

# School Grades and School Improvement Rating Calculation Components 

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## Presenter

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## School Grades

## School Grades Model

- Focuses the school grading formula on student success measures:
- Achievement
- Learning gains
- Graduation
- Earning College Credit and/or Industry Certifications
- Maintains a focus on students who need the most support.
- ELLs included in Achievement after 2 years.


## School Grades

- Schools are only graded on the components for which they have sufficient data.
- Schools that have enough data for one or more components will receive a grade.


## Percent Tested

- Must test 95\% of Survey 3 students.
- Calculated for each assessment and then aggregated.
- Schools that do not test $95 \%$ of students will receive preliminary grades of "।."
- Superintendents can appeal the " $I$ " by demonstrating that the data accurately represents the school's progress or requesting that late reporting assessment results be included.
- Commissioner will review data to determine if the performance data is representative of the school's progress.
- If the Commissioner determines the data is representative, she will release grades for these schools at the end of the appeals period.


## Subject Areas Included for Achievement

- The Percentage of Full-Year Enrolled Students who scored at Level 3 or above in:
- English Language Arts
- Florida Standards Assessment in English Language Arts - Grade 3 to 10 (FSA and FSAA)
- Mathematics*
- Florida Standards Assessment in Mathematics - Grades 3 to 8 (FSA and FSAA)
- Algebra 1 EOC (FSA and FSAA)
- Geometry EOC (FSA and FSAA)
- Science*
- Science - Grades 5 and 8 (Statewide Science Standardized Assessment and FSAA)
- Biology 1 EOC (FSA and FSAA)
- Social Studies*
- Civics (FSA and FSAA)
- U.S. History (FSA and FSAA)
*For EOCs a student must be enrolled in the course to be counted in achievement.


## FSA Learning Gains Criteria <br> English Language Arts and Mathematics

- Improve one or more achievement levels from one year to the next (e.g., move from Level 1 to Level 2; Level 2 to Level 4, etc.)
- Maintain a Level 3 or Level 4 and the student's scale score must have improved from one year to the next
- For students who remain in Level 1 or Level 2, split Levels 1 and 2 into multiple sections (Level 1 into thirds and Level 2 in half) and require the student to improve from section to section within the Level (e.g., move from the bottom third of Level 1 to the middle third of Level 1)
- Maintain a Level 5 from one year to the next


## FSAA Learning Gains Criteria <br> English Language Arts and Mathematics

- Improve one or more achievement levels from one year to the next (e.g., move from Level 1 to Level 2; Level 2 to Level 4, etc.)
- For students who remain in Level 1 or Level 2, split Levels 1 and 2 into multiple sections (Level 1 into thirds and Level 2 in half) and require the student to improve from section to section within the Level (e.g., move from the bottom third of Level 1 to the middle third of Level 1)
- For students who remain in Level 3, split Level 3 into two sections and require the student to improve from section to section within the Level (e.g., move from the bottom half of Level 3 to the top half of Level 3)
- Maintain a Level 4 from one year to the next


## Learning Gains Reminder

- A learning gain can be made using prior and current like tests only.
- A gain cannot be made from a prior year FSAA to current year FSA, or a prior year FSA to current year FSAA.


## FSA English Language Arts Learning Gains Table

|  | Level 1 |  |  |  |  | Level 2 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Assessment | Level 1 | Low | Middle | High | Level 2 | Low | High | Level 3 | Level 4 |
| Level 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grade 3 | $240-284$ | $240-254$ | $255-269$ | $270-284$ | $285-299$ | $285-292$ | $293-299$ | $300-314$ | $315-329$ | $330-360$ |
| Grade 4 | $251-296$ | $251-266$ | $267-281$ | $282-296$ | $297-310$ | $297-303$ | $304-310$ | $311-324$ | $325-339$ | $340-372$ |
| Grade 5 | $257-303$ | $257-272$ | $273-288$ | $289-303$ | $304-320$ | $304-312$ | $313-320$ | $321-335$ | $336-351$ | $352-385$ |
| Grade 6 | $259-308$ | $259-275$ | $276-292$ | $293-308$ | $309-325$ | $309-317$ | $318-325$ | $326-338$ | $339-355$ | $356-391$ |
| Grade 7 | $267-317$ | $267-283$ | $284-300$ | $301-317$ | $318-332$ | $318-325$ | $326-332$ | $333-345$ | $346-359$ | $360-397$ |
| Grade 8 | $274-321$ | $274-289$ | $290-305$ | $306-321$ | $322-336$ | $322-329$ | $330-336$ | $337-351$ | $352-365$ | $366-403$ |
| Grade 9 | $276-327$ | $276-293$ | $294-310$ | $311-327$ | $328-342$ | $328-335$ | $336-342$ | $343-354$ | $355-369$ | $370-407$ |
| Grade 10 | $284-333$ | $284-300$ | $301-317$ | $318-333$ | $334-349$ | $334-341$ | $342-349$ | $350-361$ | $362-377$ | $378-412$ |

