordance with sound business practices? 		ieral conduc	et of its
b. Were the costs for insurance or of any contributions to any reserve covering the risk of loss of property?	or damage	to federally	owned
3. Were the costs for actual losses which could have been covered by permissible insurance (through approved in pursuant to federal regulations?	self-insura	nce or other	wise)
4. Were these costs for deductibles or minor losses not covered by insurance, such as the spoilage, br hand tools?	eakage and	disappearai	nce of sma
5. Were the contributions to a reserve for certain self-insurance programs including workers compensation and severance pay?	ation, uner	nployment	
6. Were the costs for actual claims paid to or on behalf of employees or former employees for worker compensation, severance pay and similar employee benefits?	s compens:	ation, unem	ployment
7. Were the costs for indemnification, securing the agency against liabilities to third persons and othe insurance, and expressly provided for in the federal award?	r losses not	compensat	ed by
8. Were the costs for commercial insurance to protect against costs of the contractor for corrections of materials or workmanship?	f the contra	ctor's own	defects in

Interest UGG § 200.449			N/A		
 Were federal funds expended for costs incurred for interest on borrowed capital or the use of the agency's own funds? Were federal funds expended for financing costs (including interest) paid or incurred which are associated with otherwise allowable costs of building acquisition, construction, or fabrication, reconstruction or remodeling completed on or after October 1, 1980? Were federal funds expended for financing costs (including interest) paid or incurred on or after September 1, 1995, for land or associated with otherwise allowable costs of equipment? 					
Labor relations costs UGG § 200.430			N/A		
1. Were federal funds expended for costs incurred in maintaining satisfactory relations between the agency and its employees, including costs of labor management committees, employees' publications and other related activities?					
Lobbying UGG § 200.450	YES		N/A		
 Were federal funds expended for the cost of certain influencing activities associated with obtaining grants, contracts, cooperative agreements or loans? Were federal funds expended for executive lobbying costs? 					
Losses on other awards or contracts UGG § 200.451	YES		N/A		
 Were federal funds expended for any excess of costs over income under any other award or contract of any nature? (This includes, but is not limited to, the agency's contributed portion by reason of cost-sharing agreements or any under-recoveries through negotiation or flat amounts for F&A costs.) 					
Maintenance and repair costs UGG § 200.452	YES		N/A		
 Were federal funds expended for costs incurred for necessary maintenance, repair, or upkeep of buildings and equipment (including federal property unless otherwise provided for) which neither add to the permanent value of the property nor appreciably prolong its intended life, but keep it in an efficient operating condition? (Costs incurred for improvements, which add to the permanent value of the buildings and equipment or appreciably prolong their intended life, shall be treated as capital expenditures.) 					
Materials and supplies costs, including cost of computing devices UGG § 200.453			N/A		
 Were federal funds expended for costs incurred for materials, supplies and fabricated parts necessary to carry out a federal award? Were purchased materials and supplies charged at their actual prices, net of applicable credits? (Withdrawals from general stores or stockrooms should be charged at their actual net cost under any recognized method of pricing inventory withdrawals, consistently applied. Incoming transportation charges are a proper part of materials and supplies costs.) Were materials and supplies actually used for the performance of a federal award charged as direct costs? Was there a charge for federally-donated or furnished materials used in performing the federal award? 					