## FSA Mathematics - Grade Level and EOCS Learning Gains Table

|  | Level 1 |  |  |  | Level 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Assessment | Level 1 | Low | Middle | High | Level 2 | Low | High | Level 3 | Level 4 |
| Level 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grade 3 | $240-284$ | $240-254$ | $255-269$ | $270-284$ | $285-296$ | $285-290$ | $291-296$ | $297-310$ | $311-326$ | $327-360$ |
| Grade 4 | $251-298$ | $251-266$ | $267-282$ | $283-298$ | $299-309$ | $299-304$ | $305-309$ | $310-324$ | $325-339$ | $340-376$ |
| Grade 5 | $256-305$ | $256-272$ | $273-289$ | $290-305$ | $306-319$ | $306-312$ | $313-319$ | $320-333$ | $334-349$ | $350-388$ |
| Grade 6 | $260-309$ | $260-276$ | $277-293$ | $294-309$ | $310-324$ | $310-317$ | $318-324$ | $325-338$ | $339-355$ | $356-390$ |
| Grade 7 | $269-315$ | $269-284$ | $285-300$ | $301-315$ | $316-329$ | $316-322$ | $323-329$ | $330-345$ | $346-359$ | $360-391$ |
| Grade 8 | $273-321$ | $273-289$ | $290-305$ | $306-321$ | $322-336$ | $322-329$ | $330-336$ | $337-352$ | $353-364$ | $365-393$ |

## End-of-Course Assessments

|  | Level 1 |  |  |  | Level 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Assessment | Level 1 | Low | Middle | High | Level 2 | Low | High | Level 3 | Level 4 |
| Level 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Algebra 1 | $425-486$ | $425-445$ | $446-466$ | $467-486$ | $487-496$ | $487-491$ | $492-496$ | $497-517$ | $518-531$ | $532-575$ |
| Geometry | $425-485$ | $425-445$ | $446-465$ | $466-485$ | $486-498$ | $486-492$ | $493-498$ | $499-520$ | $521-532$ | $533-575$ |

## FSAA English Language Arts Learning Gains Table

| Assessment | Level 1 |  |  |  | Level 2 |  |  | Level 3 |  |  | Level 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level 1 | Low | Middle | High | Level 2 | Low | High | Level 3 | Low | High |  |
| Grade 3 | 540-582 | 540-554 | 555-568 | 569-582 | 583-598 | 583-590 | 591-598 | 599-617 | 599-608 | 609-617 | 618-660 |
| Grade 4 | 540-581 | 540-553 | 554-567 | 568-581 | 582-596 | 582-589 | 590-596 | 597-617 | 597-607 | 608-617 | 618-660 |
| Grade 5 | 540-582 | 540-554 | 555-568 | 569-582 | 583-598 | 583-590 | 591-598 | 599-617 | 599-608 | 609-617 | 618-660 |
| Grade 6 | 540-582 | 540-554 | 555-568 | 569-582 | 583-598 | 583-590 | 591-598 | 599-617 | 599-608 | 609-617 | 618-660 |
| Grade 7 | 540-582 | 540-554 | 555-568 | 569-582 | 583-598 | 583-590 | 591-598 | 599-617 | 599-608 | 609-617 | 618-660 |
| Grade 8 | 540-581 | 540-553 | 554-567 | 568-581 | 582-597 | 582-589 | 590-597 | 598-613 | 598-605 | 606-613 | 614-660 |
| Grade 9 | 540-581 | 540-553 | 554-567 | 568-581 | 582-597 | 582-589 | 590-597 | 598-619 | 598-608 | 609-619 | 620-660 |
| Grade 10 | 540-583 | 540-554 | 555-569 | 570-583 | 584-597 | 584-590 | 591-597 | 598-616 | 598-607 | 608-616 | 617-660 |

## FSAA Mathematics - Grade Level and EOCs Learning Gains Table

| Assessment | Level 1 |  |  |  | Level 2 |  |  | Level 3 |  |  | Level 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level 1 | Low | Middle | High | Level 2 | Low | High | Level 3 | Low | High |  |
| Grade 3 | 540-585 | 540-555 | 556-570 | 571-585 | 586-599 | 586-592 | 593-599 | 600-616 | 600-608 | 609-616 | 617-660 |
| Grade 4 | 540-586 | 540-555 | 556-571 | 572-586 | 587-598 | 587-592 | 593-598 | 599-617 | 599-608 | 609-617 | 618-660 |
| Grade 5 | 540-585 | 540-555 | 556-570 | 571-585 | 586-599 | 586-592 | 593-599 | 600-616 | 600-608 | 609-616 | 617-660 |
| Grade 6 | 540-585 | 540-555 | 556-570 | 571-585 | 586-599 | 586-592 | 593-599 | 600-616 | 600-608 | 609-616 | 617-660 |
| Grade 7 | 540-586 | 540-555 | 556-571 | 572-586 | 587-599 | 587-593 | 594-599 | 600-616 | 600-608 | 609-616 | 617-660 |
| Grade 8 | 540-585 | 540-555 | 556-570 | 571-585 | 586-597 | 586-591 | 592-597 | 598-614 | 598-606 | 607-614 | 615-660 |
| Algebra 1 | 725-773 | 725-741 | 742-757 | 758-773 | 774-796 | 774-785 | 786-796 | 797-822 | 797-809 | 810-822 | 823-875 |
| Geometry | 725-776 | 725-742 | 743-759 | 760-776 | 777-798 | 777-787 | 788-798 | 799-826 | 799-812 | 813-826 | 827-875 |

## Learning Gains of the Lowest 25\%

- Calculated for both English Language Arts and Mathematics.
- Applies the same learning gains methodology to the lowest performing $25 \%$ of students.
- Determining the lowest performing $25 \%$ of students.
- Uses the performance of students in the prior year calculated at each grade level to identify the lowest performing $25 \%$ of students (EOCs not by grade level)
- Low 25\% is not limited to students in Achievement Levels 1 and 2.


## Middle School Acceleration

- The percentage of eligible students who passed one or more high school level statewide, standardized end-of-course (EOC) assessments or attained industry certifications identified in the industry certification funding list.
- Calculated for all schools that include grades 6,7 , and 8 or grades 7 and 8.
- Eligible students include full-year-enrolled students, who are current year grade 8 students who scored at or above Achievement Level 3 on the Mathematics statewide assessments in the prior year, or are full-year-enrolled students in grades 6, 7, or 8 that took high school level EOC assessments or industry certifications.
- Industry certification data is the most recent available and lags by one year.
- Students must be enrolled in the course to be included.
- A student is included in the calculation no more than once.


## Graduation Rate

- The most recent 4 year cohort graduation rate measured according to 34 § CFR 200.19.
- Calculated for all schools that include grades 9 to 12 , grades 10 to 12 , and grades 11 and 12.
- Also calculated for combination schools that include these grade levels.


## College and Career Acceleration

- Cohort-based calculation using the graduates from the graduation rate calculation as the denominator.
- The percentage of graduates who, while in high school,
- were eligible to earn college credit through AP, IB, or AICE examinations;
- earned a C- or better in dual enrollment; or
- earned a CAPE industry certification.