Meetings and conferences UGG § 200.432	YES NO N/A				
 Were federal funds expended for the costs of meetings and conferences, the primary purpose of which is the dissemination of technical information? (This includes costs of meals, transportation, rental of facilities, speakers' fees, and other items incidental to meetings or conferences.) 					
Memberships, subscriptions and professional activity costs UGG § 200.454	YES NO N/A				
 Were federal funds expended for costs of the agency's: Membership in business, technical, and professional organizations? Subscriptions to business, professional, and technical periodicals; and/or Membership(s) in any organization that engages in lobbying activities? 	· · · · ·				
Organization costs UGG § 200.455	YES NO N/A				
1. Was approval obtained from the awarding agency prior to the expenditure of federal funds for any of the following? (Incorporation fees, brokers' fees, fees to promoters, organizers or management consultants; attorneys, accountants, or investment counselors, whether or not employees of the organization, in connection with establishment or reorganization of an organization.)					
Participant support costs UGG § 200.456	YES NO N/A				
1. Was approval obtained from the awarding agency prior to the expenditure of federal funds or stipends or subsistence allowances, travel allowances, and registration fees paid to or on behalf of participants or trainees (not employees), in connection with meeting conferences, symposia or training projects?					
Plant and security costs UGG § 200.457	YES NO N/A				
 Were federal funds expended for any of the following activities? a. Necessary and reasonable expenses incurred for security to protect facilities, personnel, and work products? (expenses, such as: wages, and uniforms of personnel engaged in security activities, equipment, barriers, contractual security services, consultants) 					
Pre-award costs UGG § 200.458	YES NO N/A				
1. Were federal funds expended for costs incurred prior to the effective date of the award directly pursuant to the negotiation and in anticipation of the award, where such costs are necessary for efficient and timely performance of the scope of work?					
Professional service costs UGG § 200.459	YES NO N/A				
1. Were federal funds expended for the costs of professional and consultant services rendered by persons who are members of a particular profession or possess a special skill and who are not officers or employees of the agency?					
Proposal costs UGG § 200.460					
1. Were federal funds expended on costs of preparing proposals for potential Federal Awards?	<u> </u>				

Publi	cations and printing costs UGG § 200.461	\Box	YES		N/A
1.	1. Were federal funds expended for publication costs of printing (including the processes of composition, plate-making, press work,				
	binding, and the end products produced by such processes), distribution, promotion, mailing, general	ıandli	ng and	or page o	charges for
	professional publications?				
2.	Were costs not identifiable with a particular cost objective allocated as indirect costs to all benefiting				
3.	If federal funds were expended for page charges for professional journal publications as a necessary p	art of	researc	h costs, d	lid the
	research papers report work supported by the federal government?				
	Are the charges levied impartially on all research papers published by the journal, whether or not by f		-		
Rear	rangement and reconversion costs UGG § 200.462		YES		N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended for costs incurred for ordinary and normal rearrangement and alteration				
2.	Was prior approval granted from by the USED for special arrangements and alteration costs incurred				
3.	Were federal funds expended for costs incurred in the restoration or rehabilitation of the agency's facily	lities t	to appr	oximately	the same
	condition existing immediately prior to the commencement of a federal award?				
4.	Were federal funds expended to cover the cost of wear and tear on the agency's facilities?				
Recru	uiting costs UGG § 200.463		YES		□ N/A
1.	Were federal funds expended for costs incurred pursuant to a well-managed recruitment program to				
	workload requirements? (These costs include: "help wanted" advertising, operating costs of an empl				
	secure and maintain and adequate staff, costs of operating and aptitude and educational testing progr				
	while engaged in recruiting personnel, travel costs of applicants for interviews for prospective emplo	ymen	t and re	elocation	costs
	incurred incident to recruitment of new employee.)				
2.					
3.	In publications, did help-wanted advertising include color, additional information other than for recruitment purposes or excessive size?				cessive
4.	Did recruiting enticements meet the test of reasonableness and conform to the established practices of				
5. Has the agency refunded or credited relocation costs when the costs were incurred incidental to the recruitment of a new employee who resigned for reasons within his control within 12 months of hire?					nployee
Reloc	cation costs UGG § 200.464	7	YES		N/A
1.	Were funds used for relocation costs for permanent change of duty or assignment for an indefinite per	riod o	r for a	stated per	riod not
less than 12 months, of an existing employee or upon recruitment of a new employee?					
Renta	al costs of real property and equipment UGG § 200.465		ES	NO	N/A
1.	1. Are rental costs reviewed periodically to determine reasonableness? (Based on rental costs of comparable property and/ or				
	equipment, market conditions in the area, alternative available, type, life expectancy, condition and value of the property leased.)				
2.	Are rental costs under "sale and lease back" and "less than arms-length," leases equal to the amounts that would have been allowed				
	had title to the property or equipment been held by the agency?				
1					