## Elementary School Grades Model

(A maximum of 7 components)

- The school grade is based on the percentage of total points earned, and schools are graded based only on the components for which they have sufficient data.

| English |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Language Arts |$\quad$ Mathematics | Achievement <br> (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement <br> (0\% to 100\%) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Learning Gains <br> (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement <br> (0\% to 100\%) |
| Learning Gains |  |
| (0\% to 100\%) |  |

## Middle School Grades Model

(A maximum of 9 components)

- The school grade is based on the percentage of total points earned, and schools are graded based only on the components for which they have sufficient data.

| English <br> Language Arts | Mathematics | Science | Social Studies <br> (Civics EOC) | Acceleration <br> Success |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Achievement <br> (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement <br> (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement <br> (0\%to 100\%) | Achievement <br> (0\% to 100\%) | Percentage of <br> students who <br> pass H.S. EOCs <br> and industry <br> certifications |
| Learning Gains <br> (0\% to 100\%) | Learning Gains <br> (0\% to 100\%) |  |  | (0\% to 100\%) |

## High School Grades Model <br> (A maximum of 10 components)

- The school grade is based on the percentage of total points earned, and schools are graded based only on the components for which they have sufficient data.

| English Language Arts | Mathematics (EOCs) | Science <br> (Biology EOC) | Social Studies (U.S. History EOC) | Graduation Rate | Acceleration Success |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Overall, 4-year Graduation Rate (0\% to 100\%) | Percent of graduates who are eligible to earn college credit through passing AP, IB, or AICE exams; passing dual enrollment courses; or earning an industry certification (0\% to 100\%) |
| Learning Gains (0\% to 100\%) | Learning Gains (0\% to 100\%) |  |  |  |  |
| Learning Gains of the Low $25 \%$ (0\% to 100\%) | Learning Gains of the Low $25 \%$ (0\% to 100\%) |  |  |  |  |

## Combination School Grades Model

(A maximum of 11 components)

- The school grade is based on the percentage of total points earned, and schools are graded based only on the components for which they have sufficient data.

| English <br> Language Arts | Mathematics | Science | Social Studies | Graduation Rate | Acceleration Success |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Overall, 4-year Graduation Rate (0\% to 100\%) | High School (AP, IB, AICE, dual enrollment or industry certification) (0\% to 100\%) |
| Learning Gains (0\% to 100\%) | Learning Gains (0\% to 100\%) |  |  |  |  |
| Learning Gains of the Low 25\% (0\% to 100\%) | Learning Gains of the Low 25\% (0\% to 100\%) |  |  |  | Middle School (EOCs or industry certifications) (0\% to 100\%) |

## School Grade Scale

- $A=62$ percent of total applicable points or higher
- $B=54$ to 61 percent of total applicable points
- C $=41$ to 53 percent of total applicable points
- $\mathrm{D}=32$ to 40 percent of total applicable points
- F = 31 percent of total applicable points or less


## Calculating the School Grade

- The school's grade is determined by:
- Summing the points earned for each component (each component is worth 100 points) and dividing by the number of components with sufficient data.
- The percentage resulting is the percentage of points the school earned from all applicable components.
- This percentage would be compared to the scale set by the State Board of Education to determine a school's grade.


## Examples for Calculating the School Grade

## Elementary School

| ELA | Math | Science | Social <br> Studies | Grad <br> Rate | Acceleration Success | Total <br> Points <br> Earned | Number of Components | Percent of Total Points | Grade |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 56\% | 64\% | 58\% |  |  |  | 178 | 3 | 59\% | B |

Middle School

| ELA | Math | Science | Social Studies | Grad <br> Rate | Acceleration Success | Total <br> Points <br> Earned | Number of Components | Percent of Total Points | Grade |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 58\% | 65\% | 62\% | 47\% |  | 61\% | 293 | 5 | 59\% | B |

High School

| ELA | Math | Science | Social Studies | Grad <br> Rate | Acceleration Success | Total <br> Points <br> Earned | Number of Components | Percent of Total Points | Grade |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 56\% | 67\% | 61\% | 46\% | 72\% | 54\% | 356 | 6 | 59\% | B |

## District Grades

- Districts receive grades based on all of the components in the school grades model.
- Students who were not full-year enrolled in a school but were full-year enrolled in the district will be included in the district grade in addition to students included in schools' grades.