Royalt	ies and other costs for the use of patents UGG § 200.448	I	ES		N/A	
1.	1. Have federal funds been expended on royalties on a patent or copyright or amortization of the cost of acquiring by purchase a					
	copyright, patent, or rights, necessary for the proper performance of the award?					
2.	Does the federal government have a license or the right to free use of the patent or copyright?					
3.	Has the patent or copyright been adjudicated to be invalid, or been administratively determined to be	invali	id?			
4.	Is the patent or copyright considered to be unenforceable?					
5.	Has the patent or copyright expired?					
6.	Did the agency exercise special care in determining reasonableness where the royalties may have been					
	less-than-arm's-length bargaining? (Such as with persons or corporations affiliated with the agency of	or unaf	ffiliate	ed parties u	under an	
	agreement entered into in anticipation that a federal award would be made.)					
Schola	rships and student aid costs UGG § 200.466	_ y	ES		N/A	
1.	1. Were federal funds expended for costs of scholarships, fellowships and other programs of student aid to provide training to selected				selected	
	participants and the charge was approved by the sponsoring agency?					
2.	2. Were the tuition remission and other forms of compensation paid as, or in lieu of, wages to students performing necessary work or				work or	
	conducting activities necessary to the sponsored agreement?					
3.	Were these forms of compensation provided in accordance with established institutional policy?					
4.	Was the tuition or other payments reasonable compensation for the work performed?					
Selling and marketing costs UGG § 200.467 Image: YES Image: NO Image: N/A						
1.	Were federal funds expended for costs of selling and marketing any products or services of the agend	y?				
Specia	lized service facilities UGG § 200.468]]	ES		□ N/A	
1.	Were federal funds expended for costs of services provided by highly specialized facilities operated	by the	agenc	y, such as		
	computing facilities, wind tunnels or reactors?					
Studer	nt activity costs UGG § 200.469	I	ES		N/A	
1.	Were federal funds expended for costs incurred for intramural activities, student publications, studen	t clubs	s and	other stude	ent	
activities?						
Taxes	UGG § 200.470	<u> </u>	ES		□ N/A	
1. Were federal funds expended for taxes that the organization is required to pay and which are paid or accrued in accordance with						
	General Accounting Principles (GAAP)?					
2.						
3.						
	institution based on an exemption afforded the federal government?					
4	4. Were these payments for special assessments on land that represent capital improvements?					

5.	Were refunds of taxes, interest, or penalties, and any payment to the institution of interest thereon, attributable to taxes, interest or penalties, which were allowed as sponsored agreement costs, credited or paid to the federal government in the manner directed by the federal government?					
Termi	Termination costs applicable to sponsored agreements UGG § 200.471 YES NO N/A					
1.	1. If an award has been terminated, were there certain costs that could not be discontinued immediately after the effective date of termination?					
Traini	ng costs UGG § 200.472			□ N/A		
1.	1. Were federal funds expended for the cost of training provided for employee development?					
Trans	portation costs UGG § 200.473			□ N/A		
1.	1. Were federal funds expended for costs incurred for freight, express, cartage, postage and other transportation services relating either to goods purchased, in process, or delivered?					
2.	2. Does the agency follow a consistent, equitable procedure to identify inbound transportation cost in order to be charged to the appropriate F&A cost accounts?					
3.						
Travel	costs UGG § 200.474	YES		□ N/A		
1.	Were all travel expenses (paid from these federal funds) incurred for the official business of the institution?					
2.	Are all travel charges consistent with the institution's written travel policy?					
3.	Are all airfare costs coach or equivalent unless they meet the exceptions in UGG §200.474?					
4. If institution staff travels by other than commercial carrier, are the travel charges consistent with available commercial charges?						
Truste	es UGG § 200.475	YES		∐ N/A		
1.	Were federal funds expended for travel and subsistence costs of trustees (or directors)? These costs a regarding lodging, subsistence and air travel costs provided in UGG §200.475.	re subject t	o restrictio	ons		

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