## District School Grades Model

## (A maximum of 11 components)

- The district grade is based on the percentage of total points earned, and schools are graded based only on the components for which they have sufficient data.

| English <br> Language Arts | Mathematics | Science | Social Studies | Graduation Rate | Acceleration Success |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Achievement (0\% to 100\%) | Overall, 4-year Graduation Rate (0\% to 100\%) | High School (AP, IB, AICE, dual enrollment or industry certification) (0\% to 100\%) |
| Learning Gains (0\% to 100\%) | Learning Gains (0\% to 100\%) |  |  |  |  |
| Learning Gains of the Low 25\% (0\% to 100\%) | Learning Gains of the Low 25\% (0\% to 100\%) |  |  |  | Middle School (EOCs or industry certifications) (0\% to 100\%) |

## School Improvement Ratings

## School Improvement Ratings

- Alternative schools and exceptional student education (ESE) center schools choose whether to receive a school grade or a school improvement rating.
- If the school chooses to receive a rating, its students' performance information is used in both the school's rating and the students' home-zoned school's grade.
- The department provides the district a list of schools from which to verify the schools that are eligible to choose a rating.


## School Improvement Ratings

- The school improvement rating shall identify an alternative school or ESE center school as having one of the following ratings:
- Commendable: a significant percentage of the students attending the school are making learning gains
- Maintaining: a sufficient percentage of the students attending the school are making learning gains
- Unsatisfactory: an insufficient percentage of the students attending the school are making learning gains


## Percent Tested

- Schools must assess $80 \%$ of students to receive a rating.
- Schools that assess less than $90 \%$ of students are not eligible to receive a rating of Commendable.


## School Improvement Rating Components

- Components
- Learning Gains in English Language Arts (100 points)
- Learning Gains in Mathematics (100 points)
- Learning gains are calculated using the method described in the school grades rule.
- Eligible students include students enrolled in membership survey 2 or 3 and tested.
- Retake assessments are included when first-time assessments are not available for a student.


## Calculating the School Improvement Rating

- The rating of Commendable, Maintaining, or Unsatisfactory is based on the percentage of possible points earned by each school.
- Schools will be rated on only those components for which they have sufficient data.


## School Improvement Rating Scale

- Commendable $=50$ percent of total applicable points or higher
- Maintaining = 49 to 26 percent of total applicable points
- Unsatisfactory = 25 percent of total applicable points or lower


## School Improvement Rating:

 3-Year Aggregate- If a school does not have enough data for at least one component in the current year, the data for that school will be aggregated using the current year and the two most recent years.
- A school will get a rating if there is enough data for at least one component after aggregation.
- The same scale applies.


## ELA Learning Gains: Concordant Scores

- Students with a prior year achievement level of 1 or 2 , and do not make a gain in the current year on a state standardized test, their ELA concordant score, pursuant to Rule 6A-1.09422, F.A.C., in the current year will be considered.
- Students who earn the applicable ELA concordant score or higher will count as making a learning gain in the ELA learning gains component.
- Students will be added to tested and gain numerators and denominators.


## Mathematics Learning Gains: <br> Concordant Scores

- Students with a prior year achievement level of 1 or 2 , and do not make a gain in the current year on a state standardized test, their mathematics comparative score, pursuant to Rule 6A-1.09422, F.A.C., in the current year will be considered.
- Students who earn the applicable mathematics comparative score or higher will count as making a learning gain in the mathematics learning gains component.
- Students will be added to tested and gain numerators and denominators.


## Additional Information

## Data Accuracy

- District accountability contacts will continue to be responsible for verifying data to be used in school accountability calculations:
- Verifying school accountability type
- Verifying student enrollment data and other data needed for calculating the components and determining a student's eligibility for inclusion
- Verifying that test results are accurately matched to survey 3 membership records
- Reporting student eligibility changes


## Appeals Process

- Districts have 30 days after the preliminary calculation of school grades and school improvement ratings to appeal.
- If a school district determines that a different grade or rating should be assigned to a school because of the omission of data, a data miscalculation, or other special circumstances, the school's grade or rating may be appealed.


## Questions and Answers

Questions concerning School Accountability can be directed to the Bureau of Accountability Reporting at evalnrpt@fldoe.org or 850-245-0411.

